



# Journal of the House

State of Indiana

119th General Assembly

First Regular Session

Eleventh Day

Tuesday Afternoon

January 27, 2015

The invocation was offered by Pastor Joshua Brandt of The Gathering in Muncie, a guest of Representative Kevin A. Mahan.

The House convened at 1:30 p.m. with Speaker Brian C. Bosma in the Chair.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was led by Representative Kevin A. Mahan.

The Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called:

|            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| Arnold     | Klinker     |
| Austin     | Koch        |
| Aylesworth | Lawson      |
| Bacon      | Lehe        |
| Baird      | Lehman      |
| Bartlett   | Leonard     |
| Bauer      | Lucas       |
| Behning    | Macer       |
| Beumer     | Mahan       |
| Borders    | Mayfield    |
| Braun      | McMillin    |
| C. Brown   | McNamara    |
| T. Brown   | D. Miller   |
| Burton     | Moed        |
| Carbaugh   | Morris      |
| Cherry     | Morrison ☐  |
| Clere      | Moseley     |
| Cook       | Negele      |
| Cox        | Niezgodski  |
| Culver     | Nisly       |
| Davisson   | Ober        |
| DeLaney    | Olthoff     |
| Dermody    | Pelath      |
| DeVon      | Pierce      |
| Dvorak     | Porter      |
| Eberhart   | Price       |
| Errington  | Pryor       |
| Fine       | Rhoads      |
| Forestal   | Richardson  |
| Friend     | Riecken     |
| Frizzell   | Saunders    |
| Frye       | Schaibley   |
| GiaQuinta  | Shackelford |
| Goodin     | Slager      |
| Gutwein    | Smaltz      |
| Hale       | M. Smith    |
| Hamm       | V. Smith    |
| Harman     | Soliday     |
| Harris     | Speedy      |
| Heaton     | Stemler     |
| Huston     | Steuerwald  |
| Judy       | Sullivan    |
| Karickhoff | Summers     |
| Kersey     | Thompson    |
| Kirchhofer | Torr        |

Truitt  
Ubelhor  
VanNatter  
Washburne  
Wesco

Wolkins  
Wright  
Zent  
Ziemke  
Mr. Speaker

Roll Call 26: 99 present; 1 excused. The Speaker announced a quorum in attendance. [NOTE: ☐ indicates those who were excused.]

## HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that when we do adjourn, we adjourn until Thursday, January 29, 2015, at 10:30 a.m.

FRIEND

The motion was adopted by a constitutional majority.

## REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Statutory Committee on Ethics has had under consideration the House Code of Ethics and reports the same back to the House with the recommendation that the Code of Ethics (attached), as amended, do pass. The Committee further recommends that the Code of Ethics be incorporated into the Rules of the House of Representatives and that conforming amendments to House Rules 1 and 47 also be adopted.

STEUERWALD, Chair

## EXHIBIT A

### RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### ONE HUNDRED EIGHTEENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF INDIANA

#### PART I. DEFINITIONS

1. Definitions. As used in these rules:

“author” means the member who introduces a House bill or resolution and whose name appears first on the bill.

“bill” includes bills and joint resolutions but does not include concurrent or house resolutions.

“calendar day” means the period from 12:00 a.m. to the next occurring 11:59 p.m.

“chamber” means the room, including the galleries, in which the House holds its legislative sessions.

“clerk” means Principal Clerk.

“coauthor” means a member who joins with the author and whose name appears after the name of the author.

“committee meeting” means a majority of the members of a committee gathering to conduct business but does not include executive session of the Statutory Committee on Ethics.

“concurrent resolution” means a non-joint resolution that must be presented to both houses of the General Assembly for adoption.

“constitutional majority” means a majority of all the members elected to the House. (Constitution, Article 4, Section 25.)

“cosponsor” means a member who joins with the sponsor and whose name appears after the name of the sponsor.

**“direct personal or pecuniary interest” means that the disposition of the legislative matter could reasonably be expected to have a unique, direct, and substantial effect on the nonlegislative income of the member, a member’s close relative, as defined in IC 2-2.1-3-1, or a partnership, corporation, or business in which the member or a close relative holds an ownership interest.**

“floor” means the main floor of the chamber.

“galleries” means the areas within the chamber that have been provided for members of the public to observe the sessions of the House.

“hall” means the chamber together with all rooms and hallways adjacent to the chamber.

“house resolution” means a resolution that is not to be presented to the Senate for adoption.

“joint resolution” means a resolution that must meet the same requirements for adoption as a bill.

“journal” means the Journal of the House.

“majority” means a majority of the members present and voting.

“meeting day” means a calendar day when the House convenes in session.

“member” means an individual duly elected to the House.

“member’s desk” means the desk within the chamber assigned to a member or the chamber bin located adjacent to the chamber, assigned to a member.

“sponsor” means the member who sponsors in the House a bill or resolution which originated in the Senate and whose name appears first on the bill.

## PART II. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

2. Time of Convening. The House shall convene at the time provided by motion adopted by a constitutional majority.

2.1. Deadlines. Whenever a deadline date is specified in these rules, and that date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, that deadline date is extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

3. Quorum. Two-thirds of the members of the House constitute a quorum to do business. (Constitution, Article 4, Section 11.)

4. Power of Less Than a Quorum to Compel Attendance. Seven (7) members with the Speaker or Speaker Pro Tempore, or eight (8) members in the absence of the Speaker and Speaker Pro Tempore, one member of the majority of whom they shall elect acting Speaker, may call the House to order, compel the attendance of absent members, make an order for their fine and censure and adjourn from day to day until a quorum is in attendance.

5. Votes Necessary for Action.

5.1 For the final passage of bills, motions to concur with Senate amendments, or the adoption of conference committee reports, approval by a constitutional majority is required.

5.2 In all other cases, approval by a majority is required, except as provided in Rules 8, 24, 83, 107 and 149.

6. Organizational Meeting.

6.1 The first item of business, in the first regular session, shall be election of officers.

6.2 Other items of business for the organizational meeting shall include the adoption of rules and joint rules.

7. Effect of the Rules. These rules shall govern the House for the term of the General Assembly. (Constitution, Article 4, Section 10.)

8. Changing the Rules. Any rule may be rescinded, changed or suspended without previous notice, and a motion for such purpose is in order at any time, except after a vote on the question has been ordered. Such a motion has precedence over all other business. The motion must be seconded by a constitutional majority and must be carried by two-thirds vote of the members of the House, except as provided in Rules 147, 148, 161 and 163.2. However, the rescission, change or suspension of any rule recommended by the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures may be adopted by a constitutional majority of the House.

9. Parliamentary Authority. Concerning all questions not provided for by these rules, Jefferson’s Manual shall be regarded as a parliamentary guide of the House and the rules and precedents of the House of Representatives of the United States shall be followed.

10. Order of Business—Usual. The order of business shall be as follows:

10.1 Invocation.

10.2 Calling the House to order.

10.3 Pledge of Allegiance.

10.4 Roll call.

10.5 Reports from committees.

(a) Standing committees.

(b) Select committees.

(c) Conference committees.

10.6 Introduction of resolutions and bills.

10.7 Business on the Speaker’s table.

(a) Executive and other communications.

(b) Bills and resolutions from the Senate on first reading.

(1) Reference to committee; or

(2) Placed on file in order of receipt.

(c) Bills of the House and Senate on second reading.

(d) Bills of the House and Senate on third reading.

10.8 Reading of the Journal, or so much thereof as shall be called for, shall occur upon motion duly adopted by a majority.

11. Order of Business—Discretionary. Notwithstanding Rule 10, the following items of business may be considered at any time at the discretion of the Speaker:

11.1 Messages from the Senate.

11.2 Action on Senate amendments to House bills.

11.3 Action on reports of conference committees (subject to Rules 161 and 162).

12. Order of Business—Suspension. The order of business may be suspended with the consent of a majority.

13. Effect of Adjournment Sine Die. Every bill or resolution which is pending at the adjournment sine die of any session of the General Assembly shall be deemed to have failed and shall not be transferred to any subsequent session, special session or technical session.

14. Persons Authorized Within the Hall. Only the following persons may be admitted within the hall of the House without the consent of the Speaker:

14.1 members, officers, or employees of the General Assembly;

14.2 members of the executive or judicial branches;

14.3 accredited members of the news media;

14.4 employees of the Legislative Services Agency; or

14.5 members of the public seated in the galleries.

15. Persons Authorized on Speaker’s Stand. When he or she is there, no person shall enter upon the Speaker’s stand or stand upon the steps leading thereto without an invitation from the Speaker.

**PART III. OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND JOURNAL****A. SELECTION OF OFFICERS**

16. Officers. The officers of the House shall be:

- 16.1 Speaker.
- 16.2 Principal Clerk.

17. Term of Office. Each officer of the House shall continue in office for the term of the General Assembly unless removed, suspended or unable to serve.

18. Oath. The Speaker and Principal Clerk shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and the State of Indiana and to faithfully and impartially discharge their duties.

**B. POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER**

19. Call to Order. The Speaker shall call the House to order every meeting day at the hour fixed pursuant to Rule 2.

20. Direction of the Hall.

- 20.1 The Speaker shall have general direction of the hall.
- 20.2 The Speaker shall preserve order and decorum.
- 20.3 In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the hall, the Speaker may order it to be cleared.

21. Speaker Pro Tempore. The Speaker may appoint one of the members of the House as Speaker Pro Tempore, who shall hold office at the pleasure of the Speaker, and who shall exercise all the powers and carry out all the duties of the Speaker in the absence of the Speaker, and who shall carry out such other duties as may be assigned by the Speaker.

22. Acting Speakers. The Speaker, or the Speaker Pro Tempore if the Speaker is unable, may name any member to perform the duties of the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond one day.

23. Appointment of Committees. The Speaker shall appoint all committees and committee chairs. If the Speaker is unable to make appointments such appointments may be specifically directed by a constitutional majority.

24. Questions of Order.

24.1 The Speaker shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House by any two members. Such an appeal shall be in writing, signed by the members taking the appeal, and shall clearly state the point of order decided by the Chair. No member may speak more than once on an appeal, unless by consent of a majority of the House. No appeal from the decision of the Chair shall prevail except by a constitutional majority. The decisions of the Chair shall be inserted in the Journal.

24.2 The Speaker may speak to points of order in preference to other members, rising from his seat for that purpose.

25. Stating Motions. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the Speaker or being in writing, read aloud by the reading clerk.

26. Questions—Form and Vote. Questions shall be put substantially in this form: "The question is on \_\_\_\_\_ as many as are in favor vote 'aye,'" and after the affirmative vote is expressed, "as many as are opposed 'no.'" If the Speaker is uncertain of the result of a voice vote, he may order a roll call or, upon request of any two members, he shall grant a roll call.

27. Voting. The Speaker is not required to vote in ordinary legislative proceedings. But when the House is equally divided on a question, he shall give the deciding vote; when his vote would make an equal division, he shall vote upon the call of any member.

28. Signature. The Speaker shall sign all enrolled acts, enrolled joint resolutions, warrants, and subpoenas of or issued by order of the House.

**C. DUTIES OF OTHER OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES**

29. Clerk—List of Bills Filed. The Clerk shall, upon the request of the Speaker, prepare a list of the bills filed. The list shall contain the number, title and author of each bill and shall be delivered to the Speaker for committee referral of each bill.

30. Clerk—Receipt for Enrolled Acts. As custodian of the enrolled acts, the Clerk shall require a receipt upon surrendering possession of an enrolled act.

31. Clerk—Disposition of Bills after Session.

31.1 After each session, the Clerk shall transmit to the State Archives all original and engrossed House bills and resolutions. The State Archives will provide for the preservation of such bills and resolutions.

31.2 The Clerk shall retain the receipt books of the transmittal of enrolled acts and joint resolutions to the Governor and such bookkeeping records as are appropriate. At the end of the term of office, unless re-elected, the Clerk shall transmit to the Legislative Services Agency all such receipt books and bookkeeping records from each session during the term. The Legislative Services Agency shall provide for the preservation of such records and books for future use.

32. Clerk—Messages from the Senate. When messages, bills, and resolutions are received from the Senate they shall be delivered in written or electronic form to the Speaker.

33. Doorkeepers.

33.1 It is the duty of the Doorkeepers to attend to the House during its sessions, to maintain order in the hall, to execute all process issued by the authority of the House and directed to them by the Speaker and in all things to execute the commands of the Speaker of the House.

33.2 It is the duty of the Doorkeepers upon the authority of the Speaker to clear the hall of unauthorized persons from 30 minutes before the time for convening until 30 minutes after adjournment.

**D. HOUSE JOURNAL**

34. Requirement. A Journal of the proceedings of the House shall be kept and published. (Constitution, Article 4, Section 12.)

35. Contents.

35.1 The title of every bill introduced shall be recorded in the Journal.

35.2 All joint resolutions amending the Constitution of the State shall be published in full in the Journal.

35.3 All motions, resolutions, reports, petitions, decisions of the Chair, and amendments to bills or other matters shall appear of record in a manner approved by the Speaker.

**PART IV. RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF MEMBERS****A. GENERALLY**

36. Attendance. No member shall be absent from the service of the House unless excused by the Speaker, is sick or is unable to attend.

37. Presentation of Petitions and Memorials.

37.1 Members having petitions, memorials, concurrent or house resolutions to present may hand them to the Speaker, endorsing them with their names. Petitions, memorials, concurrent or house resolutions, and the reference or disposition of them, shall be entered on the Journal and may be referred by the Speaker to the appropriate committees. If any petition, memorial, concurrent or house resolution is presented which in the judgment of the Speaker is not respectful, temperate and free from offensive imputations upon the character or conduct of the General Assembly or other constituted authority, it

shall be returned to the member from whom it was received.

- 37.2 When a paper is first presented to the House, it is a matter of right of any member to have it read before the House votes upon it. If the paper has been once read or the reading dispensed with and the reading is again requested and objected to, it shall be determined by a vote of the House.

38. Protest. Any member of the House has the right to protest, and to have that protest, with the reasons for dissent, entered on the Journal. (Constitution, Article 4, Section 26.)

#### B. CONCERNING DEBATE

39. Decorum. While the Chair is putting any question or addressing the House, no member shall walk out of or across the House; when a member is speaking or delivering any matter to the House, no other member shall pass between that member and the Chair.

##### 40. Recognition to Speak.

40.1 Any member desiring to speak in debate or to deliver any matter to the House, shall rise and respectfully address "Mr. Speaker," but shall not proceed until recognized by the Speaker.

40.2 When two or more members rise at once, the Speaker shall name the member who is first to speak.

##### 41. Contents of Comments.

41.1 Comments shall be confined to the question under consideration, shall avoid personality, and shall not impeach the motive of any member's vote or argument.

41.2 Video coverage of the House shall not be altered or deleted during the term of the General Assembly unless agreed to in writing by the Speaker and Minority Leader.

42. Frequency of Speaking. No member may speak more than twice on the same question without the consent of the House, or more than once until every member choosing to speak has spoken.

##### 43. Breaches of Order.

43.1 If a member transgresses the rules of the House, the Speaker or any other member may call the offender to order, in which case the member called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain. The House shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, without debate, in accordance with Rule 24. If there is no appeal the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to. If the decision is in favor of the member called to order, he or she may proceed; if the decision is not in favor of that member, he or she may not proceed if any member objects, without leave of the House. If the case requires it, a member may be liable to the censure of the House.

43.2 If a member is called to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling him or her to order shall repeat the words excepted to, and they shall be taken down in writing at the rostrum.

43.3 No member shall be held to answer or be subject to the censure of the House for any words spoken in debate if any other member has spoken or other business had intervened after the words were spoken and before exception to them has been taken.

#### C. CONCERNING VOTING

44. Right to Have Vote Counted. When the question is stated by the Speaker and the vote is on a call of the yeas and nays, all members within the Chamber shall be counted.

44.1 Notwithstanding any rule or prior interpretation of these rules to the contrary, the Speaker shall, upon the request of any two (2) members prior to the call for a vote, regardless of the question under consideration, cause a permanent public written

record of any vote to be made. This record shall include the date, subject matter under consideration, total number of members voting, the identity by name of members and whether they voted in favor, against or were excused from voting. This record shall be recorded in the House Journal and shall be made available to the public and news media. Violations of this rule shall be considered a violation of the public trust.

45. Duty to Vote. Every member who is on the floor of the House when the question is put shall vote, unless excused by the House for special reasons.

45.1 A member must be physically present within the Chamber to vote.

46. Excuse from Voting. All motions to excuse a member from voting shall be made before the call of the tally of the vote is made. No call of the yeas and nays shall be entertained on a motion to excuse a member from voting. All requests to be excused from voting shall be reduced to writing, including the reasons for the request, and entered upon the Journal. A member who is aware they will be making a request to be excused from voting on a matter shall not engage in floor debate except on the issue of the request. The Speaker shall recognize all requests to be excused from the rostrum before the vote.

47. Conflict of Interest. Any member who is **immediately and particularly interested has a direct personal or pecuniary interest** in the result on any question shall ask to be excused and shall not vote on that question, **except on budget or general revenue bills as permitted by Rule 169**. Any member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief statement of the reasons for making such request, and the question then shall be taken without further debate.

48. Refusal to Vote. The refusal to vote by a member who is present and has not been excused from voting is a high breach of decorum and subjects the person so offending to a fine, censure or such other penalty as the House may order.

##### 49. Absent Members.

49.1 A member who is absent from the House without excuse may, by order of the members present, be sent for and taken into custody wherever found by the Doorkeeper or other person appointed for that purpose.

49.2 When a member is discharged from custody and admitted to the House, the remaining members shall determine whether a fine, censure or other penalty should be imposed. The House shall determine whether a delinquent member, taken into custody, shall pay the expenses incurred.

##### 50. Voting for Another.

50.1 No member shall vote for another member. In addition to such penalties as may be prescribed by law, any member who votes or attempts to vote for another member may be punished in such manner as the House may determine.

50.2 No person not a member may cast a vote for a member. If a person not a member votes or attempts to vote for a member, that person shall be barred from the floor of the House for the remainder of the session and may be further punished in such manner as the House deems proper.

51. Voting After the Machine is Closed. Except as provided in Rule 75, no member may vote or change a vote after the Speaker announces that the machine is closed for the recording of the vote.

#### PART V. STANDING COMMITTEES AND SUBCOMMITTEES

52. Standing Committees. The following shall be the standing committees:

Agriculture and Rural Development  
 Commerce, Small Business and Economic Development  
 Courts and Criminal Code  
 Education  
 Elections and Apportionment  
 Employment, Labor and Pensions  
 Environmental Affairs  
 Family, Children and Human Affairs  
 Financial Institutions  
 Government and Regulatory Reform  
 Insurance  
 Judiciary  
 Local Government  
 Natural Resources  
 Public Health  
 Public Policy  
 Roads and Transportation  
 Rules and Legislative Procedures  
 Select Committee on Government Reduction  
 Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications  
 Veterans Affairs and Public Safety  
 Ways and Means

### 53. Membership.

53.1 Except as otherwise provided, all standing committees shall consist of not less than three nor more than fifteen members, except at the discretion of the Speaker of the House.

53.2 The Committee on Ways and Means shall include at least one member from each congressional district and two members of the Budget Committee.

53.3 The Committee on Elections and Apportionment shall be composed of at least one member from each congressional district.

54. Proportional Representation. Insofar as feasible and practical, the membership of the standing committees shall be made proportionate to representation of parties in the House.

55. Appointment and Term. The standing committees shall be appointed by the Speaker not later than ten (10) days after the election of officers, and shall be recorded in the Journal. The members of the standing committees shall serve for the term of the General Assembly unless removed, suspended or unable to serve.

56. Duties. It is the duty of the several standing committees to examine into and report upon all matters that may be referred to them, either by bill or otherwise. The committee to which a simple or concurrent resolution shall have been assigned may report thereon only without amendment.

56.1 Officers of the Committee. Each committee shall have a chair and vice chair appointed by the Speaker and a ranking minority member appointed by the minority floor leader.

56.2 Duties of the Chair. The chair, or in absence of the chair, the designee of the chair shall preside over committee meetings and be responsible for the decorum and conduct of the meetings.

56.3 Duties of the Members of the Committee. A majority of committee members must be physically present when establishing a quorum and when voting.

57. Time of Meeting. No committee may sit while the House is in session without the consent of the Speaker.

58. Right of Authors and Sponsors. Any member of the House, having any petitions, memorials, remonstrance, resolution, bill or other matter of which he is the author, coauthor, sponsor or cosponsor, may meet with and act as a member of the committee during the time the committee has such subject under consideration. He may participate in debate, but he may not make or second motions or vote unless he is a regular member of the committee.

### 59. Notice of Meetings.

59.1 Every member of the House shall be given written or

electronic notice of all committee meetings at the choice of each member. Each member shall notify the Principal Clerk regarding the member's preference. The notice shall also be posted and made available to the public. The notice shall include the date, time and place of the meeting and the number, subject matter and author of each bill or resolution to be considered together with such information concerning the subject matter as the committee chair shall determine.

59.2 When the House is out of session more than three (3) calendar days, the notice required to be given to members may be given electronically and by depositing a copy of the notice in the United States mail at least five (5) days before the meeting.

60. Announcement of Meetings. The chair of each committee shall have all committee and subcommittee meetings announced from the floor of the House. At such time the number and subject matter of each bill to be considered at the meeting shall be announced. With the exception of hearings on the budget bills, such announcements shall be made for all committee meetings prior to adjournment on the meeting day next preceding the meeting; however, when the House is out of session three (3) or more calendar days, such meetings need not be announced from the floor of the House.

61. Open Meetings. All standing committee and subcommittee meetings shall be open to the public, and citizens shall have the right to be heard. To the extent feasible, meetings will be held at times and places convenient to the public.

62. Quorum. For a committee to establish a quorum, a majority of members appointed to the committee must be physically present in person. No vote may be taken or recorded without a quorum; however, a committee may take testimony without a quorum.

63. Voting for Another. No member of a committee may vote for another member, nor may any person not a member of the committee cast a vote for a member.

63.5. Proxy Voting. No proxy votes are ever in order.

64. No Secret Ballot. Voting by secret ballot is prohibited.

65. Record of Voting. When a final vote is taken on any bill or resolution under consideration by a committee or subcommittee the vote of each member shall be recorded and retained as part of the record of the meeting. Records of such votes shall be made available for examination.

66. Change of Vote. No recorded vote of a member on any bill or resolution may be changed except upon adoption of a motion to do so during a committee session at which there is a quorum.

67. Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures—Duties. If in checking printed bills and the daily Journal, the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures ascertains any error, including spelling or technical errors, the error shall be corrected under its direction. A record of such errors and the corrections shall be entered in the Journal.

68. Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures—Meetings. It is in order for the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures to meet any time, and to report at any time when no question is before the House.

## PART VI. VOTING PROCEDURE

69. Voting Machine. The voting machine may be used in voting on any question.

70. When Voting Machine Not Operating. In the event the voting machine is not operating, the names of the members shall be called alphabetically, the name of the Speaker being called last. After the roll has been gone through, the reading clerk shall first read over the names of those who have answered in the affirmative, and then the names of those who have answered in

the negative, in order that, if any mistake has been made in noting the answer, or if any member has made a mistake in giving an answer, the mistake of either may be corrected.

71. During the Vote. After a vote on the question has been ordered, no debate and no motion, including a motion to adjourn, or a point of personal privilege, shall be in order until the vote is completed.

72. Bringing the Question to a Vote.

72.1 When the House is ready to vote upon any question requiring a roll call, the Speaker shall announce: "The question is on the passage (designating the matter to be voted upon). All in favor of such question shall vote 'aye;' all opposed shall vote 'no.' The House will now proceed to vote."

72.2 When sufficient time has been allowed the members to vote, the Speaker shall announce: "Have all members voted?" and after a short pause the vote shall be tallied.

73. Explanation of Vote. The ordering of the previous question shall not prevent a member from explaining his or her vote after the vote is recorded; but no member, under this rule, shall be permitted more than one minute for that purpose.

74. Announcing the Vote. When the vote is tallied, the Speaker shall announce the result and the vote tally shall be recorded in the Journal.

75. Change of Voting Records. The roll call as recorded on the recording equipment shall not be altered or changed in any manner, by any person, except by a constitutional majority upon written petition setting forth the reasons for the change of the recorded vote. The petition and the action thereon shall be entered in the Journal.

76. Voting Records. At the same time the vote is recorded by the recording equipment, an original and not less than three duplicate roll call sheets shall be made showing the vote. One of the duplicates shall be for the use of the news media and one shall be furnished to the Legislative Services Agency.

## PART VII. MOTIONS

77. Absence of Quorum. When less than a quorum is present no motion may be entertained, except to adjourn or compel the attendance of members.

78. Form. Every motion, except a motion for the previous question, or calling or excusing absentees, shall be in writing or reduced to writing immediately after introduction.

79. Second. When a motion is made it must be seconded before it may be debated after which it is in possession of the House; but, it may be withdrawn at any time before a decision or amendment.

80. Germane. No motion or proposition on a subject not germane to that under consideration shall be admitted under color of an amendment.

81. Division of a Question. Any member may call for the division of a question before or after the main question is ordered. The question shall be divided, if it contains propositions in substance so distinct that if one were taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the House. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible, but a motion to strike out being lost shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

82. Fix a Time of the Next Meeting. A motion to fix a time to which the House shall adjourn is in order at any time, except as provided in Rule 71, and is debatable unless made while another question is pending, in which case it is undebatable.

83. Suspend Rule Requiring Reading on Three Separate Meeting Days. A motion to suspend the constitutional rule requiring a bill to be read on three separate meeting days must be carried by two-thirds vote of the members of the House.

(Constitution, Article 4, Section 18.)

84. Recommit. After a bill has been reported to the House, it may be recommitted to the same or another committee with or without recommendation by a majority vote and shall be recommitted by the Speaker to the Committee on Ways and Means in accordance with Rule 127.

85. Call Back to the House from Committee. A bill may not be called back to the House from committee.

86. Precedence of Motions When Question Under Debate. When a question is under debate, only the following motions may be received:

1. to adjourn,
2. to lay on the table,
3. for the previous question,
4. to postpone to a day certain,
5. to postpone indefinitely,
6. to commit or recommit, or
7. to amend.

These motions have precedence in the order that they are listed.

87. Adjourn. A motion to adjourn shall be decided without debate and is always in order, except as provided in Rule 71 or while another member is speaking.

88. Table. A motion to lay on the table is undebatable and is always in order, except as provided in Rule 71 or while another member is speaking.

89. Previous Question.

89.1 On the previous question there shall be no debate.

89.2 All incidental questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

90. Postpone to a Day Certain or Commit. A motion to postpone to a meeting day certain or to commit, being decided, shall not again be allowed on the same day, at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

91. Precedence of Certain Motions. Motions to postpone to a meeting day certain, to commit or amend may be amended and have precedence in the order named in Rule 86.

92. Effect of Indefinite Postponement or Tabling. When a question is postponed indefinitely, or when a motion to reconsider has been laid upon the table, neither such question nor any bill, resolution, conference committee report or amendment on the same subject matter shall be considered again during the session. However, the indefinite postponement of or tabling of a motion to reconsider action on a House bill shall not prevent later consideration of or action upon a Senate bill on the same subject matter.

93. Reconsider—Tie Vote. In all cases of equal division the question is not lost and may be reconsidered upon motion by any member.

94. Reconsider.

94.1 When a question has been decided either in the affirmative or negative, except as provided in Rules 92 and 154, it is in order for any member having voted with the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof, on the same or the succeeding meeting day. The motion takes precedence over all other questions, except a motion to adjourn, and may not be withdrawn after that succeeding day without the consent of a majority.

94.2 When a motion is pending for the reconsideration of any question, any member of the House may call up the motion for the action of the House when it has been pending for twenty-four (24) hours. All such motions shall take precedence over all questions except a conference committee report or motion to adjourn; however, if such motion is made after April 14 of the first regular session or after March 7 of the

second regular session, it shall be disposed of when made.

## PART VIII. LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURE

### A. FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

95. Digest. A brief digest stating the nature of the proposed bill shall be attached to each copy of the bill when filed for introduction.

96. Title. Every bill shall contain a title that expresses in concise terms the subject matter of the bill, in sufficient detail to acquaint the members of the House with the general subject matter under consideration.

97. Identification of Law to be Amended. Every amendatory bill shall identify the original act or code as last amended, and the sections amended shall be set forth and published at full length. The identification required by this rule shall be made by citation reference.

98. Emphasize Amendments.

98.1 When a bill proposes to amend the Constitution, or any statute or section thereof, the author shall indicate the new matter by use of bold face type; if any matter has been deleted, the deleted material shall be set out in cancelled type.

98.2 Capitalization, organization or punctuation changes made solely for the purpose of uniform style need not be indicated.

99. Form. Every bill or resolution of the House shall be written on full sheets of paper. All bills and resolutions shall be typewritten or printed, having no handwritten interlining or defacements of any kind.

100. Original and Copies.

100.1 There shall be one original of each bill prepared for filing, together with such copies as the Speaker shall from time to time determine. The Clerk shall distribute the copies to such persons as the Speaker shall designate with a view towards improving the legislative process and encouraging public awareness of and participation in matters pending before the House. Such distribution shall be made upon release of a bill for committee consideration or upon the date of first reading, whichever is earlier.

100.2 This rule does not apply to bills filed in the name of the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures.

101. Authorized Copies. The printing and other contractors shall work under the direction of the Speaker and no bill in the possession of the House shall be printed for any member or other person without the express approval of the Speaker.

102. Release of Information Concerning Printing and Computing.

102.1 Neither the printing nor other contractors, nor any subcontractor shall release information concerning bills, their progress or the work thereon to any person not authorized by the Speaker to receive such information.

102.2 A procedure shall be developed under the direction of the Speaker for informing authors or sponsors about printing of their bills.

### B. FILING, INTRODUCTION, FIRST READING, COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENT

103. Time to File. On or after the first meeting day of a regular or special session, any member may file a bill with the Clerk for introduction. Filing shall not be later than 2:00 p.m. the day prior to introduction and first reading.

104. Preconditions for Filing. No member may file a bill for introduction, except the budget bills, unless:

104.1 it has previously been submitted to the Legislative Services Agency for the purpose of checking as to

form; and

104.2 the subject matter is clearly set forth both in the title and the body of the bill.

105. Names of Author and Coauthors.

105.1 Every bill filed shall include the name or names of the member or members offering it and shall be delivered in person or by certified mail to the Clerk's office. There may be no more than three (3) coauthors or cosponsors of a bill.

105.2 This rule does not apply to bills filed for the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures under Rule 106. The Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures shall be considered the author of such bills at the time of filing.

106. Vehicle Bills.

106.1 On the fifth meeting day in January, twenty-five (25) bills shall be filed in the name of the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures. Rule 104 and the time limits of Rule 112 do not apply to such bills.

106.2 Any amendment to a vehicle bill shall be filed by the author of the vehicle bill with the Clerk at least twenty-four (24) hours before the amendment is presented in a committee meeting and distributed in the same manner as amendments are distributed under Rule 117.1.

107. Deadline for Filing.

107.1 During the first regular session of any term of the General Assembly, no bill may be filed for introduction later than 2:00 p.m. on the fourth meeting day in January without the consent of a two-thirds majority of the members elected.

107.2 During the second regular session of any term of the General Assembly, no bill may be filed for introduction later than 2:00 p.m. on the fourth meeting day in January without consent of a two-thirds majority.

107.3 This rule does not apply to bills filed in the name of the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures under Rule 106.

108. Bill Limit.

108.1 During the first regular session, each member shall be permitted to file for introduction no more than ten (10) bills.

108.2 During the second regular session, each member shall be permitted to file for introduction no more than five (5) bills.

108.3 This rule does not apply to bills filed in the name of the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures under Rule 106.

109. Numbering. The Clerk shall date and number each bill consecutively in the order received, commencing with the number 1001, and joint resolutions consecutively, commencing with the number 1. The number a bill takes when introduced by a member is only for convenience in filing and for reference; it is no part of the bill or act itself.

110. Withdrawal. Any bill may be withdrawn prior to first reading by the author upon written request to the Clerk and the records shall show such bill as having been withdrawn.

110.1 Any house resolution or house concurrent resolution may be withdrawn by the author upon written request to the Clerk and the records shall show such house resolution or house concurrent resolution as having been withdrawn.

111. Effect of Loss of Author. A bill filed by a member whose office becomes vacant before the bill is first read shall be introduced and read a first time in the name of the first named coauthor. If there is no coauthor, the records shall show that the bill was withdrawn before first reading.

112. Referral to Committee. The Speaker shall refer each

bill to a committee within ten (10) calendar days after filing unless committees have not been appointed, in which case they shall be referred within ten (10) calendar days after the appointment of the committees. The Speaker shall cause the committee referral to be indicated on the list of bills filed, and cause the list to be distributed to the members.

113. Bill List. Bills and resolutions filed on the first meeting day or during recess after the first meeting day may be assigned and released by the Speaker to a standing committee for consideration and will be introduced the first or a subsequent day on which the House is convened.

114. Claims Against the State. All claims against the State which must be first presented in the House shall be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means before being referred to any other committee.

115. Introduction and First Reading. The reading of each bill by number, title and author and committee reference shall be the introduction and first reading. The first reading of a bill is for information.

116. Rejection or Assignment to Committee. If a member objects to a bill on first reading the question shall be: "Shall the bill be rejected?" If the question to reject is defeated, the bill shall be referred to a committee.

### C. AMENDMENTS

#### 117. Filing.

117.1 Copies. There shall be made one copy on the House computer network in a format specified by the Speaker and one original and that number of additional paper copies specified of all amendments and committee reports. The copies shall be distributed to those persons as the Speaker shall designate with a view towards improving the legislative process and encouraging public awareness of and participation in matters pending before the House.

117.2 Floor Amendments to Bills. No amendment may be offered to a bill on second reading unless such amendment shall have been reduced to writing, saved in a computer format specified by the Speaker, filed with the Clerk and time-stamped at least two (2) hours prior to the convening of the session on the day on which the bill is called for second reading. A paper copy of each timely filed amendment shall be distributed to all members as soon as practicable and made available on the House computer network as soon as practicable.

118. Substituting Another Bill. No bill may be amended by annexing to it or incorporating with it any other bill pending before the House.

#### 119. Substituting Different Subject Matter—House Bill.

119.1 No amendment proposed to a House bill substituting therein a different subject matter may be accepted, unless accompanied by the written consent of its author and coauthors.

119.2 The House shall reject all House bills that have been amended in the Senate by substituting therein the contents of a different bill or a different subject matter without having first received the written consent of its author and coauthors.

120. Substituting Different Subject Matter—Senate Bill. No House amendment proposed to a Senate bill substituting therein the contents of a different bill or a different subject matter may be accepted unless it is accompanied by the written consent of the author, coauthors, sponsor and cosponsors.

121. Effect of Tabling. If a motion to lay proposed amendments on the table prevails, it shall not affect the general subject to which the amendments are offered.

122. Appended to Bill. The text of all committee and floor

amendments to a bill shall be appended to each printing of that bill, unless otherwise ordered by the House.

### D. COMMITTEE MEETINGS, CONSIDERATIONS, REPORTS

123. Record of Committee Vote. The vote of the committee shall be placed on the bill.

124. Approval of Digest. When a bill is reported out of committee, it shall be submitted to the Legislative Services Agency for approval or revision of the digest, as appropriate.

125. Committee Reports. A committee to which a bill has been referred may report thereon with or without amendments.

126. Effect of Motion to Postpone or Table. If a majority of the committee members present at a committee meeting vote to table or to postpone a bill indefinitely, the decision of the committee shall not be reported to the House.

127. House Action on Committee Reports. The report, with amendments, if any, shall be acted upon by the House upon its submission. Any bill with an annual fiscal impact to the State in excess of \$50,000 may be referred by the Speaker to and reported by the Committee on Ways and Means before it is eligible for second reading. Any bill which adds an additional or enhanced criminal penalty may be referred by the Speaker to and reported by the Committee on Courts and Criminal Code before it is eligible for second reading.

128. Minority Reports. Any member of a committee reporting who voted against adoption of the committee report may submit a separate report which shall be filed with the committee report and shall be a minority report. In the event a minority report is submitted, the report adopted by the recorded vote of a majority of the committee members present at a duly constituted meeting of the committee shall be the majority report. A minority report duly filed with the Clerk for action by the House shall be voted upon before the majority report and, upon adoption, becomes the committee report. If the minority report is rejected, the House shall then act upon the majority report.

129. First Printing—Form. Every bill reported favorably by a committee, and other bills as directed by the House, shall be printed for the first time in bill form with the pages and lines numbered.

130. First Printing—Laid on Desks. After a bill is printed for the first time it shall be laid upon the desks of the members and shall be made available on the House computer network as soon as practicable.

#### 131. Emphasize Amendments.

131.1 Whenever a bill proposing to amend the Constitution or any statute is printed, the text of the bill shall reflect each proposed change from the text of the Constitution or statute. This shall be accomplished by the use of bold face type to indicate the addition of new material and cancelled type to indicate the deletion of existing material.

131.2 Capitalization or punctuation changes made solely for the purpose of uniform style need not be indicated.

132. Type Face. No special type faces shall be used in the printed bill to indicate the occurrence of committee or floor amendments; instead, except as provided in Rule 131 the printing shall set forth the clean text of the bill as it appears after the committee and floor amendments have been implemented.

### E. SECOND READING

141. Calendar of Bills. The Speaker shall, insofar as is practical, make up a daily calendar of all bills and resolutions which are due to be handed down for action either on second or third reading on the next meeting day. The calendar shall be laid upon the desks of the members as soon as practicable after adjournment, promptly posted in the hall, and made available on



the House computer network.

142. Eligibility. A bill is eligible for its second reading on the second calendar day following distribution to the members.

143. Calling Down on Second Reading. When the time for second readings arrives, each member who is an author or sponsor of a bill shall be entitled to call down a bill for consideration by the House if the bill has been calendared by the Speaker for that day. A coauthor or cosponsor may call down a bill with the written consent of the author or sponsor. When the bill is called, the Speaker shall hand down the bill to be read and then state that the bill is ready for amendment, recommitment or engrossment.

143.1 If a bill is eligible for second reading and no amendments to the bill have been filed pursuant to Rule 117.2, the Speaker may, upon the request of the author and with consent of the members, immediately move the bill to engrossment.

144. Engrossment—Reprinting. All bills ordered to be engrossed shall be executed in typewritten or printed form and made available on the House computer network. Whenever a bill is amended on second reading, it shall be reprinted, unless at the discretion of the Speaker or by motion adopted, it is otherwise ordered. If the bill is reprinted, the reprinted bill shall be used for the engrossed bill, and if the bill is not reprinted the amendments shall be engrossed to the bill.

145. Engrossment—Supervision. Bills when ordered to engrossment shall be engrossed under the direction of the Speaker and the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures. It is the duty of the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures to carefully compare the engrossed bills with the original bills and ascertain whether they have in all respects been accurately and correctly engrossed; if that committee ascertains any mistake, it shall be corrected under the committee's direction.

#### F. THIRD READING

146. Eligibility.

146.1 No bill shall be considered on third reading on the same meeting day that it passed to engrossment except on motion adopted pursuant to Rule 83.

146.2 The Speaker shall make a daily calendar of bills eligible for third reading.

146.3 When the time for third reading arrives, each member who is an author or sponsor of a bill shall be entitled to call down a bill for consideration by the House. A coauthor or cosponsor may call down a bill with the written consent of the author or sponsor. When the bill is called, the Speaker shall hand down the bill, state that it is on its passage and allow the author or sponsor to begin the debate.

147. Deadline for House Bills.

147.1 During the first regular session, no House bill shall be eligible for consideration on third reading after February 25.

147.2 During the second regular session, no House bill shall be eligible for consideration on third reading after February 3.

147.3 Upon recommendation of the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures, this rule may be suspended as to a specific bill by the approval of a constitutional majority.

148. Deadline for Senate Bills.

148.1 During the first regular session, no Senate bill shall be eligible for consideration on third reading after April 15.

148.2 During the second regular session, no Senate bill shall be eligible for consideration on third reading after March 3.

148.3 Upon recommendation of the Committee on Rules

and Legislative Procedures, this rule may be suspended as to a specific bill by the approval of a constitutional majority.

148.4 No Senate bill or joint resolution amending the Constitution shall be received by the House after February 26 in the first session or February 4 in the second session.

148.5 The limitations set forth in this rule shall not apply to bills concerning reapportionment or redistricting only.

149. Amendments. After a bill has been engrossed and ordered to third reading, it may not be amended except by unanimous consent. Thereafter upon motion of the author or sponsor, it may be recommitted to a committee of one with special instructions to amend by a two-thirds vote. In case any bill is amended after engrossment, the question may again be put on the engrossment of the bill.

149.1. No bill shall be eligible for third reading that specifically exempts the House, its members, staff and employees from laws applicable to the public at large.

150. Right to Close. The author or sponsor of a bill has a right to fifteen (15) minutes of time to close the debate upon it when it has reached its third reading. The right secured by this rule shall not be impaired, even after a demand for the previous question.

151. Final Passage—Majority but Not a Constitutional Majority. When a bill on its final passage receives a majority of the votes cast, but not a constitutional majority, the bill shall not be considered lost. When the third reading of the bill is in order any member who voted with the majority or who did not vote at all may, by motion adopted by a majority vote, reconsider the bill; and the House shall take another vote thereon. Any number of votes may be taken in such cases by the House.

152. Final Passage—Tie Vote. When a bill on its final passage receives the same number of votes cast against it as for it, the bill shall not be considered lost; it may, when the third reading of bills is in order, be reconsidered upon the motion of any member.

153. Final Passage—More (But Less Than 51) Votes Against Than For. When a bill on its final passage receives more votes against than for it, but less than a constitutional majority, it may be considered under the provisions of Rule 94.

154. Final Passage—51 or More Votes Against.

154.1 Whenever a bill on its passage receives fifty-one (51) votes or more against its passage, the bill, as well as the subject matter of the bill, is decisively defeated, and neither the question nor any bill, conference committee report, or amendment on the same subject matter may be considered again during the session. However, the decisive defeat of a House bill does not prevent later consideration of or action upon a Senate bill on the same subject matter.

154.2 This rule does not apply to budget bills or state revenue raising measures.

155. Record of Vote on Final Passage. The vote on final passage shall be placed on the bill and entered in the House computer network.

#### G. CONCURRENCES, DISSENTS AND CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

156. Motions.

156.1 Motions to concur or dissent may be filed by the author, or by the first coauthor with written consent of the author. Such motions shall be prepared by the House attorney's offices, filed with the Principal Clerk, reproduced and distributed to the Representatives.

156.2 A motion to concur shall not be acted upon until

such motion has been filed with the Principal Clerk and distributed to the Representatives at least two (2) hours before action is taken thereon.

- 156.3 A motion to dissent is eligible for a vote by the members of the House immediately after being filed with the Principal Clerk.
- 156.4 Motions to concur in Senate amendments shall be rejected unless approved by a constitutional majority of the members elected and such majority shall be established by a roll call vote.
157. Establishing Conference Committees.
- 157.1 If a motion is filed to dissent in Senate amendments to a House bill, the author may request that the Speaker appoint a conference committee, and if the Senate dissents in House amendments to a Senate bill, the President Pro Tempore may request by the appointment of Senate conferees that the Speaker appoint a conference committee.
- 157.2 The House conference committee consists of two Representatives appointed by the Speaker, with the first listed Representative being the chair. Advisors may be appointed at any time by the Speaker.
- 157.3 House conferees may be appointed or removed at any time by the Speaker, and the changes shall be posted on the House bulletin board located outside the hall and announced by the Speaker from the rostrum. The office of the House majority attorney and the House minority attorney shall be advised of conferee changes at the time of posting to the bulletin board.
158. Meetings.
- 158.1 Each conference committee on House bills shall be open to the public, shall be held in the State House and shall convene only after at least two hours public notice. The notice shall include:
- the bill number and subject matter of the bill or bills to be considered;
  - the time, day, date, and place of meeting;
  - the members of the conference committee; and
  - the chair of the conference committee.
- 158.2 It is the responsibility of the chair of the conference committee to advise the office of the Principal Clerk and the office of the Majority Caucus Chair of the holding of a conference committee meeting and to provide those offices with the information set forth in paragraph 158.1.
- 158.3 Notice of conference committee meetings including all information set forth in paragraph 158.1 shall be posted prominently on the House bulletin board located outside the hall for no less than two hours before the meeting.
159. Filing of Reports. No conference committee report shall be referred to the House until it has been signed by the four appointed conferees and approved as to form by the House majority attorney and filed with the Principal Clerk. The House minority attorney shall promptly receive a copy of the conference committee report after it has been approved by the House majority attorney.
160. Amended Digest. When a conference committee report is filed, an amended digest indicating the changes made shall also be filed.
161. Deadline.
- 161.1 In the first regular session, no conference committee report is eligible for consideration after April 15.
- 161.2 In the second regular session, no conference committee report is eligible for consideration after March 3.
- 161.3 Upon recommendation of the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures, this rule may be suspended as to a specific bill by the approval of a

constitutional majority.

162. Placed on Members' Desks. All reports of conference committees for adjustment of differences between the House and Senate together with a digest of the bill shall be filed with the Principal Clerk, reproduced, placed on each member's desk, and made available on the House computer network as soon as practicable.

163. Time on Members' Desks.

163.1 During the first regular session, conference committee reports shall be laid over for twenty-four (24) hours after filing.

163.2 During the first regular session, the budget bill shall be laid over for twenty-four (24) hours after filing. This rule may not be suspended without a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members of the House.

163.3 During the second regular session, such reports shall be laid over for twenty-four (24) hours after filing.

163.4 Such reports shall then be placed before the House for action.

#### H. ENROLLMENT

164. Copy Furnished to Author. A copy of each enrolled act shall be furnished to the author of the act at the time he signs it to certify its accuracy.

#### PART IX. LEGISLATIVE CODE OF ETHICS

**165. The House of Representatives finds that high moral and ethical standards among members of the House of Representatives are essential to assure the trust, respect, and confidence of all Hoosiers in the Indiana General Assembly. The House of Representatives believes that a code of ethics for the guidance of members will help them avoid conflicts of interest between their personal interests and livelihood and their public responsibilities.**

**The House of Representatives recognizes that service in the Indiana General Assembly is a part-time endeavor, that members are individuals who are active in the affairs of their communities, and that it is necessary and proper that they maintain a livelihood and sources of income apart from their legislative compensation. In recognition of a member's responsibilities to family, occupation and the citizens of this great state, and in response to IC 2-2.1-3-6, the House of Representatives adopts the following code of ethics.**

**166. Every candidate for election to the House of Representatives shall campaign and, if elected, shall serve with a personal commitment to integrity and dedicated public service focused on the best interest of the citizens of the state.**

**167. Every candidate for election to the House of Representatives shall accurately disclose his or her occupational, business, professional, and other financial interests as required by applicable law.**

**168. Every member of the House of Representatives shall, to the best of his or her ability, be fully objective when considering a proposition upon which he or she must act, keeping the welfare and best interests of the citizens of the state in mind at all times. Every member shall, to the best of his or her ability, conduct official duties in a manner that avoids the appearance of impropriety and bolsters public trust.**

**169. A member who knowingly has a direct personal or pecuniary interest in a legislative matter is precluded from authoring, sponsoring, or voting on the matter and should avoid public or private advocacy in furtherance of their own self-interest. The preclusion on voting shall not apply to budget or general revenue bills, but in such event, the member shall publicly disclose their interest. Nothing contained in this rule precludes a member from sharing their knowledge and expertise in a manner which does not**

advocate a particular outcome in a legislative matter.

Any member not voting under this rule shall be considered present for the purpose of determining a quorum. If a significant number of members are so affected, the House of Representatives or a committee thereof, as the case may be, may, by a vote of two-thirds of those voting, permit such members to vote.

170. Any member traveling to a legislative conference or meeting at state expense shall attend a substantial number of meetings and official functions.

171. No member shall host an event which seeks to raise campaign contributions for the election or reelection of any member to the General Assembly during the period beginning on organization day for the first regular session of the General Assembly and ending on the next April 29.

172. A member, the member's candidate committee and regular party committee organized by a legislative caucus of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly shall not, for the election or reelection of any member to the General Assembly, solicit campaign contributions, accept campaign contributions, or conduct other fundraising activities during the period from one day before through the day after the day in November of each year that the General Assembly convenes.

173. Pursuant to IC 2-2.1-3-9.5, no member shall accept honoraria during his term of office. Payment or reimbursement of expenses actually incurred shall be allowed.

174. The Chairman or Ranking Minority Member of the ethics committee of the House of Representatives may receive and the ethics committee may act upon:

- (1) a request from any member of the House of Representatives for a ruling by the ethics committee regarding the existence of a conflict of interest for the member and the recommended resolution of the same; and
- (2) a complaint from any person alleging misconduct, a violation of state law, or a violation of this code of ethics by a member.

Any request or complaint shall be reduced to writing and signed by the person making the request or complaint. The ethics committee may, at the call of the Chairman, meet in public or executive session to consider the matter and make any rulings or recommendations.

The Speaker announced that the report had been recommitted to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedures.

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1045, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, line 17, delete "duty for every one" and insert "**duty**".

Page 3, line 18, delete "hundred seventy-five (175) recreational users."

(Reference is to HB 1045 as introduced.)  
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

STEUERWALD, Chair

Report adopted.

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Natural Resources, to which was referred House Bill 1208, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1208 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 12, Nays 0.

EBERHART, Chair

Report adopted.

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1456, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Delete Amendment 2 adopted on January 20, 2015.

Page 2, between lines 33 and 34, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 10-16-6-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 13. The Indiana National Guard shall:**

(1) provide a list of individuals on its Internet web site that can be searched or checked to determine whether an individual is a member of the Indiana National Guard ordered to state active duty for at least thirty (30) consecutive days as required by IC 10-16-7-23(c); and

(2) provide a list of the rights a servicemember or a servicemember's dependent has under the state and federal servicemembers civil relief acts."

Page 3, between lines 2 and 3, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(c) With respect to a member of the Indiana National Guard ordered to state active duty, a person is not subject to remedies and penalties under this section or IC 10-16-20 for failure to comply with the federal Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. App. 501 et seq., unless:

(1) the member provides documentation to the person that the member is a member of the Indiana National Guard ordered to state active duty for at least thirty (30) consecutive days; or

(2) the Indiana National Guard provides a list on its Internet web site that can be searched or checked to determine whether an individual is a member of the Indiana National Guard ordered to state active duty for at least thirty (30) consecutive days."

Page 3, line 3, strike "(c)" and insert "(d)".

Page 3, line 7, strike "(d)" and insert "(e)".

Page 3, delete lines 18 through 30.

Page 3, line 31, delete "(4)" and insert "(1)".

Page 3, line 38, delete ";".

Page 3, run in lines 38 through 39.

Page 3, line 42, after "of the" insert "**Indiana**".

Page 4, line 1, delete "active" and insert "**active:**

(i)".

Page 4, line 5, delete ";" and insert "; or

(ii) **duty as defined by IC 10-16-7-23(a) for a period of more than thirty (30) consecutive days;**".

Page 4, delete lines 9 through 11.

Page 4, line 12, delete "(E)" and insert "(D)".

Page 4, delete lines 15 through 39, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(2) "**Servicemember**" means an individual engaged in military service."

Page 4, line 42, delete "501" and insert "**521 through 527**".

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 20.

Page 5, line 24, delete "501 et seq.," and insert "**531 through 538**,".

Page 5, line 41, delete "." and insert "**posted on the Indiana National Guard's Internet web site as required by IC 10-16-6-13**".

Page 6, line 2, delete "charge, but any tax or" and insert "**charge**."

(e) **Any tax or**".

Page 6, line 4, delete "or unperformed".  
 Page 6, line 5, delete "or performed".  
 Page 6, line 7, delete "covered".  
 Page 6, line 7, after "contract" insert "**described in subsection (b) that was terminated under this chapter**".  
 Page 6, line 7, after "period" insert "**immediately following when the servicemember has returned from service**".  
 Page 6, delete line 8.  
 Page 6, line 9, delete "involving relocation".  
 Page 6, line 9, delete "a charge" and insert "**any charges or services fees**".  
 Page 6, line 10, delete "or reinstating service fee".  
 Page 6, line 14, delete "under this section," and insert "**described in subsection (b)**".  
 Page 6, line 15, delete "any fee or" and insert "**all fees paid for services that extend past the termination date of the contract**".  
 Page 6, delete lines 16 through 18.  
 Page 6, line 19, after "chapter" insert "**or IC 10-16-7-23**".  
 Page 6, line 19, after "brought" insert "**in any court with jurisdiction**".  
 Page 6, line 20, after "that" insert "**knowingly or intentionally**".  
 Page 6, line 22, delete "." and insert "**under the federal Servicemembers Civil Relief Act**".  
 Page 6, line 26, reset in roman "513".  
 Page 6, line 26, delete "103".  
 Renummer all SECTIONS consecutively.  
 (Reference is to HB 1456 as introduced.)  
 and when so amended that said bill do pass.  
 Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 0.

STEUERWALD, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions, to which was referred House Bill 1497, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 14, after "services" delete ",".  
 Page 1, line 14, strike "such as job search".  
 Page 1, strike line 15.  
 Page 2, strike lines 1 through 2.  
 Page 2, line 4, delete "department," and insert "**department as provided under section 3.5 of this chapter**".  
 Page 3, strike lines 22 through 29.  
 Page 3, line 30, strike "related skills".  
 Page 3 line 30, delete "which assessment may include job skills".  
 Page 3, line 31, delete "assessments;".  
 Page 3, line 31, strike "and".  
 Page 3, strike lines 32 through 33.  
 Page 3, line 34, strike "(A) comprehensive and specialized assessments".  
 Page 3, line 34, after "assessments," delete "and".  
 Page 3, delete line 35.  
 Page 3, strike lines 36 through 42.  
 Page 4, strike lines 1 through 4, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 22-4-14-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS** [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 3.5. (a) For purposes of section 3 of this chapter, reemployment services and reemployment and eligibility assessment activities provided to an individual:**

**(1) must include:**

**(A) orientation to the services available through a one stop center (as defined by IC 22-4.5-2-6);**

**(B) provision of labor market and career information;**  
**(C) assessment of the individual's workforce and other job related skills; and**  
**(D) a review of the individual's work search efforts; and**  
**(2) may include:**  
**(A) comprehensive and specialized assessments;**  
**(B) individual and group career counseling;**  
**(C) training services;**  
**(D) additional services to assist the individual in becoming reemployed;**  
**(E) job search counseling;**  
**(F) development and review of the individual's reemployment plan that includes the individual's participation in job search activities and appropriate workshops; and**  
**(G) additional job skills assessments as needed.**  
**(b) The department may require an individual participating in reemployment and eligibility assessment activities described in this section to provide proof of identity.**  
**(c) If an individual has been determined to be likely to exhaust regular benefits and to need reemployment services under a profiling system established by the department, the department may require the individual to participate in additional services beyond those provided in subsection (a).**  
 Renummer all SECTIONS consecutively.  
 (Reference is to HB 1497 as introduced.)  
 and when so amended that said bill do pass.  
 Committee Vote: yeas 7, nays 4.

GUTWEIN, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Education, to which was referred House Bill 1005, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1005 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.

BEHNING, Chair

Report adopted.

RESOLUTIONS ON FIRST READING

House Concurrent Resolution 13

Representatives Macer, Kirchofer, Bartlett, Pryor and Behning introduced House Concurrent Resolution 13:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION recognizing Allison Transmission on the occasion of the 100th anniversary of its founding.

*Whereas, In 1915, James A. Allison, wanting to provide the best parts and service to race cars competing in the Indianapolis 500, formed the Indianapolis Speedway Team Company;*

*Whereas, James A. Allison's company, known for quality workmanship, was so successful that the company grew and evolved to become Allison Transmission;*

*Whereas, Allison Transmission, headquartered in Indianapolis, is celebrating the 100th anniversary of its founding this year;*

*Whereas, With an employee workforce of approximately 2,700 employees, Allison had sales of two billion dollars last year;*

*Whereas, Allison, with a market presence in more than 80 countries, has built an international record of success during the last 100 years;*

*Whereas, Today Allison is the world's largest manufacturer of fully automatic transmissions for commercial-duty vehicles and a leader in hybrid-propulsion systems and will lead the way in the research, development, and manufacture of these products in the 21st century; and*

*Whereas, It is fitting that we recognize the contributions of Allison Transmission by joining in the celebration of its 100th anniversary: Therefore,*

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:*

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly congratulates Allison Transmission on 100 years of outstanding achievement and joins in the celebration of its 100th anniversary.

SECTION 2. That the members of the Indiana General Assembly extend their best wishes to Allison for its continued success and growth far into the 21st century.

SECTION 3. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives transmit copies of this resolution to Lawrence E. Dewey, Chairman, President, and CEO of Allison Transmission.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsor: Senator M. Young.

### **Senate Concurrent Resolution 13**

The Speaker handed down Senate Concurrent Resolution 13, sponsored by Representative Cherry:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION congratulating Indy Honor Flight and its many volunteers for faithfully serving Indiana's veterans.

*Whereas, Indy Honor Flight is an organization that exists to provide free transportation to Indiana's veterans so that they may visit the Memorials that stand in their honor at our Nation's Capitol;*

*Whereas, Indy Honor Flight is part of the National Honor Flight Network that has flown over 100,000 veterans from over 100 hubs across the nation;*

*Whereas, On September 10, 2012, Indy Honor Flight conducted its first flight in service to our veterans;*

*Whereas, To date, Indy Honor Flight has flown nine flights transporting a total of 635 veterans completely free of charge;*

*Whereas, This past year, Indy Honor Flight helped to begin a new Honor Flight Network hub in Evansville, Indiana;*

*Whereas, Indy Honor Flight places a special emphasis on serving our country's World War II Veterans; and*

*Whereas, More than 2,000 Hoosier volunteers assist Indy Honor Flight to fulfill its mission: Therefore,*

*Be it resolved by the Senate of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the House of Representatives concurring:*

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly congratulates Indy Honor Flight and its many volunteers for faithfully serving Indiana's veterans.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of the Senate is hereby directed to transmit copies of this Resolution to Grant Thompson, the Chairman of Indy Honor Flight; Kim Beeler, John Cimasko, Carol Ford, Ian Johnston, Randy Reitzel, Don Schauwecker, Janice Schauwecker, Tammy Thompson, Jim Turner, Jerry

Vest, and Mike Wukitsch.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution.

## **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING**

### **Engrossed House Bill 1025**

Representative Frye called down Engrossed House Bill 1025 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 27: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Steele.

### **Engrossed House Bill 1053**

Representative Ober called down Engrossed House Bill 1053 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning alcohol and tobacco.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 28: yeas 97, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Glick.

### **Engrossed House Bill 1101**

Representative Koch called down Engrossed House Bill 1101 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 29: yeas 99, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Houchin.

### **Engrossed House Bill 1109**

Representative Burton called down Engrossed House Bill 1109 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning pensions.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 30: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Boots.

### **Engrossed House Bill 1138**

Representative Richardson called down Engrossed House Bill 1138 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its

passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 31: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Pete Miller.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1141**

Representative Richardson called down Engrossed House Bill 1141 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 32: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Steele.

Representatives Forestal and Frye are now excused.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1150**

Representative Macer called down Engrossed House Bill 1150 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning pensions.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 33: yeas 96, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Boots.

Representatives Forestal and Frye, who had been excused, are now present.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1157**

Representative Bacon called down Engrossed House Bill 1157 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 34: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Pat Miller.

Representatives Wolkins is now excused.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1159**

Representative Judy called down Engrossed House Bill 1159 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning military and veterans.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 35: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Banks and Arnold.

Representatives Wolkins, who had been excused, is now present.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1216**

Representative Truitt called down Engrossed House Bill 1216 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 36: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Head, Houchin, Altling and Hershman.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1236**

Representative Slager called down Engrossed House Bill 1236 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 37: yeas 70, nays 28. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Niemeyer.

Representative Zent is now excused.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1282**

Representative Frizzell called down Engrossed House Bill 1282 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning professions and occupations.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 38: yeas 96, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Leising and Breaux.

Representative Zent, who had been excused, is now present.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1305**

Representative McMillin called down Engrossed House Bill 1305 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 39: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators M. Young, Steele and Taylor.

#### **Engrossed House Bill 1307**

Representative Fine called down Engrossed House Bill 1307 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 40: yeas 98, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was

directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Niemeyer and Randolph.

## REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Veterans Affairs and Public Safety, to which was referred House Bill 1080, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, delete lines 32 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 4. IC 5-10-10-4.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 4.9. (a) If an employer purchases coverage for an eligible emergency medical services provider, the eligible emergency medical services provider is eligible for a special death benefit from the fund in the same manner that any other public safety officer is eligible for a special death benefit from the fund. The cost of the coverage shall be one hundred dollars (\$100) for each eligible emergency medical services provider annually. The cost of the coverage shall be paid to the board for deposit into the fund.**

**(b) If an employer elects to provide coverage under this section, the employer must purchase coverage for all eligible emergency medical services providers of the employer. The board shall allow an employer to purchase coverage by making quarterly payments on dates prescribed by the board."**

Page 4, delete lines 1 through 15.

Re-number all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1080 as introduced.)  
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 0.

FRYE R, Chair

Report adopted.

### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Employment, Labor and Pensions, to which was referred House Bill 1090, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 15, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 10-13-3-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 3.5. As used in this chapter, "company" means a transportation network company, a taxicab company, or a taxicab service, as set forth in IC 24-4-20-1.**

SECTION 2. IC 10-13-3-7.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 7.7. As used in this chapter, "expanded criminal history check" means a criminal history data background check of an individual that includes a background check by a consumer reporting agency regulated under 15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq. that includes a:**

- (1) verification of the applicant's identity;**
- (2) search of all names associated with the applicant;**
- (3) search of the records maintained by all counties in Indiana in which the individual who is the subject of the background check resided after the individual became seventeen (17) years of age;**
- (4) search of the records maintained by all counties or similar governmental units in another state, if the individual who is the subject of the background check resided in another state after the individual became**

**seventeen (17) years of age;**

**(5) search of United States district court criminal case records from the districts in which the applicant resided;**

**(6) check of sex offender registries in every state or the national sex offender registry maintained by the United States Department of Justice; and**

**(7) multistate criminal history data base search."**

Delete page 2.

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 35, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 3. IC 10-13-3-27.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: **Sec. 27.6. (a) Upon request, a criminal justice agency shall release information contained in criminal history data or allow inspection of criminal history data by a company in order for the company to complete an expanded criminal history check only if the subject of the request is or will be a driver (as defined in IC 24-4-20-3) or a taxicab driver.**

**(b) Any person who knowingly or intentionally uses criminal history data for any purpose not specified under this section commits a Class A misdemeanor."**

Page 4, line 12, delete "limited" and insert "expanded".

Page 4, line 12, delete "history" and insert "history check".

Page 4, line 39, delete "a limited" and insert "an expanded".

Page 4, line 39, after "history" insert "check".

Page 4, line 42, after "company." insert "The driver or the taxicab driver is responsible for the costs associated in securing the expanded criminal history check and the certified copy of the driving record."

Page 5, line 3, delete "limited" and insert "expanded".

Page 5, line 4, after "history" insert "check".

Page 5, line 6, delete "a limited" and insert "an expanded".

Page 5, line 6, after "history" insert "check".

Page 5, line 11, delete "limited" and insert "expanded".

Page 5, line 11, after "history" insert "check".

Page 5, line 17, delete "limited" and insert "expanded".

Page 5, line 17, after "history" insert "check".

Page 5, line 18, delete "limited" and insert "expanded".

Page 5, line 18, after "history" insert "check".

Page 5, line 19, delete "felony or a misdemeanor;" and insert "crime under:

**(A) IC 35-42-1 (homicide);**

**(B) IC 35-42-2 (battery and related offenses);**

**(C) IC 35-42-3 (kidnapping and confinement);**

**(D) IC 35-42-3.5 (human and sexual trafficking);**

**(E) IC 35-42-4 (sex crimes);**

**(F) IC 35-42-5 (robbery);**

**(G) IC 35-43-1 (arson, mischief, and tampering);**

**(H) IC 35-43-2 (burglary and trespass);**

**(I) IC 35-43-4 (theft, conversion, and receiving stolen property);**

**(J) IC 35-46-1-3 (incest);**

**(K) IC 35-41-5-1 as an attempt to commit an offense listed in clauses (A) through (J);**

**(L) IC 35-41-5-2 to conspire to commit an offense listed in clauses (A) through (J); or**

**(M) the law of any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the elements of an offense described under clauses (A) through (L);"**

Page 5, line 20, delete "moving violation that has a direct bearing on the" and insert "felony or misdemeanor under IC 9-21-8 (vehicle operation) or IC 9-30-5 (operating a vehicle while intoxicated); within ten (10) years of the date of the expanded criminal history check."

Page 5, delete line 21.

Page 5, line 24, delete "of:" and insert "of any of the

**offenses listed in section 12(1) through 12(2) of this chapter within seven (7) years of the date of the expanded criminal history check."**

Page 5, delete lines 25 through 27.

Page 5, line 30, delete "after:" and insert **"after an arrest for any of the offenses listed in section 12(1) through 12(2) of this chapter."**

Page 5, delete lines 31 through 33, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Sec. 15. Not less than six (6) years and three hundred (300) days after the date the expanded criminal history data was received by the company, a driver, taxicab driver, or company must request an updated expanded criminal history check and a certified copy of the driving record. If the driver, taxicab driver, or company has not received the expanded criminal history check or the certified copy of the driving record, or both, within seven (7) years of the date of the last expanded criminal history check and receipt of the certified copy of the driving record, the driver or taxicab driver may not operate a vehicle or taxicab as an employee or individual contracting with the company until both the expanded criminal history check and the certified copy of the driving record have been received. A company may not allow a driver or taxicab driver to operate a vehicle or taxicab as an employee or an individual contracting with the company if any of the offenses set forth in section 12 of this chapter have been committed.**

**Sec. 16. An expanded criminal history check must be requested and received for each seven (7) year period that a driver or taxicab driver operates a vehicle or taxicab as an employee or an individual contracting with a company, in compliance with section 15 of this chapter."**

Page 5, line 34, delete "15." and insert "17."

Page 5, line 36, delete "a limited" and insert **"an expanded"**.

Page 5, line 37, after "history" insert **"check"**.

Page 5, line 38, delete "section 11(b) and 11(c)" and insert **"sections 11(b), 11(c), 15, and 16"**.

Page 5, line 42, after "12" insert **"or 15"**.

Page 6, line 2, delete "13 or 14" and insert **"13, 14, 15, or 16"**.

Page 6, after line 6, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"SECTION 3. IC 35-52-10-2.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2.2. IC 10-13-3-27.6 defines a crime concerning expanded criminal history checks."**

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1090 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 4.

GUTWEIN, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1104, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 12, delete lines 30 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"SECTION 12. IC 5-11-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2014, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) Whenever an examination is made under this article, a report of the examination shall be made. The report must include a list of findings and shall be signed and verified by the examiner making the examination. A finding that is critical of an examined entity must be based upon one (1) of the following:**

(1) Failure of the entity to observe a uniform compliance guideline established under IC 5-11-1-24(a).

(2) Failure of the entity to comply with a specific law.

A report that includes a finding that is critical of an examined entity must designate the uniform compliance guideline or the specific law upon which the finding is based. The reports shall immediately be filed with the state examiner, and, after inspection of the report, the state examiner shall immediately file one (1) copy with the officer or person examined, one (1) copy with the auditing department of the municipality examined and reported upon (if the subject of the report is a municipality), and one (1) copy in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 with the legislative services agency, as staff to the audit committee and the general assembly. Upon filing, the report becomes a part of the public records of the office of the state examiner, of the office or the person examined, of the auditing department of the municipality examined and reported upon, and of the legislative services agency, as staff to the audit committee and the general assembly. A report is open to public inspection at all reasonable times after it is filed. If an examination discloses malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance in office or of any officer or employee, a copy of the report, signed and verified, shall be placed by the state examiner with the attorney general and the inspector general. The attorney general shall diligently institute and prosecute civil proceedings against the delinquent officer, or upon the officer's official bond, or both, and against any other proper person that will secure to the state or to the proper municipality the recovery of any funds misappropriated, diverted, or unaccounted for.

(b) Before an examination report is signed, verified, and filed as required by subsection (a), the officer or the chief executive officer of the state office, municipality, or entity examined must have an opportunity to review the report and to file with the state examiner a written response to that report. If a written response is filed, it becomes a part of the examination report that is signed, verified, and filed as required by subsection (a). **As part of the review of the examination report, the state examiner shall hold a gathering of the officer or chief executive officer of the state office, municipality, or entity examined, any employees or agents of the state office, municipality, or entity examined who are requested to attend by the officer or chief executive officer of the state office, municipality, or entity examined, and the members of the legislative and fiscal bodies of the municipality or entity examined. Such a gathering is referred to as an "exit conference" for purposes of this subsection. The following apply to an exit conference:**

(1) All information discussed and materials presented or delivered by any person during an exit conference are confidential and may not be discussed or shared publicly until the earliest of the occurrences set forth in subsection (g). However, the information discussed and materials presented or delivered during an exit conference may be shared with an officer, employee, consultant, adviser, or attorney of the officer or chief executive officer of the state office, municipality, or entity examined who was not present at the exit conference. An individual with whom information and materials are shared must maintain the confidentiality of the information and materials as provided in this subdivision until the earliest of the occurrences set forth in subsection (g).

(2) An individual attending an exit conference may not electronically record the exit conference.

(3) An exit conference is not a meeting (as defined in IC 5-14-1.5-2(c)) for purposes of IC 5-14-1.5 or any other law.

(4) If the state examiner determines after the exit conference that additional actions must be undertaken by a deputy examiner, field examiner, or private examiner with respect to information discussed or materials presented at the exit conference, the state examiner may call for an additional exit conference to be held.



(5) Not more than thirty (30) days after the initial exit conference is held under this subsection, the legislative body of the municipality or entity examined and reported upon may adopt a resolution, approved by at least a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the legislative body, requesting that an additional exit conference be held. The legislative body shall notify the state board of accounts if the legislative body adopts a resolution under this subdivision. If a legislative body adopts a resolution under this subdivision, the state board of accounts shall conduct an additional exit conference not more than sixty (60) days after the state board of accounts receives notice of the adoption of the resolution. The municipality or entity examined must pay the travel and staff costs incurred by the state board of accounts in conducting an additional exit conference under this subdivision.

(6) A final report under subsection (a) may not be issued earlier than forty-five (45) days after the initial exit conference is held under this subsection.

(c) Except as required provided by subsections (b), and (d), and (e), it is unlawful for any deputy examiner, field examiner, or private examiner, person, before an examination report is made public as provided by this section, to make any disclosure of the result of any examination of any public account, except:

- (1) to the state examiner; or
- (2) if directed to give publicity to the examination report by the state examiner or by any court;
- (3) to another deputy examiner, field examiner, or private examiner engaged in conducting the examination; or
- (4) if directed by the state examiner, to the chair of the audit committee or the members of the audit committee acting in executive session, or both.

If an examination report shows or discloses the commission of a crime by any person, it is the duty of the state examiner to transmit and present the examination report to the grand jury prosecuting attorney of the county in which the crime was committed. at its first session after the making of the examination report and at any subsequent sessions that may be required. The state examiner shall furnish to the grand jury prosecuting attorney all evidence at the state examiner's command necessary in the investigation and prosecution of the crime.

(d) If, during an examination under this article, a deputy examiner, field examiner, or private examiner acting as an agent of the state examiner determines that the following conditions are satisfied, the examiner shall report the determination to the state examiner:

- (1) A substantial amount of public funds has been misappropriated or diverted.
- (2) The deputy examiner, field examiner, or private examiner acting as an agent of the state examiner has a reasonable belief that the malfeasance or misfeasance that resulted in the misappropriation or diversion of the public funds was committed by the officer or an employee of the office.

(e) After receiving a preliminary report under subsection (d), the state examiner may provide a copy of the report to the attorney general. The attorney general may institute and prosecute civil proceedings against the delinquent officer or employee, or upon the officer's or employee's official bond, or both, and against any other proper person that will secure to the state or to the proper municipality the recovery of any funds misappropriated, diverted, or unaccounted for.

(f) In an action under subsection (e), the attorney general may attach the defendant's property under IC 34-25-2.

(g) **Except as permitted in this section, the information and materials that are part of an exit conference under subsection (b) and the results of an examination, including**

a preliminary report under subsection (d), ~~is~~ **are** confidential until **the occurrence of the earliest of the following:**

(1) The final report **is made public** under subsection (a). ~~is issued;~~

(2) **The results of the examination are publicized under subsection (c)(2).** ~~unless~~

(3) The attorney general institutes an action under subsection (e) on the basis of the preliminary report.

**(h) Except as permitted in this section, an individual, a public agency (as defined in IC 5-14-3-2), a public employee, a public official, or an employee or officer of a contractor or subcontractor of a public agency that knowingly or intentionally discloses information in violation of subsection (b) or (g), regardless of whether the information is received orally or by any other means, is subject to the following:**

(1) **A public agency (as defined in IC 5-14-3-2), a public employee, a public official, or an employee or officer of a contractor or subcontractor of a public agency commits a Class A infraction under IC 5-14-3-10.**

(2) **If the disclosure is by a person who is not described in subdivision (1), the person commits a Class A infraction."**

Delete pages 13 through 14.

Page 15, delete lines 1 through 7.

Page 27, between lines 16 and 17, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 40. IC 36-8-10-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) The fiscal body of each county shall, by ordinance, establish a sheriff's merit board to be known as the \_\_\_\_\_ county sheriff's merit board (inserting the name of the county).

(b) The board consists of five (5) members. Three (3) members shall be appointed by the sheriff, and two (2) members shall be elected by a majority vote of the members of the county police force under procedures established by the sheriff's merit board. However:

- (1) ~~no~~ **an active county police officer;**
- (2) **a relative (as defined in IC 36-1-20.2-8) of an active county police officer; or**
- (3) **a relative (as defined in IC 36-1-20.2-8) of the sheriff;**

**may not serve on the board, either as a member appointed by the sheriff or elected by the county police force.** Appointments are for terms of four (4) years or for the remainder of an unexpired term. Not more than two (2) of the members appointed by the sheriff nor more than one (1) of the members elected by the officers may belong to the same political party. All members must reside in the county. All members serve during their respective terms and until their successors have been appointed and qualified. A member may be removed for cause duly adjudicated by declaratory judgment of the circuit court of the county.

(c) As compensation for service, each member of the board is entitled to receive from the county a minimum of fifteen dollars (\$15) per day for each day, or fraction of a day, that the member is engaged in transacting the business of the board.

(d) As soon as practicable after the members of the board have been appointed, they shall meet upon the call of the sheriff and organize by electing a president and a secretary from among their membership. Three (3) members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The board shall hold regular monthly meetings throughout the year as is necessary to transact the business of the sheriff's department."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1104 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 12, nays 0.

MAHAN, Chair

Report adopted.

## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1286, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 15.

Page 2, delete lines 1 through 10.

Page 9, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 7. IC 32-25.5-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.231-2013, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) A homeowners association shall prepare an annual budget.

(b) The annual budget must reflect:

- (1) the estimated revenues and expenses for the budget year; and
- (2) the estimated surplus or deficit as of the end of the current budget year.

(c) The homeowners association shall provide each member of the homeowners association with:

(1) a:

- (A) copy of the proposed annual budget; or
- (B) written notice that a copy of the proposed annual budget is available upon request at no charge to the member; and
- (2) a written notice of the amount of any increase or decrease in a regular annual assessment paid by the members that would occur if the proposed annual budget is approved;

before the homeowners association meeting held under subsection (d).

(d) Subject to subsection (f), a homeowners association budget must be approved at a meeting of the homeowners association members by a majority of the members of the homeowners association in attendance at a meeting called and conducted in accordance with the requirements of the homeowners association's governing documents.

(e) For purposes of this section, a member of a homeowners association is considered to be in attendance at a meeting if the member attends:

- (1) in person;
- (2) by proxy; or
- (3) by any other means allowed under:
  - (A) state law; or
  - (B) the governing documents of the homeowners association.

(f) If the number of members of the homeowners association in attendance at a meeting held under subsection (d) does not constitute a quorum as defined in the governing documents of the homeowners association, the board may adopt an annual budget for the homeowners association for the ensuing year in an amount that does not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of the last approved homeowners association annual budget. However, the board may adopt an annual budget for the homeowners association for the ensuing year in an amount that does not exceed one hundred ten percent (110%) of the amount of the last approved homeowners association annual budget if the governing documents of the homeowners association allow the board to adopt an annual budget under this subsection for the ensuing year in an amount that does not exceed one hundred ten percent (110%) of the amount of the last approved homeowners association annual budget.

(g) Subject to subsection (k), the financial records, including all contracts, invoices, bills, receipts, and bank records, of a homeowners association must be available for inspection by each member of the homeowners association upon written request. A written request for inspection must identify with reasonable particularity the information being requested. A member's ability to inspect records under this section shall not be unreasonably denied or conditioned upon provision of an

appropriate purpose for the request.

(h) **Subject to subsections (j) and (k)**, if there is a dispute between a homeowner and a homeowners association, the officers of the homeowners association must make all communications concerning the dispute available to the homeowner.

(i) **Subject to subsections (j) and (k), the following apply:**

(1) A homeowners association shall make all communications and information concerning a lot available to the owner of the lot or a home on the lot.

(2) **If a homeowners association initiates communication with any member about another member's lot, the homeowners association must give a copy of that communication to the other member whose lot is the subject of the communication.**

(j) ~~Notwithstanding subsections (h) and (i)~~; A homeowners association is not required to make:

- (1) communications between the homeowners association and the legal counsel of the homeowners association; and
- (2) other communications or attorney work product prepared in anticipation of litigation;

available to the owner of a lot or home.

(k) A homeowners association is not required to make available to a member for inspection **any of the following:**

- (1) Unexecuted contracts.
- (2) Records regarding contract negotiations.
- (3) Information regarding an individual member's association account to a person who is not a named party on the account.
- (4) Any ~~other~~ information that is prohibited from release under state or federal law. ~~or~~
- (5) Any records that were created more than two (2) years before the request. **Except as otherwise provided in this article, other applicable law, or the governing documents, this subdivision does not require a homeowners association to maintain any record for any specific period of time. However, except as provided in subsection (j) or this subsection, if a homeowners association has a document, the document must be disclosed to a member at the member's request.**

(l) Nothing in this chapter:

- (1) abrogates or eliminates provisions in homeowners association agreements that permit or require additional disclosure or inspection rights not required by this chapter; or
- (2) prevents a homeowners association from agreeing to make disclosures or to provide inspection rights not required by this chapter.

(m) A homeowners association may not charge a fee for the first hour required to search for a record in response to a written request submitted under this chapter. A homeowners association may charge a search fee for any time that exceeds one (1) hour. The following provisions apply if a homeowners association charges a search fee:

- (1) The homeowners association shall charge an hourly fee that does not exceed thirty-five dollars (\$35) per hour.
- (2) The homeowners association may charge the fee only for time that the person making the search actually spends in searching for the record.
- (3) The homeowners association shall prorate the fee to reflect any search time of less than one (1) hour.
- (4) The total amount of the fee charged by the homeowners association for a search may not exceed two hundred dollars (\$200)."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1286 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 12, nays 0.

MAHAN, Chair

Report adopted

## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1335, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1335 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 12, Nays 0.

MAHAN, Chair

Report adopted.

## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Education, to which was referred House Bill 1483, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 15.

Delete pages 2 through 4.

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 17.

Page 7, between lines 9 and 10, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 7. IC 20-29-6-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.229-2011, SECTION 178, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 12. ~~Formal~~ Collective bargaining between a school corporation and the exclusive representative ~~shall not~~ **may** begin before:

(1) August 1 in the first year of the state budget biennium; or

(2) August 1 in the second year of the state budget biennium if the parties agreed to a one (1) year contract during the first year of the state budget biennium or the contract provides for renegotiating certain financial items the second year of a two (2) year contract.

~~Informal negotiations may be held before August 1.~~

Page 7, line 12, after "(a)" insert "**At any time prior to declaring an impasse, the parties may request, by mutual agreement, informal mediation with a board appointed mediator. All costs of the informal mediation shall be borne equally by the parties. The parties shall determine the number of informal mediation sessions, but in no case may informal mediation take place beyond August 31.**

(b)".

Page 7, line 13, strike "formal".

Page 7, line 14, after "parties" delete "," and insert "**or after August 1, whichever is later.**"

Page 7, line 16, strike "(b)" and insert "(c)".

Page 7, line 18, strike "(c)" and insert "(d)".

Page 7, line 25, strike "(d)" and insert "(e)".

Page 7, line 30, strike "(e)" and insert "(f)".

Page 8, line 4, delete "The" and insert "**Upon mutual agreement of the parties, the**".

Page 9, line 24, reset in roman "fifteen (15)".

Page 9, line 24, delete "thirty (30)".

Page 10, delete lines 20 through 42.

Page 11, delete lines 1 through 9.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1483 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

BEHNING, Chair

Report adopted.

## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1507, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 15.

Page 2, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 2, delete lines 35 through 42.

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 37.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1507 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 2.

MAHAN, Chair

Report adopted.

The Speaker yielded the gavel to the Speaker Pro Tempore, Representative Friend.

## ENGROSSED HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

### Engrossed House Bill 1318

Representative Koch called down Engrossed House Bill 1318 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 41: yeas 84, nays 14. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Hershman.

### Engrossed House Bill 1362

Representative Sullivan called down Engrossed House Bill 1362 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 42: yeas 97, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator Yoder.

Representative Wolkins is now excused.

### Engrossed House Bill 1434

Representative Mahan called down Engrossed House Bill 1434 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 43: yeas 96, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Head, Holdman, Houchin and Arnold.

The Speaker Pro Tempore yielded the gavel to the Speaker.

### Engrossed House Bill 1454

Representative Eberhart called down Engrossed House Bill 1454 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 44: yeas 97, nays 0. The bill was declared passed.

The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsors: Senators Pat Miller, Breaux, Yoder and Mishler.

**Engrossed House Bill 1466**

Representative Carbaugh called down Engrossed House Bill 1466 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning pensions.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 45: yeas 97, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill. Senate sponsor: Senator L. Brown.

**OTHER BUSINESS ON THE SPEAKER'S TABLE**

**Referrals to Ways and Means**

The Speaker announced, pursuant to House Rule 127, that House Bill 1005 had been referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

**Reassignments**

The Speaker announced the following reassignments:

House Bill 1395 from the Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform to the Committee on Ways and Means.

House Bill 1613 from the Committee on Family, Children and Human Affairs to the Committee on Public Health.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Moed be added as coauthor of House Bill 1005.

SMALTZ

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Koch be added as coauthor of House Bill 1025.

FRYE R

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Koch, Burton and Delaney be added as coauthors of House Bill 1036.

PRICE

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Nisly be removed as coauthor and Representative Niezgodski be added as coauthor of House Bill 1046.

BEUMER

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Arnold and Lawson be added as coauthors of House Bill 1080.

MACER

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Carbaugh be added as coauthor of House Bill 1090.

HALE

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Rule 105.1 be suspended for the purpose of adding more than three coauthors and that Representative Errington be added as coauthor of House Bill 1108.

BURTON

The motion, having been seconded by a constitutional majority and carried by a two-thirds vote of the members, prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Clere and Lawson be added as coauthors of House Bill 1110.

STEMLER

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Smith M., Bartlett and GiaQuinta be added as coauthors of House Bill 1138.

RICHARDSON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Dvorak, Washburne and DeLaney be added as coauthors of House Bill 1141.

RICHARDSON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Rule 105.1 be suspended for the purpose of adding more than three coauthors and that Representatives Bosma, C. Brown, Pryor, Richardson, Behning, Saunders, Cook, and Clere be added as coauthors of House Bill 1159.

JUDY

The motion, having been seconded by a constitutional majority and carried by a two-thirds vote of the members, prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Brown, C. be added as coauthor of House Bill 1183.

DAVISSON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Stemler be added as coauthor of House Bill 1208.

ARNOLD

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Niezgodski be added as coauthor of House Bill 1215.

TRUITT

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Rule 105.1 be suspended for the purpose of adding more than three coauthors and that Representatives Cox, DeVon, Ziemke, Bacon, Frizzell, Hale, Summers, Lawson, Austin, Morris, Forestal, Richardson,

Behning, Saunders, Mayfield, VanNatter, Olthoff, Sullivan, Karickhoff, Price, Clere, Hamm, Smith, M., Friend, Frye, R., Goodin, Moseley, Riecken, Niezgodski, Lucas, McNamara, Porter and Fine be added as coauthors of House Bill 1216.

TRUITT

The motion, having been seconded by a constitutional majority and carried by a two-thirds vote of the members, prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Niezgodski and Gutwein be added as coauthors of House Bill 1217.

TRUITT

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Austin be added as coauthor of House Bill 1231.

HUSTON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Stemler and Pryor be added as coauthors of House Bill 1263.

SMITH M

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Klinker be added as coauthor of House Bill 1282.

FRIZZELL

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Karickhoff be added as coauthor of House Bill 1288.

SMITH M

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Steuerwald be added as coauthor of House Bill 1305.

MCMILLIN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Brown, C. be added as coauthor of House Bill 1307.

FINE

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Rule 105.1 be suspended for the purpose of adding more than three coauthors and that Representatives Brown, C., Morris and Pryor be added as coauthors of House Bill 1362.

SULLIVAN

The motion, having been seconded by a constitutional majority and carried by a two-thirds vote of the members, prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Hale be added as coauthor of House Bill 1438.

DEVON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Negele be added as coauthor of House Bill 1539.

HEATON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Smaltz and Moed be added as coauthors of House Bill 1553.

DAVISSON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative VanNatter be added as coauthor of House Concurrent Resolution 8.

LEHE

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Porter and Klinker be added as coauthors of House Concurrent Resolution 9.

MAHAN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Macer be added as coauthor of House Concurrent Resolution 11.

KLINKER

Motion prevailed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House that the Senate has passed Senate Concurrent Resolution 13 and the same is herewith transmitted to the House for further action.

JENNIFER L. MERTZ

Principal Secretary of the Senate

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House that the Senate has passed House Concurrent Resolutions 10, 11, 12 and 13 and the same are herewith returned to the House.

JENNIFER L. MERTZ

Principal Secretary of the Senate

Pursuant to House Rule 60, committee meetings were announced.

On the motion of Representative Kirchhofer, the House adjourned at 3:52 p.m., this twenty-seventh day of January, 2015, until Thursday, January 29, 2015, at 10:30 a.m.

BRIAN C. BOSMA

Speaker of the House of Representatives

M. CAROLINE SPOTTS

Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives