



Journal of the House

State of Indiana

118th General Assembly

Second Regular Session

Twenty-First Day

Thursday Morning

February 20, 2014

The invocation was offered by Pastor Kurt Ebert of the Calvary Lutheran Church in Indianapolis, a guest of Representative Robert W. Behning.

The House convened at 10:00 a.m. with Speaker Brian C. Bosma in the Chair.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was led by Representative Robert W. Behning.

The Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called:

Arnold	Kubacki
Austin	Lawson
Bacon	Lehe
Baird	Lehman <input type="checkbox"/>
Bartlett	Leonard
Battles	Lucas <input type="checkbox"/>
Bauer	Lutz
Behning	Macer
Beumer	Mahan <input type="checkbox"/>
Braun	Mayfield <input type="checkbox"/>
C. Brown <input type="checkbox"/>	McMillan
T. Brown	McNamara
Burton	Messmer
Candelaria Reardon	Moed
Carbaugh	Morris
Cherry	Morrison
Clere	Moseley
Cox	Neese
Culver	Negele
Davisson	Niemeyer
DeLaney	Niezdowski <input type="checkbox"/>
Dermody	Ober
DeVon	Pelath
Dvorak	Pierce
Eberhart	Porter
Errington	Price
Forestal	Pryor
Friend	Rhoads
Frizzell <input type="checkbox"/>	Richardson
Frye	Riecken
GiaQuinta	Saunders
Goodin	Shackleford
Gutwein	Slager
Hale	Smaltz
Hamm	M. Smith
Harman	V. Smith
Harris	Soliday
Heaton	Speedy
Heuer	Stemler
Huston	Steuerwald
Karickhoff	Sullivan
Kersey	Summers <input type="checkbox"/>
Kirchhofer	Thompson <input type="checkbox"/>
Klinker	Torr
Koch	Truitt

Turner	Wesco
Ubelhor	Wolkins
VanDenburgh	Zent
VanNatter	Ziemke
Washburne	Mr. Speaker

Roll Call 234: 91 present; 9 excused. The Speaker announced a quorum in attendance. [NOTE: indicates those who were excused.]

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that when we do adjourn, we adjourn until Monday, February 24, 2014, at 1:30 p.m.

FRIEND

The motion was adopted by a constitutional majority.

The House recessed for the remarks of United States Congresswoman, Susan Brooks of Indiana's Congressional District 5, who presented a tribute from the Congressional Record to the family of the late Representative Phyllis Pond.

RESOLUTIONS ON SECOND READING

House Concurrent Resolution 7

The Speaker handed down on its passage House Concurrent Resolution 7, introduced by Representatives Cox, Baird, Behning, T. Brown, Carbaugh, Clere, Culver, DeVon, Frizzell, Hamm, Heaton, Heuer, Huston, Frye, Karickhoff, Kirchhofer, Lehe, Lutz, Morris, Morrison, Neese, Niemeyer, Ober, Price, Saunders, McNamara, Lehman, Leonard, M. Smith, Smaltz, Slager, Ziemke, Zent, Kubacki, Thompson, Torr, Negele, Wolkins, Richardson, Washburne, VanNatter, Steuerwald, Speedy, Burton, Braun, Ubelhor, Arnold, Rhoads, and Beumer:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION requesting the Indiana Department of Transportation name that portion of U.S. Highway 24 from U.S. Highway 30 east of New Haven to State Line Road in Allen County the "Phyllis J. Pond Memorial Highway".

The resolution was read a second time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsor: Senator Kruse.

RESOLUTIONS ON FIRST READING

House Resolution 21

Representative Koch introduced House Resolution 21:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION urging national policy makers to adopt an energy approach that increases United States energy security, achieves North American energy independence, ensures the availability of needed pipelines and infrastructure, stimulates the United States economy, and creates American jobs.

Whereas, New technology and newly accessible reserves have positioned the United States to become a global leader in oil and natural gas production. The new energy development has become a catalyst for economic growth, bringing affordable

energy, jobs, revenues, and an accompanying resurgence of manufacturing. The United States crude oil and natural gas industry contributes more than \$1 trillion annually to the United States economy, or more than 7 percent of the United States gross domestic product, and supports more than 9 million jobs;

Whereas, Canadian oil reserves are vast and are second only to Saudi Arabia. Canada currently is the largest supplier of the United States' imported oil. Canada sends more than 99 percent of its oil exports to the United States, the bulk of which goes to Midwestern refineries. The same money used to buy Canadian oil will likely be spent directly on United States goods and services, as contrasted to the money sent to hostile governments later used to further anti-democratic agendas;

Whereas, Increasing energy imports from Canada makes sense for the United States. Canada is a trusted neighbor with a stable democratic government, strong environmental standards equal to that of the United States, and some of the most stringent human rights and worker protection legislation in the world;

Whereas, The growing production of conflict-free oil from Canada's oil sands and the Bakken formation in Saskatchewan, Montana, North Dakota, and South Dakota can replace crude oil imported from countries that do not share American values;

Whereas, The new North American opportunities are providing the U.S. government with a historic opportunity to dramatically enhance national energy security and affordability when America needs it most;

Whereas, A secure supply of oil and natural gas is not only needed for Americans to continue to heat their homes, cook their food, and drive their vehicles but to allow the United States' economy to thrive and grow free from the potential threats and disruptions of the crude oil supply from less secure parts of the world. The United States will need more oil and gas while also requiring additional alternative energy sources to fuel our economy;

Whereas, Worldwide competition for oil and natural gas will increase as Third World countries' economies and populations continue to grow at astonishing rates;

Whereas, Oil companies are investing huge sums to expand and upgrade refineries in the Midwest and elsewhere to make gasoline and other refined products from Canadian oil;

Whereas, Pipelines are the safest method for the transportation of petroleum products. The Keystone XL pipeline project will replace the equivalent of a tanker train 25 miles long or 200 ocean tankers per year. This will reduce greenhouse gas emissions by as much as 19 million tons, or the equivalent of taking almost 4 million cars off the road;

Whereas, The Gulf Coast Pipeline Project is a \$2.3 billion project that will create approximately 4,000 construction jobs. The Keystone XL project will create approximately 9,000 construction jobs. Seventy-five percent of the pipe used to build Keystone XL in the United States will come from North American mills, including half made by United States workers. Goods for the pipeline valued at approximately \$800 million have already been sourced from United States manufacturers;

Whereas, In its fifth Environmental Impact Statement conducted in five years on the potential impacts of construction of Keystone XL released in January 2014, the United States Department of State found that building the Keystone XL pipeline will support more than 42,000 jobs and put \$2 billion in workers' pockets over the next two years;

Whereas, The United States Department of State found that

building Keystone XL will have "limited adverse environmental impacts" during construction and operation, posing little risk to ground water; and

Whereas, Furthermore, the United States Department of State found that Keystone XL will have no impact on climate change because Canada's oil sands will be developed, regardless of its construction, by developing countries if not developed for the United States: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana House of Representatives urges the President of the United States to support the continued and increased importation of oil derived from Canadian oil sands.

SECTION 2. That the Indiana House of Representatives urges the President of the United States to grasp the opportunity to make North America energy independent by ensuring that America's tax, regulatory, and access policies support developing our natural resources safely and responsibly.

SECTION 3. That the Indiana House of Representatives urges the Secretary of State of the United States to approve the Keystone XL pipeline application from Trans Canada to reduce dependence on unstable governments, improve our national security, and strengthen ties with an important ally.

SECTION 4. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to members of the Indiana congressional delegation, the Secretary of State of the United States, and the President of the United States.

The resolution was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Utilities and Energy.

House Resolution 22

Representative Thompson introduced House Resolution 22:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION urging the Legislative Council to assign to a study committee the topic of which time zone our state capital and, therefore, the majority of our citizens should observe.

Whereas, The time zone that should be observed in most Indiana counties has been a continuing issue of controversy;

Whereas, Indiana is currently split into two time zones - the Central Time Zone and the Eastern Time Zone;

Whereas, Most of Indiana's 92 counties are in the Eastern Time Zone; however, Jasper, Lake, LaPorte, Newton, Porter, Starke, Gibson, Perry, Posey, Spencer, Vanderburgh, and Warrick counties are in the Central Time Zone, which has about 20% of Indiana's population;

Whereas, The placement of our state capital in the Central Time Zone would likely result in fewer than 5% of our state's population remaining in the Eastern Time Zone; and

Whereas, The issues of commerce, education achievement, and student safety are some of the issues related to time zone placement: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana House of Representatives urges the Legislative Council to assign to a study committee the topic of which time zone our state capital and, therefore, the majority of our citizens should observe.

The resolution was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Roads and Transportation.

House Resolution 23

Representative Zent introduced House Resolution 23:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION congratulating Angola Moose Lodge 1568, Chapter 66 on the occasion of the 100th anniversary of its establishment.

Whereas, Angola Moose Lodge 1568, Chapter 66 will celebrate the 100th anniversary of its establishment on August 26, 2014;

Whereas, Throughout the years, the members of Angola Moose Lodge 1568 have focused on helping children and its numerous community activities, with membership being open to both men and women;

Whereas, As members of the Moose International, Angola Moose Lodge 1568 supports Mooseheart Child City and School, a community and school for children and teens in need, and Moosehaven, the 72-acre campus that has been home to retired members of the Loyal Order of Moose and Women of the Moose since 1922;

Whereas, Christmas is a very special time for members of Angola Moose Lodge 1568 as that is when they serve more than 200 children and adopt some families chosen by schools to assist in making sure the holidays are brighter; and

Whereas, The members of Angola Moose Lodge 1568, Chapter 66 are "dedicated to caring for young and old, bringing communities closer together, and celebrating life": Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana House of Representatives congratulates Angola Moose Lodge 1568, Chapter 66 on the 100th anniversary of its establishment and thanks its members for their dedication to serving the community.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to local Moose Governor Eric Henion.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote.

House Resolution 25

Representative C. Brown introduced House Resolution 25:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION honoring Richard Gordon Hatcher.

Whereas, Richard Hatcher was born on July 10, 1933, in Michigan City to Carlton and Catherine Goodwin Hatcher;

Whereas, Richard Hatcher received a B.S. degree in business and government from Indiana University and a bachelor of law with honors in criminal law and a J.D. from Valparaiso University School of Law;

Whereas, After moving to Gary, Richard Hatcher began practicing law in East Chicago, and, in 1961, began serving as a deputy prosecutor for Lake County until he was elected to Gary's City Council in 1963;

Whereas, Richard Hatcher was the first and only freshman elected president of the City Council in the history of the city;

Whereas, Inaugurated as Mayor of Gary in 1968, Richard Hatcher was one of the first elected African-American mayors of a United States metropolitan city and the first in Indiana;

Whereas, Richard Hatcher served an unprecedented five terms as mayor of Gary between the years of 1967 and 1987;

Whereas, While serving as mayor, Richard Hatcher became known throughout the world as a fervent and prolific civil

rights spokesman who developed innovative approaches to urban problems and was a national and international spokesman for civil rights, minorities, the poor, and the needs of American cities;

Whereas, Richard Hatcher has served the Democratic Party on all levels - a member of the National Committee, a member of the Indiana State Democratic Central Committee, chairman of the Gary Democratic Precinct Organization, vice chairman of the Democratic National Committee, and chairman for Jesse Jackson's presidential campaign;

Whereas, As a result of his civil rights activities, Richard Hatcher has been the recipient of more than 100 awards and honors, including "200 Most Outstanding Young Leaders in the U.S." by Time Magazine and the President's Award from the National League of Cities;

Whereas, In addition to his work in the political arena, Richard Hatcher has worked as an Institute of Politics Fellow at Harvard University's Kennedy School of Government, taught political science at Roosevelt University, became a senior research professor at Valparaiso University, taught a law course at Cambridge University in England, and currently serves as an adjunct professor at Indiana University-Northwest; and

Whereas, Richard Hatcher is a role model for African-Americans who aspire to success in our society: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana House of Representatives honors Richard Gordon Hatcher for his many accomplishments and achievements both in service to the state of Indiana, the city of Gary, and his community.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to Richard Gordon Hatcher.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote.

House Resolution 26

Representative C. Brown introduced House Resolution 26:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION recognizing the accomplishments of Karen Freeman-Wilson.

Whereas, Karen Freeman-Wilson has served the state of Indiana and the city of Gary in many ways;

Whereas, Karen has served as an attorney, judge, state Attorney General, and mayor of Gary;

Whereas, Born in Gary on October 24, 1960, Karen Freeman-Wilson was valedictorian of her graduating class at Roosevelt High School and an honors graduate of Harvard College and Harvard Law School;

Whereas, On December 31, 2011, Karen Freeman-Wilson became the first woman mayor of Gary and the first African-American female mayor in Indiana;

Whereas, While serving as Indiana's Attorney General, Karen Freeman-Wilson fought for youth, seniors, and abused nursing home patients, and was one of the first Attorneys General in the country to combat gas price gouging and to ensure that tobacco settlement dollars were directed toward smoking cessation and health care;

Whereas, While she was serving as the Executive Director of the Indiana Civil Rights Commission, our state became one of the first to pass legislation comparable to the Americans with Disabilities Act;

Whereas, Recognized by national leadership, Karen Freeman-Wilson was named one of the top 100 individuals to watch by the National Democratic Leadership Council and was asked to address the 2000 National Democratic Convention in Los Angeles; and

Whereas, Karen Freeman-Wilson has served her country and her state with honor and distinction: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana House of Representatives acknowledges the many contributions of Karen Freeman-Wilson to her country, her state, and her community.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to Karen Freeman-Wilson.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote.

House Resolution 27

Representative Pryor introduced House Resolution 27:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION honoring the Sister Soldier Network.

Whereas, Historical documents note that, despite major adversity, black women have persistently pursued their right to serve, and have served, in every military engagement involving the armed forces of the United States since the Civil War;

Whereas, Realizing the importance of the often underrecognized contributions made by black women veterans to protect American freedoms and values, Dr. Doty Simpson-Taylor founded the Sister Soldier Network in 2009;

Whereas, The Sister Soldier Network is an effective and fast growing organization that fosters networking, support, and visibility for past, present, and future black women veterans of the armed forces of the United States; and

Whereas, The Sister Soldier Network presents activities that identify and record the service of black women veterans, offers informational sessions about and for black women veterans, and develops collaborations with faith-based community organizations to build bridges that mobilize, engage, and support the health and well-being of military families and veterans: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana House of Representatives recognizes the valuable contributions made by the Sister Soldier Network and wishes the organization continued success.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to the Sister Soldier Network.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote.

House Resolution 28

Representative Smaltz introduced House Resolution 28:

A HOUSE RESOLUTION congratulating Terrin Thomas on her selection as Miss Indiana 2013.

Whereas, Terrin Thomas, a 20-year-old Indiana University junior, was crowned Miss Indiana 2013 on Saturday, June 22, 2013, at the Zionsville Performing Arts Center;

Whereas, As the 74th Miss Indiana, Terrin Thomas represented her state at the Miss America pageant last September in Atlantic City, New Jersey;

Whereas, Competing as Miss Indiana University, Terrin sang "I'm Afraid This Might Be Love," for which she received a preliminary talent award;

Whereas, The Auburn native is currently working toward a bachelor of arts in journalism with a goal of earning a master's in broadcast journalism;

Whereas, Terrin's career ambition is to become a journalist for a major television network; and

Whereas, Terrin Thomas is a wonderful ambassador for the state of Indiana and has, and will continue to, represent the citizens of the Hoosier state with pride throughout her reign: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana House of Representatives congratulates Terrin Thomas on her selection as Miss Indiana 2013.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to Terrin Thomas and her family.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote.

House Concurrent Resolution 38

Representatives Pelath, Dermody, Dvorak, Hale, McNamara, and Bauer introduced House Concurrent Resolution 38:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION honoring Tom Nowatzke.

Whereas, Born on September 30, 1942, in LaPorte County, Tom Nowatzke is a hometown hero and a legendary football player;

Whereas, At the request of Michigan City Mayor Ron Meer, the Michigan City Board of Public Works and Safety approved the placement of an honorary street sign on Wabash Street between May Avenue and Pytnia Parkway as a permanent reminder of these accomplishments;

Whereas, Tom grew up on the family's 180 acre potato farm 10 miles outside of Michigan City and attended Elston High School;

Whereas, A three-way threat at Indiana University playing running back, linebacker, and placekicker, Tom was named the 1963 Indiana University's Most Valuable Player, while leading the Hoosiers in rushing and scoring an Indiana University record 73 points;

Whereas, The first round pick of the NFL's Detroit Lions and the AFL's New York Jets in the 1965 pro football drafts, Tom played five seasons with the Lions before being traded to the Baltimore Colts in 1970;

Whereas, Always a hero to Colts fans everywhere, Tom was the Colts' leading rusher in Super Bowl V and scored the game-tying touchdown helping the Colts defeat the Dallas Cowboys 16-13;

Whereas, Tom was inducted into the Indiana Football Hall of Fame and the Indiana University Athletics Hall of Fame;

Whereas, Tom Nowatzke is also the subject of a documentary entitled "Running Strong: The Tom Nowatzke Story" produced by Emmy-nominated Stunt3 Multimedia that is to be distributed to every middle school, high school, and public library in Indiana;

Whereas, Tom Nowatzke lives in Ann Arbor, Michigan, and continues to run his own business - Nowatzke Truck & Trailer, Inc./NRT Leasing, LCC in Whitmore Lake; and

Whereas, Outstanding athletic accomplishments such as these deserve special recognition: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly congratulates Tom Nowatzke on his outstanding football career, thanks him for the hours of enjoyment he gave to Hoosier football fanatics everywhere, and wishes him continued success in all his endeavors.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit copies of this resolution to Tom Nowatzke and his family.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsors: Senators Arnold and Tallian.

House Concurrent Resolution 41

Representative Porter introduced House Concurrent Resolution 41:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION memorializing Robert Carter.

Whereas, Robert "Bob" Carter was born December 4, 1929, in Decatur, Illinois, where he grew up as a passionate lover of music before earning a Bachelor of Arts degree in theater and radio communications from Millikin University and a Master of Science degree from Syracuse University in television production;

Whereas, Bob Carter began his legendary broadcasting career working in small radio and television markets in various roles, including stints as a weatherman in Peoria, Illinois, and as a disc jockey at a Fort Wayne, Indiana, radio station owned by Sarkes Tarzian;

Whereas, Bob Carter's early broadcasting work included filling in for Dick Clark on American Bandstand as a guest disc jockey and creating the famous advertising slogan "Finger Lickin' Good" for Kentucky Fried Chicken as an ad lib during a live commercial;

Whereas, In 1961, Bob Carter went to work at the Sarkes Tarzian-owned WTTV Channel 4 television station located at 3490 Bluff Road on the south side of Indianapolis, Indiana, where he filled the positions of producer, director, and performer, including hosting a three-hour morning talk show called "Coffee with Carter" and serving as on-air announcer for "Championship Wrestling";

Whereas, In 1962, after WTTV purchased a package of 52 horror films from Universal Studios, Bob Carter was chosen to host a new program featuring these films on late Friday nights called "Shock Theater", subsequently renamed "Nightmare Theater", for which he created the character of Sammy Terry, a play on the word "cemetery", whose ghoulish face, wrapped in a hooded cloak, and sinister, guttural laugh, along with his eight legged sidekick, an arachnid named George, frightened, delighted, bemused, amused, and entertained audiences for over four decades;

Whereas, After 10 years of on air performances and live appearances, Bob Carter as Sammy Terry had become such a popular and beloved entertainer of Hoosiers that Governor Edgar Whitcomb proclaimed October 31, 1972, Halloween, of course, as Sammy Terry Day throughout the State of Indiana;

Whereas, After the initial run of "Nightmare Theater" ended around 1976 and was off the air for a few years, Bob Carter devoted his time to the Family Music Center music store located at 46th Street and North Shadeland Avenue in Indianapolis,

which he owned and operated until the store closed in 2001. The Family Music Center sold musical instruments, provided music lessons, offered a legendary selection of sheet music, and allowed Carter to help start many band programs in Indianapolis parochial schools;

Whereas, Bob Carter was one of the first inductees into the Horror Host Hall of Fame in 2011 and was inducted into the Indiana Broadcasters Hall of Fame in 2013; and

Whereas, Bob Carter passed away June 30, 2013, and is survived by his wife of 60 years, Phyllis, his daughter Katherine, his daughter Elizabeth, his son David, and his son Mark, who continues his father's Sammy Terry legacy, as well as 14 grandchildren and three great-grandchildren: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, the Senate concurring:

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly acknowledges Robert Rockwell Carter as an Indiana broadcast pioneer, as the creator of Sammy Terry, the longest running and one of the most iconic horror movie hosts from the Golden Age of Television, and as a devoted music educator.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the family of Robert Rockwell Carter with "many pleasant nightmares."

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsor: Senator Breaux.

House Concurrent Resolution 42

Representative Goodin introduced House Concurrent Resolution 42:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION honoring Dr. Frank A. Bush.

Whereas, Dr. Frank A. Bush has acted as the executive director of the Indiana School Boards Association since 1988, but he will soon retire from that position;

Whereas, In his capacity as the Indiana School Boards Association Executive Director, Dr. Bush has coordinated and supervised the activities of the ISBA staff and served as their chief lobbyist;

Whereas, Dr. Bush received degrees from Indiana State University (BS-1965), Western Kentucky University (MA-1967), and Indiana University (EdD-1976);

Whereas, With more than 45 years of public school experience, Dr. Bush has served as a high school economics/government teacher and coach, a secondary school counselor, a secondary administrator, a superintendent of schools, and an adjunct university professor;

Whereas, Dr. Bush has served on numerous state and local committees and task forces representing the Indiana School Boards Association and has been very active with the National School Boards Association, serving on the National School Boards Association Liaison Committee and various other committees;

Whereas, In recognition of his dedicated service, Dr. Bush received the 2002 Distinguished Service Award from the Indiana Association of Public School Superintendents;

Whereas, Dr. Bush's educational background and practical public school experience have allowed him to respond well to the concerns of local school boards; and

Whereas, Dr. Bush has been a leader in protecting local control of public education for Indiana school board members,

school administrators, and public school students: Therefore,

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives
of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,
the Senate concurring:*

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly wishes to congratulate Dr. Frank A. Bush on the occasion of his retirement, and thanks him for his years of dedicated service to the educational system in Indiana and Hoosier students throughout the state.

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to Dr. Frank A. Bush.

The resolution was read a first time and adopted by voice vote. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the resolution. Senate sponsor: Senator Kruse.

House Concurrent Resolution 43

Representative Porter introduced House Concurrent Resolution 43:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION urging the Indiana Department of Transportation to name the section of Interstate Highway 70 from Indianapolis to Brazil and the section of Interstate Highway 65 from Indianapolis to Seymour "The Tuskegee Airmen Highway".

Whereas, The Tuskegee Airmen were a group of dedicated, determined young men who volunteered to become America's first African-American military airmen;

Whereas, Tuskegee University was awarded the United States Army Air Corps contract to help train these brave young men because it had an airfield and a proven civilian pilot training program and because its graduates performed highest on flight aptitude exams;

Whereas, 1,000 African-American pilots were trained at Tuskegee University between 1941 and 1946;

Whereas, The all African-American 332nd Fighter Group originally consisted of four fighter squadrons - the 99th, the 100th, the 301st, and the 302nd;

Whereas, The 332nd Fighter Group's success in escorting bombers during World War II is a record unmatched by any other fighter group, having one of the lowest loss records of all the escort fighter groups;

Whereas, The Airmen flew more than 700 bomber escort missions and ended the war as the only fighter group to never lose an escorted bomber to enemy fighters;

Whereas, The Fighter Group received numerous awards and citations for their bravery and tenacious fighting ability, including several Presidential Unit Citations;

Whereas, Indiana has a significant connection to the Tuskegee Airmen legacy;

Whereas, Indianapolis native Charles DeBow was a member of the first class of five graduates of the Tuskegee Advanced Flying School, Brazil native Charles Hall was the first African-American military aviator to shoot down an enemy plane in air-to-air combat, and Freeman Field in Seymour was the location of the Freeman Field Mutiny, where more than 100 Tuskegee airmen were arrested for refusing to sign an illegal order of segregation of the officers' club; and

Whereas, Accomplishments such as these deserve special recognition so that all Americans can remember the bravery and courage of the Tuskegee Airmen in the face of great personal danger: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives

*of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana,
the Senate concurring:*

SECTION 1. That the Indiana General Assembly recognizes the many contributions made by the Tuskegee Airmen during World War II and to perpetuate the history of African-Americans who participated in air crew, ground crew, and operations support training in the Army Air Corps urges the naming of the section of Interstate Highway 70 from Indianapolis to Brazil and the section of Interstate Highway 65 from Indianapolis to Seymour "The Tuskegee Airmen Highway".

SECTION 2. That the Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit a copy of this resolution to Reginald A. DuValle, president of the Indianapolis Chapter of Tuskegee Airmen, Inc., and the commissioner of the Indiana Department of Transportation.

The resolution was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Roads and Transportation.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Courts and Criminal Code, to which was referred Senate Bill 3, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 3 as printed January 16, 2014.)
Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

MCMILLIN, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred Senate Bill 32, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 3-8-2-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2013, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2.5. (a) A person who desires to be a write-in candidate for a federal, state, legislative, or local office or school board office in a general, municipal, or school board election must file a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate with the officer with whom declaration of candidacy must be filed under sections 5 and 6 of this chapter.

(b) The declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate required under subsection (a) must be signed before a person authorized to administer oaths and must certify the following information:

(1) The candidate's name must be printed or typewritten as:

(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to be certified; and

(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear under IC 3-5-7.

(2) A statement that the candidate is a registered voter and the location of the candidate's precinct and township (or ward and city or town), county, and state.

(3) The candidate's complete residence address, and if the candidate's mailing address is different from the residence address, the mailing address.

(4) The candidate's party affiliation or a statement that the candidate is an independent candidate (not affiliated with any party). The candidate may not claim affiliation with any political party described by IC 3-8-4-1.

(5) A statement of the candidate's intention to be a write-in candidate, the name of the office, including the district, and the date and type of election.

(6) If the candidate is a candidate for the office of President or Vice President of the United States, a statement declaring the names of the individuals who have consented and are eligible to be the candidate's candidates for presidential electors.

(7) The following statements:

(A) A statement that the candidate has attached either of the following to the declaration:

(i) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped by the office required to receive the statement of economic interests.

(ii) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a statement of economic interests has been filed.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

(B) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before serving in the office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office or legislative office.

(C) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully complete training or have attained certification related to service in an elected office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office, state office, or legislative office.

(D) A statement that the candidate:

(i) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures; and

(ii) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

The candidate must separately sign initial each of the statement statements required by this subdivision.

(8) A statement as to whether the candidate has:

(A) been a candidate for state or local office in a previous primary or general election; and

(B) filed all reports required by IC 3-9-5-10 for all previous candidacies.

(9) If the candidate is subject to IC 3-9-1-5, a statement that the candidate has filed a campaign finance statement of organization for the candidate's principal committee or is aware that the candidate may be required to file a campaign finance statement of organization not later than noon seven (7) days after the final date to file the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under section 4 of this chapter.

(10) If the candidate is subject to IC 3-9-1-5.5, a statement that the candidate is required to file a campaign finance statement of organization under IC 3-9 after the first of either of the following occurs:

(A) The candidate receives more than five hundred dollars (\$500) in contributions.

(B) The candidate makes more than five hundred dollars (\$500) in expenditures.

(11) A statement that the candidate complies with all requirements under the laws of Indiana to be a candidate for the above named office, including any applicable residency requirements, and that the candidate is not ineligible to be a candidate due to a criminal conviction that would prohibit the candidate from serving in the office.

(12) The candidate's signature and telephone number.

(c) At the time of filing the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, the write-in candidate is considered a candidate for all purposes.

(d) A write-in candidate must comply with the requirements under IC 3-8-1 that apply to the office to which the write-in candidate seeks election.

(e) A person may not be a write-in candidate in a contest for nomination or for election to a political party office.

(f) A write-in candidate for the office of President or Vice President of the United States must list at least one (1) candidate for presidential elector and may not list more than the total number of presidential electors to be chosen in Indiana.

(g) The commission shall provide that the form of a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate includes the following information: ~~near the separate signature required by subsection (b)(7):~~

(1) The dates for filing campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.

(2) The penalties for late filing of campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.

(h) A declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate.

SECTION 2. IC 3-8-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The declaration of each candidate required by this chapter must be signed before a person authorized to administer oaths and contain the following information:

(1) The candidate's name, printed or typewritten as:

(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the ballot; and

(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot under IC 3-5-7.

(2) A statement that the candidate is a registered voter and the location of the candidate's precinct and township (or ward and city or town), county, and state.

(3) The candidate's complete residence address, and if the candidate's mailing address is different from the residence address, the mailing address.

(4) A statement of the candidate's party affiliation. For purposes of this subdivision, a candidate is considered to be affiliated with a political party only if any of the following applies:

(A) The most recent primary election in Indiana in which the candidate voted was a primary election held by the party with which the candidate claims affiliation.

(B) The county chairman of:

(i) the political party with which the candidate claims affiliation; and

(ii) the county in which the candidate resides;

certifies that the candidate is a member of the political party.

The declaration of candidacy must inform candidates how party affiliation is determined under this subdivision and permit the candidate to indicate on the declaration of candidacy which of clauses (A) or (B) applies to the candidate. If a candidate claims party affiliation under

clause (B), the candidate must attach to the candidate's declaration of candidacy the written certification of the county chairman required by clause (B).

(5) A statement that the candidate complies with all requirements under the laws of Indiana to be a candidate for the above named office, including any applicable residency requirements, and that the candidate is not ineligible to be a candidate due to a criminal conviction that would prohibit the candidate from serving in the office.

(6) A request that the candidate's name be placed on the official primary ballot of that party to be voted on, the office for which the candidate is declaring, and the date of the primary election.

(7) ~~This subdivision does not apply to a candidate for federal office.~~ **The following statements:**

(A) A statement that the candidate **has attached either of the following to the declaration:**

(i) **A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped by the office required to receive the statement of economic interests.**

(ii) **A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a statement of economic interests has been filed.**

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

(B) **A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before serving in the office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office or legislative office.**

(C) **A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully complete training or have attained certification related to service in an elected office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office, state office, or legislative office.**

~~(A)~~ (D) **A statement that the candidate:**

(i) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures; and

~~(B)~~ (ii) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

The candidate must separately ~~sign~~ **initial each of the statement statements** required by this subdivision.

(8) A statement as to whether the candidate has been a candidate for state, legislative, or local office in a previous primary, municipal, special, or general election and whether the candidate has filed all reports required by IC 3-9-5-10 for all previous candidacies.

(9) If the candidate is subject to IC 3-9-1-5, a statement that the candidate has filed a campaign finance statement of organization for the candidate's principal committee or is aware that the candidate may be required to file a campaign finance statement of organization not later than noon seven (7) days after the final date to file the declaration of candidacy under section 11 of this chapter.

(10) The candidate's signature.

(b) The commission shall provide that the form of a declaration of candidacy includes the following information: ~~near the separate signature required by subsection (a)(7):~~

(1) The dates for filing campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.

(2) The penalties for late filing of campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.

(c) A declaration of candidacy must include a statement that

the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the declaration of candidacy. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the declaration of candidacy is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy.

SECTION 3. IC 3-8-5-10.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011, SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A person who desires to be nominated for a town office by a major political party must file a declaration of candidacy with the circuit court clerk of the county containing the greatest percentage of population of the town.

(b) A declaration of candidacy must be filed:

(1) not earlier than the first date that a declaration of candidacy for a primary election may be filed under IC 3-8-2-4; and

(2) not later than:

(A) noon August 1 before a municipal election if the town nominates its candidates by convention; and

(B) the date that a declaration of candidacy must be filed under IC 3-8-2-4 if the town nominates its candidates by a primary election.

(c) The declaration must be subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths.

(d) The declaration of each candidate required by this section must certify the following information:

(1) The candidate's name, printed or typewritten as:

(A) the candidate wants the candidate's name to appear on the ballot; and

(B) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot under IC 3-5-7.

(2) That the candidate is a registered voter and the location of the candidate's precinct and township (or the ward and town), county, and state.

(3) The candidate's complete residence address and the candidate's mailing address if the mailing address is different from the residence address.

(4) The candidate's party affiliation and the office to which the candidate seeks nomination, including the district designation if the candidate is seeking a town legislative body seat.

(5) That the candidate complies with all requirements under the laws of Indiana to be a candidate for the above named office, including any applicable residency requirements, and is not ineligible to be a candidate due to a criminal conviction that would prohibit the candidate from serving in the office.

(6) That the candidate has attached either of the following to the declaration:

(A) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped by the office required to receive the statement of economic interests.

(B) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a statement of economic interests has been filed.

(7) That the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before serving in the office.

(8) That the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully complete training or have attained certification related to service in an elected office.

(9) That the candidate:

(A) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures; and

(B) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.

~~(10)~~ **(10)** The candidate's signature.

(e) This subsection does not apply to a town whose municipal election is to be conducted by a county. Immediately after the deadline for filing, the circuit court clerk shall do all of the following:

(1) Certify to the town clerk-treasurer and release to the public a list of the candidates of each political party for each office. The list shall indicate any candidates of a political party nominated for an office under this chapter because of the failure of any other candidates of that political party to file a declaration of candidacy for that office.

(2) Post a copy of the list in a prominent place in the circuit court clerk's office.

(3) File a copy of each declaration of candidacy with the town clerk-treasurer.

(f) A person who files a declaration of candidacy for an elected office for which a per diem or salary is provided for by law is disqualified from filing a declaration of candidacy for another office for which a per diem or salary is provided for by law until the original declaration is withdrawn.

(g) A person who files a declaration of candidacy for an elected office may not file a declaration of candidacy for that office in the same year as a member of a different political party until the original declaration is withdrawn.

(h) A person who files a declaration of candidacy under this section may file a written notice withdrawing the person's declaration of candidacy in the same manner as the original declaration was filed, if the notice of withdrawal is filed not later than:

(1) noon August 1 before the municipal election if the town nominates its candidates by convention; and

(2) the date that a declaration of candidacy may be withdrawn under IC 3-8-2-20 if the town nominates its candidates in a primary election.

(i) A declaration of candidacy must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the declaration of candidacy. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the declaration of candidacy is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy.

SECTION 4. IC 3-8-6-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011, SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015]: Sec. 12. (a) A petition of nomination for an office filed under section 10 of this chapter must be filed with and, except as provided in subsection (d), certified by the person with whom a declaration of candidacy must be filed under IC 3-8-2.

(b) The petition of nomination must be accompanied by the following:

(1) The candidate's written consent to become a candidate.

(2) **The following statements:**

(A) A statement that the candidate has attached either of the following to the petition:

(i) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped by the office required to receive the statement of economic interests.

(ii) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a statement of economic interests has been

filed.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

(B) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before serving in the office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office or legislative office.

(C) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully complete training or have attained certification related to service in an elected office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office, state office, or legislative office.

~~(A)~~ **(D) A statement that the candidate:**

(i) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures; and

~~(B)~~ **(ii) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.**

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

The candidate must separately ~~sign~~ **initial each of the statement statements** required by this subdivision.

(3) If the candidate is subject to IC 3-9-1-5, a statement by the candidate that the candidate has filed a campaign finance statement of organization under IC 3-9-1-5 or is aware that the candidate may be required to file a campaign finance statement of organization not later than noon seven (7) days after the final date for filing a petition for nomination under section 10 of this chapter.

(4) If the candidate is subject to IC 3-9-1-5.5, a statement by the candidate that the candidate is aware of the requirement to file a campaign finance statement of organization under IC 3-9 after the first of either of the following occurs:

(A) The candidate receives more than five hundred dollars (\$500) in contributions.

(B) The candidate makes more than five hundred dollars (\$500) in expenditures.

(5) A statement indicating whether or not each candidate:

(A) has been a candidate for state or local office in a previous primary or general election; and

(B) has filed all reports required by IC 3-9-5-10 for all previous candidacies.

(6) A statement that each candidate is legally qualified to hold the office that the candidate seeks, including any applicable residency requirements and restrictions on service due to a criminal conviction.

(7) If the petition is filed with the secretary of state for an office not elected by the electorate of the whole state, a statement signed by the circuit court clerk of each county in the election district of the office sought by the individual.

(8) Any statement of economic interests required under IC 3-8-1-33.

(c) The statement required under subsection (b)(7) must:

(1) be certified by each circuit court clerk; and

(2) indicate the number of votes cast for secretary of state: (A) at the last election for secretary of state; and (B) in the part of the county included in the election district of the office sought by the individual filing the petition.

(d) The person with whom the petition of nomination must be filed under subsection (a) shall:

(1) determine whether a sufficient number of signatures as required by section 3 of this chapter have been obtained; and

(2) do one (1) of the following:

- (A) If the petition includes a sufficient number of signatures, certify the petition.
- (B) If the petition has an insufficient number of signatures, deny the certification.

(e) The secretary of state shall, by noon on the date specified under IC 3-8-7-16 for the certification of candidates and public questions by the election division:

- (1) certify; or
- (2) deny certification under subsection (d) to;

each petition of nomination filed in the secretary of state's office to the appropriate county.

(f) The commission shall provide that the form of a petition of nomination includes the following information: ~~near the separate signature required by subsection (b)(2):~~

- (1) The dates for filing campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.
- (2) The penalties for late filing of campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.

(g) A candidate's consent to become a candidate must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the consent to become a candidate. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's consent to become a candidate and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the consent to become a candidate is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's consent to become a candidate.

(h) If the person with whom the petition was filed denies certification under subsection (d), the person shall notify the candidate immediately by certified mail.

(i) A candidate may contest the denial of certification under subsection (d) based on:

- (1) the circuit court clerk's or board of registration's failure to certify, under section 8 of this chapter, qualified petitioners; or
- (2) the determination described in subsection (d)(1);

using the procedure in IC 3-8-1-2 and section 14 of this chapter that applies to questions concerning the validity of a petition of nomination.

SECTION 5. IC 3-8-7-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015]: Sec. 8. (a) Either the chairman and secretary of a state convention or the state chairman and state secretary of the political party holding the state convention shall certify each candidate nominated at the convention to the secretary of state not later than noon July 15 before the general election.

(b) The certificate must state the following:

- (1) Whether each candidate nominated by the convention has complied with IC 3-9-1-5 by filing a campaign finance statement of organization.
- (2) **The following statements:**

(A) A statement that the candidate has attached either of the following to the certificate:

(i) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped by the office required to receive the statement of economic interests.

(ii) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a statement of economic interests has been filed.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

(B) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before serving in the office. This

requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office or legislative office.

(C) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully complete training or have attained certification related to service in an elected office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office, state office, or legislative office.

~~(A)~~ **(D) A statement that the candidate:**

- (i) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures; and**
- ~~(B)~~ **(ii) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.**

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

The candidate must separately ~~sign~~ **initial each of the statement statements** required by this subdivision.

(c) The commission shall prescribe the form of the certificate of nomination for the offices. The commission shall provide that the form of the certificate of nomination include the following information: ~~near the separate signature required by subsection (b)(2):~~

- (1) The dates for filing campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.
- (2) The penalties for late filing of campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.

(d) A certificate of nomination must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the certificate of nomination. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's certificate of nomination and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the certificate of nomination is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's certificate of nomination.

SECTION 6. IC 3-13-1-10.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011, SECTION 81, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A person who wishes to be a candidate for appointment to fill a candidate vacancy under this chapter must file a declaration of candidacy on a form prescribed by the commission with:

- (1) the chairman of the caucus or committee conducting a meeting under this chapter; and
- (2) the official who is required to receive a certificate of candidate selection following the caucus under section 15 of this chapter;

at least seventy-two (72) hours before the time fixed for the caucus or committee meeting.

(b) A candidate's declaration of candidacy must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the declaration of candidacy. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the declaration of candidacy is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy.

(c) A candidate's declaration of candidacy must contain the following statements:

- (1) A statement that the candidate has attached either of the following to the declaration:**

(A) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file

stamped by the office required to receive the statement of economic interests.

(B) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a statement of economic interests has been filed.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

(2) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before serving in the office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office or legislative office.

(3) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully complete training or have attained certification related to service in an elected office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office, state office, or legislative office.

(4) A statement that the candidate:

(A) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures; and

(B) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

The candidate must separately initial each of the statements required by this subsection.

SECTION 7. IC 3-13-2-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) The selection of a person as a candidate under this chapter is not effective unless:

(1) the person's written consent is obtained and filed:

(A) in the office in which certificates and petitions of nomination must be filed; and

(B) when the certificate is filed; and

(2) the candidate has complied with any requirement under IC 3-8-1-33 to file a statement of economic interests.

(b) A candidate's consent must include a statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the consent. If there is a difference between the name on the candidate's consent and the name on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the consent is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the candidate's consent.

(c) A candidate's consent must contain the following statements:

(1) A statement that the candidate has attached either of the following to the consent:

(A) A copy of a statement of economic interests, file stamped by the office required to receive the statement of economic interests.

(B) A receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that a statement of economic interests has been filed.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

(2) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to obtain and file an individual surety bond before serving in the office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office or legislative office.

(3) A statement that the candidate understands that if the candidate is elected to the office, the candidate may be required to successfully complete training or have attained certification related to service in an elected office. This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office, state office, or legislative office.

(4) A statement that the candidate:

(A) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures; and

(B) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.

This requirement does not apply to a candidate for a federal office.

The candidate must separately initial each of the statements required by this subsection."

Page 1, line 5, after "office" delete "," and insert ".".

Page 1, line 5, delete "subject to section 9.5".

Page 1, delete lines 6 through 16, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 9. IC 5-4-1-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.117-2011, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the following city, town, county, or township officers and employees shall file an individual surety bond:

(1) City judges, controllers, clerks, and clerk-treasurers.

(2) Town judges and clerk-treasurers.

(3) Auditors, treasurers, recorders, surveyors, sheriffs, coroners, assessors, and clerks.

(4) Township trustees.

(5) Those employees directed to file an individual bond by the fiscal body of a city, town, or county.

(6) Township assessors (if any).

(b) The fiscal body of a city, town, county, or township may by ordinance authorize the purchase of a blanket bond or a crime insurance policy endorsed to include faithful performance to cover the faithful performance of all employees, commission members, and persons acting on behalf of the local government unit, including those officers described in subsection (a).

(c) Except as provided in subsections (h) and (i), the fiscal bodies of the respective units shall fix the amount of the bond of city controllers, city clerk-treasurers, town clerk-treasurers, Barrett Law fund custodians, county treasurers, county sheriffs, circuit court clerks, township trustees, and conservancy district financial clerks as follows:

(1) The amount must equal thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) for each one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of receipts of the officer's office during the last complete fiscal year before the purchase of the bond, subject to subdivision (2).

(2) The amount may not be less than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) nor more than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) unless the fiscal body approves a greater amount for the officer or employee.

County auditors shall file bonds in amounts of not less than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000), as fixed by the fiscal body of the county. The amount of the bond of any other person required to file an individual bond shall be fixed by the fiscal body of the unit at not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).

(d) Except as provided in subsection (j), a controller of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal) shall file an individual surety bond in an amount:

(1) fixed by the board of directors of the solid waste management district; and

(2) that is at least thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).

(e) Except as provided under subsection (d), a person who is required to file an individual surety bond by the board of directors of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal) shall file a bond in an amount fixed by the board of directors.

(f) ~~In 1982 and Every four (4) years after that, year following the year in which presidential electors are selected under IC 3-10-2-3,~~ the state examiner shall review the bond amounts fixed under this section and report in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 to the general assembly whether changes

are necessary to ensure adequate and economical coverage. **The state examiner shall make the report required by this subsection not later than December 31 of the year following the year in which presidential electors are selected under IC 3-10-2-3.**

(g) The commissioner of insurance shall prescribe the form of the bonds or crime policies required by this section, in consultation with the commission on public records under IC 5-15-5.1-6.

(h) Notwithstanding subsection (c), the state board of accounts may fix the amount of the bond for a city controller, city clerk-treasurer, town clerk-treasurer, Barrett Law fund custodian, county treasurer, county sheriff, circuit court clerk, township trustee, or conservancy district financial clerk at an amount that exceeds thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) for each one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of receipts of the officer's office during the last complete fiscal year before the purchase of the bond. However, the bond amount may not exceed three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000). An increased bond amount may be established under this subsection only if the state examiner issues a report under IC 5-11-5-1 that includes a finding that the officer engaged in malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance that resulted in the misappropriation of, diversion of, or inability to account for public funds.

(i) Notwithstanding subsection (c), the state board of accounts may fix the amount of the bond for any person who is not described in subsection (h) and is required to file an individual bond at an amount that exceeds fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000). An increased bond amount may be established under this subsection only if the state examiner issues a report under IC 5-11-5-1 that includes a finding that the person engaged in malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance that resulted in the misappropriation of, diversion of, or inability to account for public funds.

(j) Notwithstanding subsection (d), the state board of accounts may fix the amount of the bond for a controller of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal) at an amount that exceeds thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000). An increased bond amount may be established under this subsection only if the state examiner issues a report under IC 5-11-5-1 that includes a finding that the controller engaged in malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance that resulted in the misappropriation of, diversion of, or inability to account for public funds.

(k) Both of the following apply to a bond or crime insurance policy that is filed to comply with this section:

(1) Unless the bond or policy is canceled, the bond or policy must continue in force for the term of office of the individual who files the bond or policy.

(2) The aggregate liability of the surety or insurer is the amount specified in the bond or policy.

SECTION 10. IC 5-4-1-18.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 18.2. (a) Notwithstanding the amendments made to section 18(f) of this chapter by the second regular session of the 118th general assembly, the state examiner shall, before December 31, 2014, review the bond amounts fixed under section 18 of this chapter and report in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 to the general assembly whether changes are necessary to ensure adequate and economical coverage.

(b) This section expires January 1, 2017."

Delete page 2.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 32 as printed January 10, 2014.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 13, nays 0.

M. SMITH, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Courts and Criminal Code, to which was referred Senate Bill 52, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 6, line 22, delete "Notwithstanding IC 34-28-5-4, a judgment for a Class" and insert "**However, the offense is a Class A infraction if, within the five (5) years preceding the commission of the offense, the person had a prior unrelated judgment under this subsection.**".

Page 6, delete lines 23 through 27.

Page 6, line 38, delete "A judgment for a Class" and insert "**However, the offense is a Class A infraction if, within the five (5) years preceding the commission of the offense, the person had a prior unrelated judgment under this subsection.**".

Page 6, delete lines 39 through 42.

Page 7, delete line 1.

Page 9, line 30, delete "knowingly or".

Page 9, line 31, delete "intentionally".

Page 9, line 34, after "(\$5,000)." insert "**However, a person who:**

(1) knowingly or intentionally violates section 2 of this chapter; and
(2) has a prior unrelated conviction or adjudication for a violation of section 2 of this chapter within the five (5) years immediately preceding the current violation; commits a Class C misdemeanor."

Page 10, line 42, delete "'".

Page 16, delete lines 5 through 42.

Page 17, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 21, between lines 14 and 15, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"IC 14-22-32-8 (Concerning fish and wildlife)."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 52 as printed January 31, 2014.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 0.

MCMILLIN, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Environmental Affairs, to which was referred Senate Bill 53, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 8-1.5-5-29, AS ADDED BY P.L.131-2005, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 29. (a) Subsections (c), (d), and (e) do not apply to a city that before January 1, 2005, adopted an ordinance establishing procedures for the collection of unpaid user fees under this chapter through the enforcement of a lien.

(b) Fees assessed against real property under this chapter constitute a lien against the property assessed. The lien is superior to all other liens except tax liens. Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), the lien attaches when notice of the lien is filed in the county recorder's office under section 30 of this chapter.

(c) A fee is not enforceable as a lien against a subsequent owner of property unless the lien for the fee was recorded with the county recorder before the conveyance to the subsequent owner. If property is conveyed before a lien is filed, the department shall notify the person who owned the property at the time the fee became payable. The notice must inform the

person that payment, including penalty fees for delinquencies, is due not more than fifteen (15) days after the date of the notice. If payment is not received within one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of the notice, the amount due may be expensed as a bad debt loss.

(d) A lien attaches against real property occupied by someone other than the owner only if the department notifies the owner ~~within not later than twenty (20) days after the time the user fees became~~ **become** sixty (60) days delinquent. ~~However, the department must give notice to the owner only if the owner has given the department written notice of the address to which to send notice. A notice sent to the owner under this subsection must be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or an equivalent service permitted under IC 1-1-7-1 to:~~

- (1) the owner of record of real property with a single owner; or
- (2) at least one (1) of the owners of real property with multiple owners;

at the last address of the owner for the property as indicated in the records of the county auditor on the date of the notice of the delinquency, or to another address specified by the owner, in a written notice to the department, at which the owner requests to receive a notice of delinquency under this subsection.

(e) The department shall release:

- (1) liens filed with the county recorder after the recorded date of conveyance of the property; and
- (2) delinquent fees incurred by the seller;

upon receipt of a verified demand in writing from the purchaser. The demand must state that the delinquent fees were not incurred by the purchaser as a user, lessee, or previous owner and that the purchaser has not been paid by the seller for the delinquent fees.

SECTION 2. IC 8-1.5-5-30, AS ADDED BY P.L.131-2005, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 30. (a) The board may defer enforcing the collection of unpaid fees and penalties assessed under this chapter until the unpaid fees and penalties have been due and unpaid for at least ninety (90) days. **However, in the case of property that is occupied by someone other than the owner, this subsection does not relieve the department of its duty under section 29(d) of this chapter to notify the owner not later than twenty (20) days after the time user fees become sixty (60) days delinquent.**

(b) Except as provided in subsection (k), the board shall enforce payment of fees imposed under this chapter. As often as the board determines necessary in a calendar year, the board shall prepare either of the following:

(1) A list of the delinquent fees and penalties that are enforceable under this section. The list must include the following:

- (A) The name of the owner of each lot or parcel of real property on which fees are delinquent.
- (B) A description of the premises, as shown by the records of the county auditor.
- (C) The amount of the delinquent fees, together with the penalty.

(2) An individual instrument for each lot or parcel of real property on which the fees are delinquent.

(c) An officer of the board shall record a copy of each list or each individual instrument with the county recorder who shall charge a fee for recording the list or each individual instrument in accordance with the fee schedule established in IC 36-2-7-10. The officer shall mail by certified mail, or by another delivery service providing proof of delivery, to each property owner on the list or on an individual instrument a notice stating that a lien against the owner's property has been recorded. A service charge of five dollars (\$5), which is in addition to the recording fee charged under this subsection and under subsection (e), shall be added to each delinquent fee that is recorded.

(d) Using the lists and instruments prepared under subsection (b) and recorded under subsection (c), the board shall, not later than ten (10) days after the list or each individual instrument is recorded under subsection (c), certify to the county auditor a list of the **unpaid** liens ~~that remain unpaid~~ for collection **in with** the next May **installment of property taxes**. The county and its officers and employees are not liable for any material error in the information on this list.

(e) The board shall release any recorded lien when the delinquent fees, penalties, service charges, and recording fees have been fully paid. The county recorder shall charge a fee for releasing the lien in accordance with IC 36-2-7-10.

(f) Upon receipt of the list under subsection (c), the county auditor of each county shall add a fifteen dollar (\$15) certification fee for each lot or parcel of real property on which fees are delinquent. The fee is in addition to all other fees and charges. The county auditor shall immediately enter on the tax duplicate for the district the delinquent fees, penalties, service charges, recording fees, and certification fees, which are due not later than the due date of the next May installment of property taxes. The county treasurer shall include any unpaid charges for the delinquent fee, penalty, service charge, recording fee, and certification fee to the owner or owners of each lot or parcel of property, at the time the next cycle's property tax installment is billed.

(g) After certification of liens under subsection (d), the board may not collect or accept delinquent fees, penalties, service charges, recording fees, or certification fees from property owners whose property has been certified to the county auditor.

(h) If a delinquent fee, penalty, service charge, recording fee, and certification fee are not paid, they shall be collected by the county treasurer in the same way that delinquent property taxes are collected.

(i) At the time of each semiannual tax settlement, the county treasurer shall certify to the county auditor all fees, charges, and penalties that have been collected. The county auditor shall deduct the service charges and certification fees collected by the county treasurer and pay over to the officer the remaining fees and penalties due the district. The county treasurer shall retain the service charges and certification fees that have been collected and shall deposit them in the county general fund.

(j) Fees, penalties, and service charges that were not recorded before a recorded conveyance shall be removed from the tax roll for a purchaser who, in the manner prescribed by section 29(e) of this chapter, files a verified demand with the county auditor.

(k) A board may write off a fee or penalty under subsection (a) that is less than forty dollars (\$40).

SECTION 3. IC 34-57-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies to:

- (1) any controversy existing between two (2) or more parties which might be the subject of a suit at law, except as otherwise provided in section 2 of this chapter; **and**
- (2) **arbitration under IC 36-4-3-21.1 concerning services provided by a municipal utility to properties located outside the corporate boundaries of the municipality.**

SECTION 4. IC 36-4-3-21.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 21.1. (a) **This section applies if:**

(1) **one (1) or more contracts were entered into under section 21(a)(1) of this chapter between:**

- (A) **the executive and an administrative agency of a municipality; and**
- (B) **the owners or lessees of properties located outside the corporate boundaries of the municipality;**

concerning the provision of municipal utility services in the area in which the properties referred to in

clause (B) are located;

(2) the contracts have expired;

(3) the area in which the properties referred to in subdivision (1)(B) are located has not been annexed into the municipality; and

(4) the parties have not agreed:

(A) to an extension of the contracts referred to in subdivision (1); or

(B) to enter into new contracts under section 21(a)(1) of this chapter.

(b) In a situation described in subsection (a):

(1) municipal utility services to the properties referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B) may not be terminated, except for nonpayment of the compensation due under subdivision (2); and

(2) as a condition of continuing to receive municipal utility services, the owners or lessees of the properties referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B) must continue to pay the rate charged for the municipal utility services under the expired contracts, including any payment or contribution of money to the municipality provided for in the expired contracts under section 21(a) of this chapter;

for the period specified in subsection (c)(1) or until the occurrence of one (1) of the events set forth in subsection (c)(2).

(c) The municipal utility services shall continue to be provided to the properties referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B) under the terms set forth in subsection (b):

(1) for a period of two (2) years from the date of expiration of the contracts, if none of the events set forth in subdivision (2)(A) through (2)(C) occurs within that period; or

(2) until one (1) of the following occurs:

(A) The executive and administrative agency of the municipality and the owners or lessees of the properties referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B) enter into a new contract under section 21(a)(1) of this chapter.

(B) The area in which the properties referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B) are located is annexed into the municipality.

(C) Subject to subsection (e), arbitration of the matter is initiated under subsection (d).

(d) At any time within the period referred to in subsection (c)(1):

(1) the executive and administrative agency of the municipality; and

(2) the owners or lessees of the properties referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B);

may initiate arbitration of the differences preventing the parties from entering into a new contract under section 21(a)(1) of this chapter. The arbitration shall be conducted under IC 34-57-1 by an arbitrator mutually chosen by the parties, and the award made by the arbitrator must establish reasonable and just terms of a new contract between the parties under section 21(a)(1) of this chapter, considering all relevant factors. If either party fails or refuses to enter into a new contract under section 21(a)(1) of this chapter according to the terms of the award, the other party may commence legal action to enforce the award under IC 34-57-1-13.

(e) If arbitration is initiated under subsection (d) before the expiration of the period referred to in subsection (c)(1), but the arbitration is not concluded before the expiration of the period set forth in subsection (c)(1), the municipal utility services shall continue to be provided to the properties referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B) under the terms set forth in subsection (b) until the arbitrator makes the award and the parties enter into a new contract under section 21(a)(1) of this chapter according to the terms of the award."

Page 3, line 35, delete "copy of a rental agreement, a lease, or a" and insert "**document**".

Page 3, line 36, delete "contract".

Page 4, delete lines 16 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 4. IC 36-9-23-32, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2010, SECTION 153, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 32. (a) **Except as otherwise provided in an ordinance described in section 25(f) of this chapter**, fees assessed against real property under this chapter or under any statute repealed by IC 19-2-5-30 (**repealed September 1, 1981**) constitute a lien against the property assessed. The lien is superior to all other liens except tax liens. Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), the lien attaches when notice of the lien is filed in the county recorder's office under section 33 of this chapter.

(b) A fee is not enforceable as a lien against a subsequent owner of property unless the lien for the fee was recorded with the county recorder before the conveyance to the subsequent owner. If the property is conveyed before the lien can be filed, the municipality shall notify the person who owned the property at the time the fee became payable. The notice must inform the person that payment, including penalty fees for delinquencies, is due not more than fifteen (15) days after the date of the notice. If payment is not received within one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of the notice, the amount due may be expensed as a bad debt loss.

(c) **Except as otherwise provided in an ordinance described in section 25(f) of this chapter**, a lien attaches against real property occupied by someone other than the owner only if the utility ~~notified~~ **notifies** the owner ~~within not later than~~ **not later than** twenty (20) days after the time the utility fees ~~became~~ **become** sixty (60) days delinquent. ~~However, the utility is required to give notice to the owner if the owner has given the general office of the utility written notice of the address to which the owner's notice is to be sent.~~ A notice sent to the owner under this subsection must be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or an equivalent service permitted under IC 1-1-7-1 to:

(1) the owner of record of real property with a single owner; or

(2) at least one (1) of the owners of real property with multiple owners;

at the last address of the owner for the property as indicated in the records of the county auditor on the date of the notice **of the delinquency, or to another address specified by the owner, in a written notice to the utility, at which the owner requests to receive a notice of delinquency under this subsection.** The cost of sending notice under this subsection is an administrative cost that may be billed to the owner.

(d) The municipality shall release:

(1) liens filed with the county recorder after the recorded date of conveyance of the property; and

(2) delinquent fees incurred by the seller;

upon receipt of a verified demand in writing from the purchaser. The demand must state that the delinquent fees were not incurred by the purchaser as a user, lessee, or previous owner, and that the purchaser has not been paid by the seller for the delinquent fees."

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 19.

Page 5, line 42, delete "owner and for which" and insert "**owner**".

Page 6, delete lines 1 through 2.

Page 6, line 3, delete "property".

Page 10, line 36, delete "copy of" and insert "**document**".

Page 10, line 37, delete "a rental agreement, a lease, or a contract".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 53 as printed January 24, 2014.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 7, nays 4.

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred Senate Bill 106, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, between lines 32 and 33, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(7) The extent that the school corporation is affected by tax increment financing districts.**
- (8) The extent that the school corporation's property tax base is affected by exempt properties.**
- (9) The school corporation's bond rating.**
- (10) The amount of retiree benefits paid by the school corporation.**
- (11) The amount of pension contributions paid on behalf of the school corporation's employees."**

Page 2, line 33, delete "(7)" and insert "(12)".

Page 3, line 4, delete "January" and insert "July".

Page 3, between lines 4 and 5, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(c) Neither the department of local government finance nor any other state agency may use the fiscal health indicators developed under this section to do either of the following:

- (1) Assign a school corporation a letter grade, a score, or any other symbol that may be used as an assessment of the school corporation's fiscal health.**
- (2) Rank the fiscal health of a school corporation in comparison to other school corporations."**

Page 4, between lines 1 and 2, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(7) The number and size of the tax increment financing districts designated by a redevelopment commission established by the political subdivision, if any.**
- (8) The extent that the political subdivision is affected by tax increment financing districts.**
- (9) The extent that the political subdivision's property tax base is affected by exempt properties.**
- (10) The political subdivision's bond rating.**
- (11) The amount of retiree benefits paid by the political subdivision.**
- (12) The amount of pension contributions paid on behalf of the political subdivision's employees."**

Page 4, line 2, delete "(7)" and insert "(13)".

Page 4, line 14, delete "January" and insert "July".

Page 4, between lines 14 and 15, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(c) Neither the department of local government finance nor any other state agency may use the fiscal health indicators developed under this section to do either of the following:

- (1) Assign a political subdivision a letter grade, a score, or any other symbol that may be used as an assessment of the political subdivision's fiscal health.**
- (2) Rank the fiscal health of a political subdivision in comparison to other political subdivisions."**

(Reference is to SB 106 as printed January 24, 2014.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 16, nays 0.

Report adopted.

T. BROWN, Chair

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Courts and Criminal Code, to which was referred Senate Bill 171, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 171 as printed January 31, 2014.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

MCMILLIN, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred Senate Bill 185, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, delete lines 23 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 3. IC 3-11-8-10.3, AS AMENDED BY SEA 24-2014, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2014]: Sec. 10.3. (a) As used in this section, "electronic poll list" refers to a poll list that is maintained in a computer data base.

(b) An electronic poll list must satisfy all of the following:

(1) An electronic poll list must be programmed so that the coordinated action of two (2) election officers who are not members of the same political party is necessary to access the electronic poll list.

(2) An electronic poll list may not be connected to a voting system.

(3) An electronic poll list may not permit access to voter information other than:

(A) information provided on the certified list of voters prepared under IC 3-7-29-1; or

(B) information concerning any of the following received or issued after the electronic poll list has been downloaded by the county election board under IC 3-7-29-6:

(i) The county's receipt of an absentee ballot from the voter.

(ii) The county's receipt of additional documentation provided by the voter to the county voter registration office.

(iii) The county's issuance of a certificate of error.

(4) The information contained on an electronic poll list must be encrypted and placed on a dedicated, private server to secure connectivity between a precinct polling place or satellite absentee office and the county election board. The electronic poll book must have the capability of:

(A) storing (in external or internal memory) a local version of the data base; and

(B) producing a list of audit records that reflect all of the idiosyncrasies of the system, including in-process audit records that set forth all transactions.

(5) The electronic poll list must permit a poll clerk to enter information regarding an individual who has appeared to vote to verify whether the individual is eligible to vote, and if so, whether the voter has:

(A) already cast a ballot at the election;

(B) returned an absentee ballot; or

(C) submitted any additional documentation required under IC 3-7-33-4.5.

(6) After the voter has been provided with a ballot, the electronic poll list must permit a poll clerk to enter information indicating that the voter has voted at the election.

(7) The electronic poll list must transmit the information in subdivision (6) to the county election board so that the board may transmit the information immediately to every other polling place or satellite absentee office in the county in which an electronic poll list is being used.

(8) The electronic poll list must permit reports to be:

(A) generated by a county election board for a watcher appointed under IC 3-6-8 at any time during election day; and

(B) electronically transmitted by the county election board to a political party or independent candidate who has appointed a watcher under IC 3-6-8.

(9) On each day after absentee ballots are cast before an absentee voter board in the circuit court clerk's office, a satellite office, or a vote center, and after election day, the electronic poll list must permit voter history to be quickly and accurately uploaded into the computerized list.

(10) The electronic poll list must be able to display an electronic image of the signature of a voter taken from the voter's registration application, if available.

(11) The electronic poll list must be used with a signature pad, tablet, or other signature capturing device that permits the voter to make an electronic signature for comparison with the signature displayed under subdivision (10). An image of the electronic signature made by the voter on the signature pad, tablet, or other signature capturing device must be retained and identified as the signature of the voter for the period required for retention under IC 3-10-1-31.1.

(12) The electronic poll list must include a bar code reader or tablet that:

(A) permits a voter who presents an Indiana driver's license or a state identification card issued under IC 9-24-16 to scan the license or card through the bar code reader or tablet; and

(B) has the capability to display the voter's registration record upon processing the information contained within the bar code on the license or card.

(13) A printer separate from the electronic poll list used in a vote center county may be programmed to print on the back of a ballot card, immediately before the ballot card is delivered to the voter, the printed initials of the poll clerks captured through the electronic signature pad or tablet at the time the poll clerks log into the electronic poll book system.

~~(13)~~ (14) The electronic poll list must be compatible with:

(A) any hardware attached to the poll book, such as signature pads, bar code scanners, and network cards;

(B) the statewide voter registration system; and

(C) any software system used to prepare voter information to be included on the electronic poll list.

~~(14)~~ (15) The electronic poll list must have the ability to be used in conformity with this title for:

(A) any type of election conducted in Indiana; or

(B) any combination of elections held concurrently with a general election, municipal election, primary election, or special election.

~~(15)~~ (16) The procedures for setting up, using, and shutting down an electronic poll list must:

(A) be reasonably easy for a precinct election officer to learn, understand, and perform; and

(B) not require a significant amount of training in addition to the training required by IC 3-6-6-40.

~~(16)~~ (17) The electronic poll list must enable a precinct election officer to verify that the electronic poll list:

(A) has been set up correctly;

(B) is working correctly so as to verify the eligibility of the voter;

(C) is correctly recording that a voter has voted; and

(D) has been shut down correctly.

~~(17)~~ (18) The electronic poll list must include the following documentation:

(A) Plainly worded, complete, and detailed instructions sufficient for a precinct election officer to set up, use, and shut down the electronic poll list.

(B) Training materials that:

(i) may be in written or video form; and

(ii) must be in a format suitable for use at a polling place, such as simple "how to" guides.

(C) Failsafe data recovery procedures for information included in the electronic poll list.

(D) Usability tests:

(i) that are conducted by the manufacturer of the electronic poll list using individuals who are representative of the general public;

(ii) that include the setting up, using, and shutting down of the electronic poll list; and

(iii) that report their results using the ANSI/INCITS -354 Common Industry Format (CIF) for Usability Test Reports approved by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) on December 12, 2001.

(E) A clear model of the electronic poll list system architecture and the following documentation:

(i) End user documentation.

(ii) System-level documentation.

(iii) Developer documentation.

(F) Detailed information concerning:

(i) electronic poll list consumables; and

(ii) the vendor's supply chain for those consumables.

(G) Vendor internal quality assurance procedures and any internal or external test data and reports available to the vendor concerning the electronic poll list.

(H) Repair and maintenance policies for the electronic poll list.

(I) As of the date of the vendor's application for approval of the electronic poll list by the secretary of state as required by IC 3-11-18.1-12, the following:

(i) A list of customers who are using or have previously used the vendor's electronic poll list.

(ii) A description of any known anomalies involving the functioning of the electronic poll list, including how those anomalies were resolved.

~~(18)~~ (19) The electronic poll list and any hardware attached to the poll book must be designed to prevent injury or damage to any individual or the hardware, including fire and electrical hazards.

~~(19)~~ (20) The electronic poll list must demonstrate that it correctly processes all activity regarding each voter registration record included on the list, including the use, alteration, storage, and transmittal of information that is part of the record. Compliance with this subdivision requires the mapping of the data life cycle of the voter registration record as processed by the electronic poll list.

~~(20)~~ (21) The electronic poll list must successfully perform in accordance with all representations concerning functionality, usability, security, accessibility, and sustainability made in the vendor's application for approval of the electronic poll list by the secretary of state as required by IC 3-11-18.1-12.

~~(21)~~ (22) The electronic poll list must have the capacity to transmit all information generated by the voter or poll clerk as part of the process of casting a ballot, including the time and date stamp indicating when the voter voted, and the electronic signature of the voter, for retention on the dedicated private server maintained by the county election board for the period required by Indiana and federal law.

~~(22)~~ (23) The electronic poll list must:

(A) permit a voter to sign the poll list even when there is a temporary interruption in connectivity to the

Internet; and
(B) provide for the uploading of each signature and its assignment to the voter's registration record."

Delete pages 4 through 6.
Page 7, delete lines 1 through 33.
Re-number all SECTIONS consecutively.
(Reference is to SB 185 as printed January 28, 2014.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.
Committee Vote: yeas 13, nays 0.

M. SMITH, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Insurance, to which was referred Senate Bill 220, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 18, delete "a policy" and insert "an".
Page 2, line 19, delete "owner,".
Page 2, line 19, after "or" insert "a".
Page 4, line 34, delete "escheat" and insert "escheats".
Page 5, line 3, delete "financial".
(Reference is to SB 220 as reprinted January 24, 2014.)
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 2.

LEHMAN, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Courts and Criminal Code, to which was referred Senate Bill 223, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 223 as printed January 31, 2014.)
Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

MCMILLIN, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Roads and Transportation, to which was referred Senate Bill 238, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 238 as printed January 24, 2014.)
Committee Vote: Yeas 12, Nays 0.

SOLIDAY, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Public Health, to which was referred Senate Bill 255, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 255 as printed February 4, 2014.)
Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

CLERE, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Public Health, to which was referred Senate Bill 262, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 262 as printed January 24, 2014.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.

CLERE, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred Senate Bill 266, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 16.
Delete pages 2 through 4.
Page 5, delete lines 1 through 16, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-4-4.3 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]. Sec. 4.3: (a) This section applies to real property for which the gross assessed value of the real property was reduced by the property tax assessment board of appeals in an appeal conducted under IC 6-1.1-15. However, this section does not apply for an assessment date if the real property was valued using the income capitalization approach in the appeal.

(b) This section applies to assessment dates after 2013.

(c) If the gross assessed value of real property for an assessment date that follows the latest assessment date that was the subject of an appeal described in subsection (a) is increased above the gross assessed value of the real property for the latest assessment date covered by the appeal, the county assessor or township assessor (if any) making the assessment has the burden of proving that the assessment is correct.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-15-17.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.6-2012, SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17.2. (a) **Except as provided in subsection (d)**, this section applies to any review or appeal of an assessment under this chapter if the assessment that is the subject of the review or appeal increased the assessed value of the assessed property by more than is an increase of more than five percent (5%) over the assessed value determined by the county assessor or township assessor (if any) for the immediately preceding assessment date assessment for the same property for the prior tax year. In calculating the change in the assessment for purposes of this section, the assessment to be used for the prior tax year is the original assessment for that prior tax year or, if applicable, the assessment for that prior tax year:

- (1) as last corrected by an assessing official;
- (2) as stipulated or settled by the taxpayer and the assessing official; or
- (3) as determined by the reviewing authority.

(b) **Under this section**, the county assessor or township assessor making the assessment has the burden of proving that the assessment is correct in any review or appeal under this chapter and in any appeals taken to the Indiana board of tax review or to the Indiana tax court. **If a county assessor or township assessor fails to meet the burden of proof under this section, the burden of proof shifts to the taxpayer to prove the correct assessment. If neither the assessing official nor the taxpayer meets the burden of proof under this section, the assessment reverts to the assessment for the prior tax year, which is the original assessment for that prior tax year or, if applicable, the assessment for that prior tax year:**

- (1) as last corrected by an assessing official;
- (2) as stipulated or settled by the taxpayer and the assessing official; or
- (3) as determined by the reviewing authority.

(c) **This section does not apply to an assessment if the assessment that is the subject of the review or appeal is based on:**

- (1) improvements;
- (2) zoning; or
- (3) uses;

that were not considered in the assessment for the prior tax year.

(d) This subsection applies to real property for which the gross assessed value of the real property was reduced by the assessing official or reviewing authority in an appeal conducted under IC 6-1.1-15. However, this subsection does not apply for an assessment date if the real property was valued using the income capitalization approach in the appeal. If the gross assessed value of real property for an assessment date that follows the latest assessment date that was the subject of an appeal described in this subsection is increased above the gross assessed value of the real property for the latest assessment date covered by the appeal, regardless of the amount of the increase, the county assessor or township assessor (if any) making the assessment has the burden of proving that the assessment is correct.

(e) This section, as amended in the 2014 regular session of the Indiana general assembly, applies:

- (1) to all appeals or reviews pending on the effective date of the amendments made to this section in the 2014 regular session of the Indiana general assembly; and
- (2) to all appeals or reviews filed thereafter.

SECTION 3. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014] (a) As used in this SECTION, "Indiana board" refers to the Indiana board of tax review established under IC 6-1.5-2-1.

(b) The Indiana board shall estimate the number of additional personnel and the amount of additional operating funds necessary to dispose of all appeals that have been pending with the Indiana board for at least twelve (12) months as of December 1, 2014. The Indiana board shall submit the estimates required by this SECTION to the legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 before January 1, 2015.

(c) This SECTION expires July 1, 2015."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 266 as reprinted January 24, 2014.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 17, nays 0.

T. BROWN, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Public Policy, to which was referred Senate Bill 312, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete "IC 34-28-9" and insert "**IC 34-28-9.2**".

Page 1, line 8, delete "certified".

Page 1, line 8, delete "ten (10)" and insert "**fifteen (15)**".

Page 2, line 11, delete "IC 34-28-9." and insert "**IC 34-28-9.2**".

Page 2, line 13, delete "." and insert "**and a prize winner may not initiate more than three (3) assignment transactions in any single year.**".

Page 2, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert: "**(g) A prize payment or any portion of a prize payment may not be assigned more than three (3) times unless the commission consents to an additional assignment.**".

Page 2, line 21, delete "(g)" and insert "**(h)**".

Page 2, line 21, after "fee" insert "**to the assignee**".

Page 2, line 23, delete "IC 34-28-9" and insert "**IC 34-28-9.2**".

Page 2, line 27, delete "(h)" and insert "**(i)**".

Page 2, line 31, delete "(i) A" and insert "**(j) Except as provided in IC 4-30-11-2(b), a**".

Page 3, line 36, delete "IC 34-28-9" and insert "IC 34-28-9.2".

Page 3, line 39, delete "9." and insert "**9.2**".

Page 3, line 42, delete "or a".

Page 4, line 1, delete "circuit or superior court of the county where the person resides".

Page 4, line 4, delete "a statement" and insert "**statements**".

Page 4, line 4, delete "understands the assignment of" and insert "**understands:**

- (A) the assignment of the prize is voluntary; and**
- (B) their right to solicit multiple bids for their payments;**".

Page 4, delete line 5.

Page 4, delete line 41.

Page 5, line 1, delete "." and insert "**;** and

(11) a statement that the person has had an adequate opportunity to receive multiple bids to assign their prize.".

Page 6, line 5, delete "counsel" and insert "**director**".

Page 6, line 9, delete "counsel," and insert "**director,**".

(Reference is to SB 312 as reprinted February 4, 2014.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 13, nays 0.

DERMODY, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred Senate Bill 334, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 34, after "control," delete "and".

Page 2, line 35, after "IC 27-1-15.6," insert "**and who sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance under an exclusive written agreement for a licensed insurance company that is a subsidiary of a company that also owns or controls the federal savings bank,**".

Page 6, line 28, delete "entity" and insert "person".

Page 6, line 32, delete "or".

(Reference is to SB 334 as reprinted February 4, 2014.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

BURTON, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Public Policy, to which was referred Senate Bill 339, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 339 as printed January 24, 2014.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 12, Nays 1.

DERMODY, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Roads and Transportation, to which was referred Senate Bill 350, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, between lines 21 and 22, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 9-22-1-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.125-2012, SECTION 123, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 19. (a) Within seventy-two (72) hours after removal of a vehicle to a storage yard or towing service under section 13, 14, or 16 of this chapter, the public agency or towing service shall conduct a search of national data bases, including a data base of vehicle identification numbers, to attempt to obtain the last state of record of the vehicle in order to attempt to ascertain the name and address of the person who owns or holds a lien on the vehicle.

(b) A public agency or towing service that obtains the name and address of the owner of or lienholder on a vehicle shall, not later than seventy-two (72) hours after obtaining the name and address, notify the person who owns or holds a lien on the vehicle of the:

- (1) name;
- (2) address; and
- (3) telephone number;

of the public agency or towing service. The notice must be made by certified mail **or a certificate of mailing** or by means of an electronic service approved by the bureau. Notwithstanding section 4 of this chapter, a public agency or towing service that fails to notify the owner of or lienholder on the vehicle as set forth in this subsection may not collect additional storage costs incurred after the date of receipt of the name and address obtained.

SECTION 3. IC 9-29-17-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in section 3 of this chapter, the fee for the first two (2) license plates issued under IC 9-32-6-1 to a manufacturer or dealer is forty dollars (\$40).

(b) The fee for each additional license plate under IC 9-32-6-5 for a manufacturer or dealer is fifteen dollars (\$15).

(c) The fee for a dealer promotional license plate established under IC 9-32-6-2(b) is forty dollars (\$40).

(d) The fee for the first two (2) dealer-wholesale license plates issued to an applicant under IC 9-32-6-2(a)(4) is one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125). The fee for each additional dealer-wholesale license plate issued to the applicant is fifteen dollars (\$15). **This subsection expires July 1, 2015.**

(e) Fees collected under this section shall be deposited as set forth in section 14(b) of this chapter."

Page 4, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 11. IC 9-32-6-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) The secretary shall issue dealer license plates under this chapter according to the following classifications:

- (1) Dealer-new.
- (2) Dealer-used.
- (3) Manufacturer.
- (4) Dealer-wholesale.

The secretary may not issue a license plate described in subdivision (4) after June 30, 2015.

(b) The secretary may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish additional classifications of dealer license plates, and may prescribe the general conditions for usage of an additional classification. The secretary shall establish the classifications of antique car museum dealer license plates and dealer promotional license plates."

Page 4, line 18, after "plates" insert "(other than dealer-wholesale license plates)".

Page 5, between lines 9 and 10, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 14. IC 9-32-6-6.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 6.3. (a) This**

section applies only to dealer-wholesale license plates.

(b) A dealer-wholesale license plate issued before July 1, 2014, is valid from the issue date through the applicable expiration date set forth in section 6(b) of this chapter.

(c) A dealer-wholesale license plate issued after June 30, 2014, and before July 1, 2015, expires June 30, 2015.

(d) This section expires January 1, 2016."

Page 5, line 12, after "plates" insert "(other than dealer-wholesale license plates)".

Page 6, between lines 34 and 35, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 16. IC 9-32-6-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in sections 8 and 9 of this chapter, dealer-new, dealer-used, manufacturer, and ~~wholesale~~ **dealer-wholesale** license plates may be used only on motor vehicles in the:

- (1) dealer's inventory being held for sale;
- (2) usual operation of the manufacturer's or dealer's business;
- (3) movement of the manufacturer's or dealer's inventory; or
- (4) inventory of a manufacturer or dealer that is unattended by the manufacturer or dealer or the dealer's agent for a maximum of ten (10) days by a prospective buyer or a service customer.

(b) The license plates referenced in subsection (a) must be:

- (1) primarily used or stored at an address within Indiana; or
- (2) displayed on a vehicle being transported for purposes of sale by a licensed Indiana dealer.

(c) This subsection expires January 1, 2016. A dealer-wholesale license plate may not be issued or displayed after June 30, 2015.

SECTION 17. IC 9-32-6-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8. Dealer-new, dealer-used, manufacturer, and ~~wholesale~~ **dealer-wholesale** license plates may be used without restriction by a manufacturer, a dealer, or an employee of a manufacturer or a dealer in compliance with rules adopted by the secretary to prohibit use of the plates solely to avoid payment of applicable taxes. **However, a dealer-wholesale license plate may not be used or displayed after June 30, 2015.**

SECTION 18. IC 9-32-6-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. Dealer-new, dealer-used, manufacturer, and **dealer-wholesale** license plates may be used without restriction by a designee of a dealer or a designee of a manufacturer under rules adopted by the secretary. The rules must provide the following:

- (1) The dealer or manufacturer is to be assessed and pay the motor vehicle excise tax under IC 6-6-5 attributable to that part of the total year that the designee operates the motor vehicle.
- (2) The dealer or manufacturer shall report to the secretary the date of assignment to a designee, the designee's name and address, and the date of termination of the assignment within ten (10) days after the assignment or termination.
- (3) The tax calculated in subdivision (1) shall be paid within thirty (30) days after the termination of the assignment to the designee or at the time the dealer or manufacturer purchases license plates under this chapter.

However, a dealer-wholesale license plate may not be used or displayed after June 30, 2015.

SECTION 19. IC 9-32-6-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 10. Dealer-new, dealer-used, manufacturer, and ~~wholesale~~ **dealer-wholesale** license plates may not be used on a vehicle that:

- (1) is required to be registered; and
- (2) has a fee charged by dealers to others for the use of the vehicle.

However, a dealer-wholesale license plate may not be used or displayed after June 30, 2015."

Page 8, line 15, delete "A" and insert "**Before July 1, 2015,**"

Page 8, line 41, after "chapter." insert "**The secretary of state may not accept an application for a wholesale dealer license after June 30, 2015."**

Page 9, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 26. IC 9-32-11-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. In addition to the requirements of section 2 of this chapter, a license application for a wholesale dealer must contain the following:

- (1) A copy of a written lease that has a term of not less than one (1) year, if the established place of business is not owned by the applicant.
- (2) If the application is the initial application, photographs of the established place of business. The photographs must include but are not limited to the:
 - (A) major exterior advertising sign; and
 - (B) display and office building.

This section expires July 1, 2015.

SECTION 27. IC 9-32-11-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.92-2013, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4. A wholesale dealer that has been issued a license under this chapter must maintain the following standards for the license to remain valid:

- (1) A conspicuous permanent sign with letters at least six (6) inches high bearing:
 - (A) the business name of the wholesale dealer; and
 - (B) the hours of operation of the wholesale dealer;
 must be located on the exterior of the established place of business of the wholesale dealer.
- (2) The office of the wholesale dealer must be:
 - (A) housed at the established place of business of the wholesale dealer;
 - (B) at least one hundred (100) square feet; and
 - (C) served with utilities such as electricity, lighting, heat, and a business telephone exclusively for the use of the wholesale dealer.
- (3) The wholesale dealer or an employee of the wholesale dealer must be present for the purposes of inspection of records at the established place of business of the wholesale dealer during the posted hours of operation of the business of the wholesale dealer.
- (4) All business records of the wholesale dealer must be kept at the licensed place of business of the wholesale dealer.

This section expires July 1, 2015."

Page 10, line 7, delete "ADDED BY P.L.92-2013," and insert "AMENDED BY SEA 24-2014, SECTION 47,".

Page 10, line 8, delete "SECTION 78,".

Page 11, line 6, after "or" insert "**, before July 1, 2015,"**

Page 11, line 21, after "licenses" insert "**(other than wholesale dealer licenses)"**."

Page 12, between lines 12 and 13, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 40. IC 9-32-11-12.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 12.3 (a) This section applies only to wholesale dealer licenses.**

(b) A wholesale dealer license issued before July 1, 2014, is valid from the issue date through the applicable expiration date set forth in section 12(b) of this chapter.

(c) A wholesale dealer license issued after June 30, 2014, and before July 1, 2015, expires June 30, 2015.

(d) This section expires January 1, 2016."

Page 12, line 16, after "licenses" insert "**(other than wholesale dealer licenses)"**."

Page 13, line 34, delete "ADDED BY P.L.92-2013," and insert "AMENDED BY SEA 24-2014, SECTION 49,".

Page 13, line 35, delete "SECTION 78,".

Page 19, after line 36, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 40. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014] **(a) The following rules are void after June 30, 2015:**

75 IAC 2-1-23 ("Wholesale dealer" defined).

75 IAC 4-1-32 ("Wholesale dealer" defined)

The publisher of the Indiana Administrative Code and Indiana Register shall remove these provisions from the Indiana Administrative Code.

(b) The parts of 75 IAC 4-2-9 concerning wholesale dealer licenses are void after June 30, 2015.

(c) A rule that the secretary of state determines is contrary to this act is void. The secretary of state shall submit a statement to the publisher of the Indiana Administrative Code and Indiana Register under IC 4-22-7-7 indicating which rules the secretary of state determines are contrary to this act and void. These rules, if any, are void effective thirty (30) days after submission of the statement. The secretary of state shall make the determination under this subsection not later than August 31, 2015.

(d) This SECTION expires December 31, 2015."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 350 as printed January 28, 2014.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 12, nays 0.

SOLIDAY, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Environmental Affairs, to which was referred Senate Bill 359, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 359 as printed January 29, 2014.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.

WOLKINS, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred Senate Bill 375, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 17, line 4, delete "preliminary," and insert "**preliminarily,"**

Page 21, line 15, after "bank," insert "**regulated trust company or corporate fiduciary,"**

(Reference is to SB 375 as printed January 29, 2014.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 0.

BURTON, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred Senate Bill 385, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 5, line 38, after "application." insert "**Internet"**

Page 5, line 41, after "The" insert "**Internet**".

Page 20, line 8, delete "a blank voter registration application provided under" and insert "**the affidavit prescribed by the commission under IC 3-10-11-6.**".

Page 20, line 9, delete "IC 3-7-48-7".

Page 20, line 11, delete "a blank voter registration application" and insert "**the affidavit prescribed by the commission under IC 3-10-11-6.**".

Page 20, line 12, delete "provided under IC 3-7-48-7".

Page 21, line 17, delete "a blank voter" and insert "**the affidavit prescribed by the commission under IC 3-10-11-6.**".

Page 21, line 18, delete "registration application provided under IC 3-7-48-7".

Page 23, line 31, delete "a blank voter" and insert "**the affidavit prescribed by the commission under IC 3-10-11-6.**".

Page 23, delete line 32.

Page 23, line 35, delete "a blank voter registration application provided under" and insert "**the affidavit prescribed by the commission under IC 3-10-11-6.**".

Page 23, line 36, delete "section 7 of this chapter".

Page 27, between lines 9 and 10, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 39. IC 3-11-1.5-3.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 3.4. (a) This section applies to a county with a board of elections and registration established under IC 3-6-5.2.**

(b) As used in this section, "committee" refers to the small precinct committee established by subsection (c).

(c) Effective June 1, 2014, the small precinct committee is established in the county.

(d) The committee consists of:

- (1) each member of the board of elections and registration; and**
- (2) any additional individual appointed by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board.**

(e) The committee shall determine:

- (1) which precincts within the county had fewer than five hundred (500) active voters (as defined in IC 3-11-18.1-2) as of June 1, 2014;**
- (2) if compliance with the precinct boundary standards set forth in section 4 or 5 of this chapter would prevent the combination of a precinct described in subdivision (1) with one (1) or more adjoining precincts; and**
- (3) the potential savings in the administration of elections resulting from the combination of precincts under this section.**

(f) Not later than noon August 1, 2014, the board of elections and registration shall:

- (1) adopt a proposed precinct establishment order implementing the findings of the committee; and**
- (2) file the proposed order with the election division not later than noon August 8, 2014.**

(g) If the proposed precinct establishment order is approved under this chapter, the order takes effect January 1, 2015. However, if an objection to the proposed order is filed under section 18 of this chapter, the proposed precinct establishment order takes effect January 1, 2015, unless at least three (3) members of the commission affirmatively vote to sustain the objection.

(h) This section expires January 1, 2016."

Page 33, delete lines 23 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 45. IC 3-11-8-10.3, AS AMENDED BY SEA 185-2014, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2014]: **Sec. 10.3. (a) As used in this section, "electronic poll list" refers to a poll list that is maintained in a computer data base. A reference to an**

electronic poll list in a vote center plan adopted under IC 3-11-18.1 before July 1, 2014, is considered to be a reference to an electronic poll book (as defined by IC 3-5-2-20.5), unless otherwise expressly provided in the vote center plan.

(b) An electronic poll list book must satisfy all of the following:

(1) An electronic poll list book must be programmed so that the coordinated action of two (2) election officers who are not members of the same political party is necessary to access the electronic poll list book.

(2) An electronic poll list book may not be connected to a voting system. However, the electronic poll book may be used in conjunction with a voting system if both the following apply:

(A) The electronic poll book contains a device that must be physically removed from the electronic poll book by a person and the device is inserted into the voting system, with no hardware or software connection existing between the electronic poll book and the voting system.

(B) All ballot related data on the device is erased when the device is removed from the voting system and before the device is reinserted into an electronic poll book.

(3) An electronic poll list book may not permit access to voter information other than:

(A) information provided on the certified list of voters prepared under IC 3-7-29-1; or

(B) information concerning any of the following received or issued after the electronic poll list book has been downloaded by the county election board under IC 3-7-29-6:

(i) The county's receipt of an absentee ballot from the voter.

(ii) The county's receipt of additional documentation provided by the voter to the county voter registration office.

(iii) The county's issuance of a certificate of error.

(4) The information contained on an electronic poll list book must be encrypted and placed on a dedicated, private server to secure connectivity between a precinct polling place or satellite absentee office and the county election board. The electronic poll book must have the capability of:

(A) storing (in external or internal memory) a local version of the data base; electronic poll book; and

(B) producing a list of audit records that reflect all of the idiosyncrasies of the system, including in-process audit records that set forth all transactions.

(5) The electronic poll list book must permit a poll clerk to enter information regarding an individual who has appeared to vote to verify whether the individual is eligible to vote, and if so, whether the voter has:

(A) already cast a ballot at the election;

(B) returned an absentee ballot; or

(C) submitted any additional documentation required under IC 3-7-33-4.5.

(6) After the voter has been provided with a ballot, the electronic poll list book must permit a poll clerk to enter information indicating that the voter has voted at the election.

(7) The electronic poll list book must transmit the information in subdivision (6) to the county election board so that the board may transmit the information immediately to every other polling place or satellite absentee office in the county. in which an electronic poll list is being used:

(8) The electronic poll list book must permit reports to be:

(A) generated by a county election board for a watcher

- appointed under IC 3-6-8 at any time during election day; and
- (B) electronically transmitted by the county election board to a political party or independent candidate who has appointed a watcher under IC 3-6-8.
- (9) On each day after absentee ballots are cast before an absentee voter board in the circuit court clerk's office, a satellite office, or a vote center, and after election day, the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must permit voter history to be quickly and accurately uploaded into the computerized list.
- (10) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must be able to display an electronic image of the signature of a voter taken from the voter's registration application, if available.
- (11) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must be used with a signature pad, tablet, or other signature capturing device that permits the voter to make an electronic signature for comparison with the signature displayed under subdivision (10). An image of the electronic signature made by the voter on the signature pad, tablet, or other signature capturing device must be retained and identified as the signature of the voter for the period required for retention under IC 3-10-1-31.1.
- (12) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must include a bar code reader or tablet that:
- (A) permits a voter who presents an Indiana driver's license or a state identification card issued under IC 9-24-16 to scan the license or card through the bar code reader or tablet; and
- (B) has the capability to display the voter's registration record upon processing the information contained within the bar code on the license or card.
- (13) A printer separate from the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** used in a vote center county may be programmed to print on the back of a ballot card, immediately before the ballot card is delivered to the voter, the printed initials of the poll clerks captured through the electronic signature pad or tablet at the time the poll clerks log into the electronic poll book system.
- (14) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must be compatible with:
- (A) any hardware attached to the **electronic** poll book, such as signature pads, bar code scanners, and network cards;
- (B) the statewide voter registration system; and
- (C) any software system used to prepare voter information to be included on the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**.
- (15) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must have the ability to be used in conformity with this title for:
- (A) any type of election conducted in Indiana; or
- (B) any combination of elections held concurrently with a general election, municipal election, primary election, or special election.
- (16) The procedures for setting up, using, and shutting down an electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must:
- (A) be reasonably easy for a precinct election officer to learn, understand, and perform; and
- (B) not require a significant amount of training in addition to the training required by IC 3-6-6-40.
- (17) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must enable a precinct election officer to verify that the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**:
- (A) has been set up correctly;
- (B) is working correctly so as to verify the eligibility of the voter;
- (C) is correctly recording that a voter has voted; and
- (D) has been shut down correctly.
- (18) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must include the following documentation:
- (A) Plainly worded, complete, and detailed instructions sufficient for a precinct election officer to set up, use, and shut down the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**.
- (B) Training materials that:
- (i) may be in written or video form; and
- (ii) must be in a format suitable for use at a polling place, such as simple "how to" guides.
- (C) Failsafe data recovery procedures for information included in the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**.
- (D) Usability tests:
- (i) that are conducted by the manufacturer of the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** using individuals who are representative of the general public;
- (ii) that include the setting up, using, and shutting down of the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**; and
- (iii) that report their results using the ANSI/INCITS -354 Common Industry Format (CIF) for Usability Test Reports approved by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) on December 12, 2001.
- (E) A clear model of the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** system architecture and the following documentation:
- (i) End user documentation.
- (ii) System-level documentation.
- (iii) Developer documentation.
- (F) Detailed information concerning:
- (i) electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** consumables; and
- (ii) the vendor's supply chain for those consumables.
- (G) Vendor internal quality assurance procedures and any internal or external test data and reports available to the vendor concerning the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**.
- (H) Repair and maintenance policies for the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**.
- (I) As of the date of the vendor's application for approval of the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** by the secretary of state as required by IC 3-11-18.1-12, the following:
- (i) A list of customers who are using or have previously used the vendor's electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**.
- (ii) A description of any known anomalies involving the functioning of the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**, including how those anomalies were resolved.
- (19) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** and any hardware attached to the **electronic** poll book must be designed to prevent injury or damage to any individual or the hardware, including fire and electrical hazards.
- (20) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must demonstrate that it correctly processes all activity regarding each voter registration record included on the ~~list~~ **electronic poll book**, including the use, alteration, storage, and transmittal of information that is part of the record. Compliance with this subdivision requires the mapping of the data life cycle of the voter registration record as processed by the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book**.
- (21) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must successfully perform in accordance with all representations concerning functionality, usability, security, accessibility, and sustainability made in the vendor's application for approval of the electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** by the secretary of state as required by IC 3-11-18.1-12.
- (22) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must have the capacity to transmit all information generated by the voter or poll clerk as part of the process of casting a ballot, including the time and date stamp indicating when the voter ~~voted~~ **signed the electronic poll book**, and the electronic signature of the voter, for retention on the dedicated private server maintained by the county election board for the period required by Indiana and federal law.
- (23) The electronic poll ~~list~~ **book** must:
- (A) permit a voter to sign the **electronic** poll ~~list~~ **book** even when there is a temporary interruption in

connectivity to the Internet; and

(B) provide for the uploading of each signature and its assignment to the voter's registration record."

Delete pages 34 through 36.

Page 37, delete lines 1 through 33.

Page 39, delete lines 17 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 49. IC 3-11-8-25.1, AS AMENDED BY SEA 185-2014, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2014]: Sec. 25.1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), a voter who desires to vote an official ballot at an election shall provide proof of identification.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), before the voter proceeds to vote in the election, a precinct election officer shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification. One (1) of each of the precinct election officers nominated by each county chairman of a major political party of the county under IC 3-6-6-8 or IC 3-6-6-9 is entitled to ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter shall produce the proof of identification to each precinct officer requesting the proof of identification before being permitted to sign the poll list.

(c) If:

(1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of identification; or

(2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the proof of identification provided by the voter does not qualify as proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5; a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as prescribed by this chapter.

(d) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22.1 of this chapter, the voter may:

(1) sign the poll list; and

(2) receive a provisional ballot.

(e) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides is not required to provide proof of identification before voting in an election.

(f) After a voter has passed the challengers or has been sworn in, the voter shall be instructed by a member of the precinct election board to proceed to the location where the poll clerks are stationed. In a vote center county using an electronic poll list, two (2) election officers who are not members of the same political party must be present when a voter signs in on the electronic poll list. The voter shall announce the voter's name to the poll clerks or assistant poll clerks. A poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall require the voter to write the following on the poll list or to provide the following information for entry into the electronic poll list:

(1) The voter's name.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (k), the voter's current residence address.

(g) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall:

(1) ask the voter to provide or update the voter's voter identification number;

(2) tell the voter the number the voter may use as a voter identification number; and

(3) explain to the voter that the voter is not required to provide or update a voter identification number at the polls.

(h) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification.

(i) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature provided under IC 3-7-29 or enter the information into the electronic poll list. If the board determines that the

voter's signature is authentic, the voter may then vote. If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following comparison of the signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by section 21 of this chapter.

(j) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (g):

(1) the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit; or

(2) the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22.1 of this chapter or executed the affidavit before signing the poll list;

the voter may then vote.

(k) The electronic poll **list book** (or each line on a poll list sheet provided to take a voter's current address) must include a box under the heading "Address Unchanged" so that the voter may check the box instead of writing the voter's current address on the poll list, or if an electronic poll **list book** is used, the poll clerk may check the box after stating to the voter the address shown on the electronic poll **list book** and receiving an oral affirmation from the voter that the voter's residence address shown on the poll list is the voter's current residence address instead of writing the voter's current residence address on the poll list or reentering the address in the electronic poll **list book**.

(l) If the voter indicates that the voter's current residence is located within another county in Indiana, the voter is considered to have directed the county voter registration office of the county where the precinct is located to cancel the voter registration record within the county. The precinct election board shall provide the voter with a voter registration application for the voter to complete and file with the county voter registration office of the county where the voter's current residence address is located.

(m) If the voter indicates that the voter's current residence is located outside Indiana, the voter is considered to have directed the county voter registration office of the county where the precinct is located to cancel the voter registration record within the county."

Delete page 40.

Page 41, delete lines 1 through 18.

Page 45, delete lines 16 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 59. IC 3-11-18.1-4, AS AMENDED BY SEA 185-2014, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2014]: Sec. 4. The plan required by section 3 of this chapter must include at least the following:

(1) The total number of vote centers to be established.

(2) The location of each vote center.

(3) The effective date of the order.

(4) The following information according to the computerized list (as defined in IC 3-7-26.3-2) as of the date of the order:

(A) The total number of voters within the county.

(B) The number of active voters within the county.

(C) The number of inactive voters within the county.

(5) For each vote center designated under subdivision (2), a list of the precincts whose polls will be located at the vote center consistent with section 13 of this chapter for an election that is not being held in each precinct of the county.

(6) For each vote center designated under subdivision (2), the number of precinct election boards that will be appointed to administer an election at the vote center.

(7) For each precinct election board designated under subdivision (6), the number and name of each precinct the precinct election board will administer consistent with section 13 of this chapter for an election that is not being held in each precinct of the county.

(8) For each vote center designated under subdivision (2), the number and title of the precinct election officers who

will be appointed to serve at the vote center.

(9) For each vote center designated under subdivision (2):

(A) the number and type of ballot variations that will be provided at the vote center; and

(B) whether these ballots will be:

(i) delivered to the vote center before the opening of the polls; or

(ii) printed on demand for a voter's use.

(10) A detailed description of any hardware, firmware, or software used:

(A) to create an electronic poll list for each precinct whose polls are to be located at a vote center; or

(B) to establish a secure electronic connection between the county election board and the precinct election officials administering a vote center.

(11) A description of the equipment and procedures to be used to ensure that information concerning a voter entered into any electronic poll list ~~book~~ used by precinct election officers at a vote center is immediately accessible to:

(A) the county election board; and

(B) the electronic poll lists ~~books~~ used by precinct election officers at all other vote centers in the county.

(12) For each precinct designated under subdivision (5), the number of electronic poll lists ~~books~~ to be provided for the precinct.

(13) This subdivision applies to a county in which ballot cards are used at a vote center. For each vote center designated under subdivision (2), whether each ballot card printed will have the printed initials of the poll clerks captured through the electronic signature pad or tablet at the time the poll clerks log into the electronic poll book system printed on the back of the ballot card immediately before the ballot card is delivered to a voter.

(14) The security and contingency plans to be implemented by the county to do all of the following:

(A) Prevent a disruption of the vote center process.

(B) Ensure that the election is properly conducted if a disruption occurs.

(C) Prevent access to an electronic poll list without the coordinated action of two (2) precinct election officers who are not members of the same political party.

(15) A certification that the vote center complies with the accessibility requirements applicable to polling places under IC 3-11-8.

(16) A sketch depicting the planned layout of the vote center, indicating the location of:

(A) equipment; and

(B) precinct election officers;

within the vote center.

(17) The total number and locations of satellite offices to be established under IC 3-11-10-26.3 at vote center locations designated under subdivision (2) to allow voters to cast absentee ballots in accordance with IC 3-11. However, a plan must provide for at least one (1) vote center to be established as a satellite office under IC 3-11-10-26.3 on the two (2) Saturdays immediately preceding an election day.

(18) The method and timing of providing voter data to persons who are entitled to receive the data under this title. Data shall be provided to all persons entitled to the data without unreasonable delay.

(19) That the county election board shall adopt a resolution under IC 3-11.5-5-1 or IC 3-11.5-6-1 to make the central counting of absentee ballots applicable to the county (if the board has not already done so).

(20) For a plan adopted after July 1, 2014, in a county in which a majority of votes are cast on optical scan ballot cards, any additional procedures to provide for efficient and secure voting at each vote center, including ballot on demand printing."

Delete page 46.

Page 47, delete lines 1 through 17.

Page 51, delete lines 28 through 41, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 71. IC 3-12-3.5-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 8. (a) After each electronic voting system has been secured and the paper vote total printouts obtained, the inspector shall announce the total number of votes cast on all electronic voting systems located within the polling place, including any absentee ballots cast, to determine if the total number of votes cast on the electronic voting systems is greater than the number of voters shown to have received a ballot at the polls or returned an absentee ballot, according to the poll lists.**

(b) If the number of ballots received at the polls and returned as absentee ballots is greater than the total number of voters shown on the poll lists, the inspector and judge of the opposite party shall report this fact in writing to the county election board together with the reasons for the discrepancy, if known, at the time that the inspector and judge return the precinct poll list to the board.

(c) If the total number of votes cast, as determined under subsection (a), is greater than the number of voters who received a ballot at the polls or returned an absentee ballot according to the poll lists, by five (5) votes or more, then the county election board shall order an audit of the votes cast in that precinct under this section.

(d) The county election board shall confirm that the votes cast in an election:

(1) for each candidate and each public question; and

(2) on a direct record electronic voting system in the precinct;

were correctly counted.

(e) The county election board shall conduct an audit by means of tests and procedures that are approved by the commission and independent of the provider of the direct record electronic voting system being audited.

(f) The county election board shall certify the results of the audit not later than noon twelve (12) days after the election. The certification must be on the form prescribed by the commission. One (1) copy shall be filed with the election returns, and one (1) copy must be delivered to the election division.

(g) Public notice of the time and place of an audit shall be given at least forty-eight (48) hours before the audit. The notice shall be published once in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4. However, if publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4 will not allow the county election board to certify the results of the audit within twelve (12) days after the election, notice shall be given by posting at or near the office of the county election board."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 385 as reprinted February 4, 2014.) and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 4.

M. SMITH, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Utilities and Energy, to which was referred Senate Bill 396, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 8, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 36-8-16.6-11, AS AMENDED BY

P.L.132-2012, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) The board shall impose an enhanced prepaid wireless charge on each retail transaction that occurs after June 30, 2010. The amount of the initial charge imposed under this section may not exceed one-half (1/2) of the monthly wireless emergency enhanced 911 fee assessed under IC 36-8-16.5-25.5 (before its repeal on July 1, 2012). The board shall increase the amount of the charge imposed under this section so that the amount of the charge imposed after June 30, 2012, under this section equals fifty cents (\$0.50).

(b) Subject to legislative approval, after the increase described in subsection (a) and after June 30, 2012, the board may increase the enhanced prepaid wireless charge to ensure adequate revenue for the board to fulfill its duties and obligations under this chapter and IC 36-8-16.7.

(c) A consumer that is the federal government or an agency of the federal government is exempt from the enhanced prepaid wireless charge imposed under this section.

(d) This subsection applies to a provider that is designated by the Indiana utility regulatory commission as an eligible telecommunications carrier for purposes of receiving reimbursement from the universal service fund through the administrator designated by the Federal Communications Commission. A provider:

(1) is not considered an agency of the federal government for purposes of the exemption set forth in subsection (c); and

(2) is liable for the enhanced prepaid wireless charge imposed under this section with respect to prepaid wireless telecommunications service provided by the provider in its capacity as an eligible telecommunications carrier.

SECTION 7. IC 36-8-16.7-32, AS ADDED BY P.L.132-2012, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 32. (a) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (e), and subject to subsection (b) and section 48(e) of this chapter, the board shall assess a monthly statewide 911 fee on each standard user that is a customer having a place of primary use in Indiana at a rate that:

(1) ensures full recovery of the amount needed for the board to make distributions to county treasurers consistent with this chapter; and

(2) provides for the proper development, operation, and maintenance of a statewide 911 system.

The amount of the initial fee assessed under this subsection is ninety cents (\$0.90).

(b) The board may adjust the statewide 911 fee to ensure adequate revenue for the board to fulfill the board's duties and obligations under this chapter, subject to the following:

(1) The fee may not be raised or lowered more than one (1) time in a calendar year.

(2) The fee:

(A) may not be raised by an amount that is less than or equal to ten cents (\$0.10) without review by the budget committee; and

(B) may not be raised or lowered by an amount that is more than ten cents (\$0.10) without legislative approval.

(c) The fee assessed under this section does not apply to a prepaid user in a retail transaction under IC 36-8-16.6.

(d) An additional fee relating to the provision of 911 service may not be levied by a state agency or local unit of government. An enhanced prepaid wireless charge (as defined in IC 36-8-16.6-4) is not considered an additional fee relating to the provision of wireless 911 service for purposes of this section.

(e) A user is exempt from the fee if the user is any of the following:

(1) The federal government or an agency of the federal government.

(2) The state or an agency or instrumentality of the state.

(3) A political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or an agency of a political subdivision.

(4) A user that accesses communications service solely through a wireless data only service plan.

(f) This subsection applies to a provider that is designated by the Indiana utility regulatory commission as an eligible telecommunications carrier for purposes of receiving reimbursement from the universal service fund through the administrator designated by the Federal Communications Commission. A provider:

(1) is not considered an agency of the federal government for purposes of the exemption set forth in subsection (e); and

(2) is liable for the monthly statewide 911 fee assessed under subsection (a) with respect to communications service provided by the provider in its capacity as an eligible telecommunications carrier."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 396 as reprinted January 31, 2014.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 1.

KOCH, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Utilities and Energy, to which was referred Senate Bill 405, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 10, between lines 2 and 3, begin a new line blocked left and insert:

"The legislative council is further urged to include in this study assignment the topic of underground facilities that are subject to IC 8-1-26, generally."

(Reference is to SB 405 as reprinted February 4, 2014.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

KOCH, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Roads and Transportation, to which was referred House Concurrent Resolution 23, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said resolution do pass.

(Reference is to HCR 23 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.

SOLIDAY, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Roads and Transportation, to which was referred House Concurrent Resolution 26, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said resolution do pass.

(Reference is to HCR 26 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.

SOLIDAY, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Statutory Committee on Interstate and International Cooperation, to which was referred House Concurrent Resolution 31, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said resolution do pass.

(Reference is to HCR 31 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

CULVER, Chair

Report adopted.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker Your Committee on Roads and Transportation, to which was referred Senate Concurrent Resolution 4, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said resolution do pass.

(Reference is to SCR 4 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.

SOLIDAY, Chair

Report adopted.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILLS ON SECOND READING

Pursuant to House Rule 143.1, the following bills which had no amendments filed, were read a second time by title and ordered engrossed: Engrossed Senate Bills 36, 56, 61, 174, 234, 245, 260, 264, 304, 311, 352 and 387.

Engrossed Senate Bill 208

Representative Heaton called down Engrossed Senate Bill 208 for second reading. The bill was read a second time by title.

HOUSE MOTION (Amendment 208-1)

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 208 be amended to read as follows:

Page 8, between lines 14 and 15, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 2. IC 32-34-1-9.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 9.1. As used in this chapter, "interest bearing property" means one (1) of the following:**

- (1) An interest bearing checking account.
- (2) A savings account.
- (3) A certificate of deposit.
- (4) A money market account."

Page 9, between lines 4 and 5, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 4. IC 32-34-1-30 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 30.** (a) If property, other than money, is paid or delivered to the attorney general under this chapter, the owner is entitled to receive from the attorney general any dividends, interest, or other increments realized or accruing on the property at or before delivery to the attorney general.

(b) **Except as provided in section 30.1 of this chapter,** the owner is not entitled to receive dividends, interest, or other increments accruing after delivery of the property to the attorney general under this chapter unless the property was paid or delivered under section 39(b) of this chapter.

SECTION 5. IC 32-34-1-30.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 30.1. (a) As used in this section, "index" means the Weekly National Rates and Rate Caps index published by the Federal Deposit**

Insurance Corporation or any other index selected by the attorney general under subsection (d).

(b) When interest bearing property is paid or delivered to the attorney general under this chapter, the owner is entitled to receive interest that accrues on the property from the date of payment or delivery, as determined under this section.

(c) When the attorney general approves a valid claim, the attorney general shall calculate and pay the owner simple interest, without compounding, based on the average commercial interest rates for similar interest bearing property types during the period the attorney general has held the property. However, if the attorney general has held the property for more than five (5) years, the attorney general shall use the average commercial interest rate for the five (5) years preceding the year in which the claim is filed.

(d) The attorney general shall use the index to determine the average commercial interest rate earned by similar interest bearing property types. However, if the index is unavailable or, in the opinion of the attorney general, is no longer a reliable source for calculating interest earned by interest bearing property under this section, the attorney general may adopt a rule under IC 4-22-2 to select an alternate index for determining the average commercial interest rate.

(e) When the attorney general pays a claim for interest bearing property, the attorney general shall inform the owner of the rate used to calculate the interest paid on the claim. If the owner establishes to the satisfaction of the attorney general that the property would have earned a higher rate of interest if it had remained in the owner's custody in the same account, the attorney general shall pay interest based on the higher rate established by the owner."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 208 as printed February 18, 2014.)

HEATON

Motion prevailed. The bill was ordered engrossed.

Representatives Mayfield, Lehman and Thompson, who had been excused are now present. Representative Riecken was excused.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILLS ON THIRD READING

Engrossed Senate Bill 85

Representative Morrison called down Engrossed Senate Bill 85 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 235: yeas 91, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill.

Engrossed Senate Bill 217

Representative Wolkins called down Engrossed Senate Bill 217 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 236: yeas 91, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was

directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill.

Engrossed Senate Bill 331

Representative Zent called down Engrossed Senate Bill 331 for third reading:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning higher education.

The bill was read a third time by sections and placed upon its passage. The question was, Shall the bill pass?

Roll Call 237: yeas 93, nays 0. The bill was declared passed. The question was, Shall the title of the bill remain the title of the act? There being no objection, it was so ordered. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the passage of the bill.

The House recessed until the fall of the gavel.

RECESS

The House reconvened at 2:45 p.m. with the Speaker in the Chair.

Representatives Goodin, V. Smith, Porter, Bauer, Sullivan and Wolkins were excused. Representative Riecken, who was excused is now present.

Upon request of Representative Candelaria Reardon, the Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called to determine the presence or absence of a quorum. Roll Call 238: 71 present. The Speaker declared a quorum present.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILLS ON SECOND READING

Engrossed Senate Bill 101

Representative McMillin called down Engrossed Senate Bill 101 for second reading. The bill was read a second time by title.

HOUSE MOTION (Amendment 101-1)

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 101 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, line 11, after "the" insert "**physical**".

Page 4, line 8, delete "property damage to:" and insert "**physical damage to the property of:**".

(Reference is to ESB 101 as printed February 18, 2014.)
DELANEY

Upon request of Representatives Pelath and Battles, the Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called. Roll Call 239: yeas 25, nays 59. Motion failed. The bill was ordered engrossed.

Engrossed Senate Bill 186

Representative Lehe called down Engrossed Senate Bill 186 for second reading. The bill was read a second time by title.

HOUSE MOTION (Amendment 186-1)

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 186 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, line 7, delete "The Indiana Code shall be" and insert "**Sections of the Indiana Code that apply to farming and livestock production practices are intended to serve the state policy on agriculture as set forth in this section.**".

Page 1, delete lines 8 through 10.

(Reference is to ESB 186 as printed February 18, 2014.)
SAUNDERS

Upon request of Representatives Pelath and Lawson, the Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called. Roll Call 240: yeas 35, nays 52. Motion failed. The bill was ordered

engrossed.

Engrossed Senate Bill 282

Representative Behning called down Engrossed Senate Bill 282 for second reading. The bill was read a second time by title.

HOUSE MOTION (Amendment 282-1)

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 282 be amended to read as follows:

Page 3, after line 18, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(d) An eligible school that provides special education and related services to a student who receives an amount under section 4(2) of this chapter must comply with the same requirements as a school corporation under the federal Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.)."

(Reference is to ESB 282 as printed February 18, 2014.)
BATTLES

Upon request of Representatives Pelath and Lawson, the Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called. Roll Call 241: yeas 33, nays 54. Motion failed.

HOUSE MOTION (Amendment 282-2)

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 282 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 20-51-4-2.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.211-2013, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2.5. (a) Notwithstanding IC 20-51-1-4.3(3)(B), IC 20-51-1-4.3(3)(C), or IC 20-51-1-4.3(3)(D)(ii), an individual who initially meets the income requirements under IC 20-51-1-4.3(3)(B), IC 20-51-1-4.3(3)(C), or IC 20-51-1-4.3(3)(D)(ii) and is a member of a household whose income subsequently increases is considered to meet the income requirements for as long as the individual is enrolled in a participating school and is a member of a household with an annual income of not more than two hundred percent (200%) of the amount required for the individual to qualify for the federal free or reduced price lunch program.

(b) This subsection applies to choice scholarships awarded for school years beginning after June 30, 2014. The department shall annually audit at least five percent (5%) of the choice scholarships awarded under section 2 of this chapter. If the department determines through an audit conducted under this subsection that an individual received a choice scholarship while:

(1) enrolled in a participating school; and

(2) being a member of a household whose household income exceeded the income requirements of this article, as applied under subsection (a);

the participating school that endorsed the choice scholarship under section 10 of this chapter is liable to the department for the amount of the choice scholarship paid to the participating school for providing educational services to the individual for the part of the school year in which the individual's household income exceeded the income requirements of this article, as applied under subsection (a). A participating school shall pay any liability determined under this subsection in the manner and at the time prescribed by the department."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 282 as printed February 18, 2014.)
BATTLES

Upon request of Representatives Pelath and Pierce, the Speaker ordered the roll of the House to be called. Roll Call 242: yeas 31, nays 57. Motion failed. The bill was ordered engrossed.

Engrossed Senate Bill 294

Representative Ober called down Engrossed Senate Bill 294 for second reading. The bill was read a second time by title.

HOUSE MOTION
(Amendment 294-4)

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 294 be amended to read as follows:

- Page 4, line 40, strike "the sole officer of".
- Page 4, line 41, strike "the corporation is".
- Page 4, line 42, delete ", ,".
- Page 4, line 42, strike "but".
- Page 5, line 4, strike "who is the sole officer of the corporation".
- Page 13, line 10, strike "the sole officer of the".
- Page 13, line 11, strike "corporation is".
- Page 13, line 11, delete ", ,".
- Page 13, strike line 12.
- Page 13, line 13, before "may" strike "corporation".
- Page 13, line 16, strike "who".
- Page 13, line 17, strike "is the sole officer of the corporation".

(Reference is to ESB 294 as printed February 18, 2014.)

LEHMAN

Motion prevailed. The bill was ordered engrossed.

Engrossed Senate Bill 335

Representative Frye called down Engrossed Senate Bill 335 for second reading. The bill was read a second time by title. There being no amendments, the bill was ordered engrossed.

ENROLLED ACTS SIGNED

The Speaker announced that he had signed House Enrolled Acts 1013, 1178, 1332 and 1350 on February 20.

OTHER BUSINESS ON THE SPEAKER’S TABLE

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Hale and Macer be added as cosponsors of Engrossed Senate Bill 16.

CLERE

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative McMillin be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 52.

EBERHART

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Koch and Burton be added as cosponsors of Engrossed Senate Bill 53.

CULVER

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Lawson be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 85.

MORRISON

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Steuerwald be removed as 1ST sponsor and Representative McMillin be substituted therefor and Representative Steuerwald be added as cosponsor of Senate Bill 101.

STEUERWALD

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Battles be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 118.

T. BROWN

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Rule 105.1 be suspended for the purpose of adding more than three coauthors, and that Representatives DeLaney, Harris, Kersey, Moseley, Pelath and Turner be added as cosponsors of Engrossed Senate Bill 331.

ZENT

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Koch be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 335.

FRYE

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives VanNatter and Hamm be added as cosponsors of Engrossed Senate Bill 340.

KOCH

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative VanDenburgh be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 344.

BEHNING

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Frye and Macer be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 354.

HAMM

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Moed be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 357.

LEHE

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Shackelford be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 375.

HEUER

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Hale be added as cosponsor of Engrossed Senate Bill 394.

TORR

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives Candelaria Reardon and Truitt be added as cosponsors of Engrossed Senate Bill 420.

M. SMITH

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Koch be added as coauthor of House Resolution 15.

UBELHOR

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representatives DeLaney and Goodin be added as coauthors of House Resolution 16.

KOCH

Motion prevailed.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Representative Porter be added as coauthor of House Concurrent Resolution 7.

COX

Motion prevailed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House that the Senate has passed, without amendments, Engrossed House Bills 1008 and 1178 and the same are herewith returned to the House.

JENNIFER L. MERTZ
Principal Secretary of the Senate

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House that the Senate has passed Engrossed House Bills 1190 and 1300 with amendments and the same are herewith returned to the House for concurrence.

JENNIFER L. MERTZ
Principal Secretary of the Senate

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am directed by the Senate to inform the House that the Senate has passed Senate Concurrent Resolution 20 and the same is herewith transmitted to the House for further action.

JENNIFER L. MERTZ
Principal Secretary of the Senate

Pursuant to House Rule 60, committee meetings were announced.

On the motion of Representative Arnold, the House adjourned at 3:25 p.m., this Twentieth day of February, 2014, until Monday, February 24, 2014, at 1:30 p.m.

BRIAN C. BOSMA
Speaker of the House of Representatives

M. CAROLINE SPOTTS
Principal Clerk of the House of Representatives