



February 23, 2016

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 279

DIGEST OF SB 279 (Updated February 18, 2016 3:12 pm - DI 116)

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1; IC 20-40; IC 20-46.

Synopsis: Referendum tax levy ballot language. Provides that at least 500 or 5% of the property owners or registered voters of a political subdivision are necessary to initiate either a debt service remonstrance or debt service referendum. (Current law provides that at least 100 or 5% of the property owners or registered voters of a political subdivision are necessary to initiate either a debt service remonstrance or debt service referendum.) Provides that if a person, organization, or other entity: (1) has a contract or an agreement with a school corporation to conduct a feasibility or cost study to assist the school corporation in determining the cost of a controlled project; and (2) enters into a
(Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2016.

Stoops, Kruse, Randolph Lonnie M

(HOUSE SPONSORS — TRUITT, PIERCE, COOK, RICHARDSON)

January 7, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Education & Career Development.

January 21, 2016, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass; reassigned to Committee on Tax & Fiscal Policy.

January 26, 2016, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

January 28, 2016, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.

February 1, 2016, read third time, passed. Yeas 50, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION

February 9, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Education.

February 22, 2016, amended, reported — Do Pass.

ES 279—LS 6581/DI 92



Digest Continued

contract or agreement with the school corporation to complete a controlled project; the costs associated with the feasibility or cost study may not be paid from the debt service or capital projects fund. Specifies that a resolution to extend a referendum levy must be adopted by the governing body of a school corporation and approved by the voters before December 31 of the final calendar year in which the school corporation's previously approved referendum levy is imposed. Specifies the ballot language for a referendum to extend a referendum levy. Provides that the number of years for which a referendum levy may be extended if the referendum is approved may not exceed the number of years for which the expiring referendum levy was imposed.



February 23, 2016

Second Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 279

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- 1 SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-20-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2015,
2 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3.1. (a) This section applies only to the following:
4 (1) A controlled project (as defined in section 1.1 of this chapter
5 as in effect June 30, 2008) for which the proper officers of a
6 political subdivision make a preliminary determination in the
7 manner described in subsection (b) before July 1, 2008.
8 (2) An elementary school building, middle school building, high
9 school building, or other school building for academic instruction
10 that:
11 (A) is a controlled project;
12 (B) will be used for any combination of kindergarten through
13 grade 12; and
14 (C) will not cost more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).
15 (3) Any other controlled project that:
16 (A) is not a controlled project described in subdivision (1) or
17 (2); and

ES 279—LS 6581/DI 92



- 1 (B) will not cost the political subdivision more than the lesser
 2 of the following:
- 3 (i) Twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000).
 4 (ii) An amount equal to one percent (1%) of the total gross
 5 assessed value of property within the political subdivision
 6 on the last assessment date, if that amount is at least one
 7 million dollars (\$1,000,000).
- 8 (b) A political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay
 9 debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled project
 10 without completing the following procedures:
- 11 (1) The proper officers of a political subdivision shall:
- 12 (A) publish notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and
 13 (B) send notice by first class mail to the circuit court clerk and
 14 to any organization that delivers to the officers, before January
 15 1 of that year, an annual written request for such notices;
 16 of any meeting to consider adoption of a resolution or an
 17 ordinance making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or
 18 enter into a lease and shall conduct a public hearing on a
 19 preliminary determination before adoption of the resolution or
 20 ordinance.
- 21 (2) When the proper officers of a political subdivision make a
 22 preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for
 23 a controlled project, the officers shall give notice of the
 24 preliminary determination by:
- 25 (A) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and
 26 (B) first class mail to the circuit court clerk and to the
 27 organizations described in subdivision (1)(B).
- 28 (3) A notice under subdivision (2) of the preliminary
 29 determination of the political subdivision to issue bonds or enter
 30 into a lease for a controlled project must include the following
 31 information:
- 32 (A) The maximum term of the bonds or lease.
 33 (B) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the
 34 maximum lease rental for the lease.
 35 (C) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total
 36 interest costs associated with the bonds or lease.
 37 (D) The purpose of the bonds or lease.
 38 (E) A statement that any owners of property within the
 39 political subdivision or registered voters residing within the
 40 political subdivision who want to initiate a petition and
 41 remonstrance process against the proposed debt service or
 42 lease payments must file a petition that complies with



- 1 subdivisions (4) and (5) not later than thirty (30) days after
 2 publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1.
 3 (F) With respect to bonds issued or a lease entered into to
 4 open:
 5 (i) a new school facility; or
 6 (ii) an existing facility that has not been used for at least
 7 three (3) years and that is being reopened to provide
 8 additional classroom space;
 9 the estimated costs the school corporation expects to incur
 10 annually to operate the facility.
 11 (G) A statement of whether the school corporation expects to
 12 appeal for a new facility adjustment (as defined in
 13 IC 20-45-1-16 (repealed) before January 1, 2009) for an
 14 increased maximum permissible tuition support levy to pay the
 15 estimated costs described in clause (F).
 16 (H) The political subdivision's current debt service levy and
 17 rate and the estimated increase to the political subdivision's
 18 debt service levy and rate that will result if the political
 19 subdivision issues the bonds or enters into the lease.
 20 (4) After notice is given, a petition requesting the application of
 21 a petition and remonstrance process may be filed by the lesser of:
 22 (A) ~~one five hundred (100)~~ **(500)** persons who are either
 23 owners of property within the political subdivision or
 24 registered voters residing within the political subdivision; or
 25 (B) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within
 26 the political subdivision.
 27 (5) The state board of accounts shall design and, upon request by
 28 the county voter registration office, deliver to the county voter
 29 registration office or the county voter registration office's
 30 designated printer the petition forms to be used solely in the
 31 petition process described in this section. The county voter
 32 registration office shall issue to an owner or owners of property
 33 within the political subdivision or a registered voter residing
 34 within the political subdivision the number of petition forms
 35 requested by the owner or owners or the registered voter. Each
 36 form must be accompanied by instructions detailing the
 37 requirements that:
 38 (A) the carrier and signers must be owners of property or
 39 registered voters;
 40 (B) the carrier must be a signatory on at least one (1) petition;
 41 (C) after the signatures have been collected, the carrier must
 42 swear or affirm before a notary public that the carrier



1 witnessed each signature; and
2 (D) govern the closing date for the petition period.
3 Persons requesting forms may be required to identify themselves
4 as owners of property or registered voters and may be allowed to
5 pick up additional copies to distribute to other owners of property
6 or registered voters. Each person signing a petition must indicate
7 whether the person is signing the petition as a registered voter
8 within the political subdivision or is signing the petition as the
9 owner of property within the political subdivision. A person who
10 signs a petition as a registered voter must indicate the address at
11 which the person is registered to vote. A person who signs a
12 petition as an owner of property must indicate the address of the
13 property owned by the person in the political subdivision.
14 (6) Each petition must be verified under oath by at least one (1)
15 qualified petitioner in a manner prescribed by the state board of
16 accounts before the petition is filed with the county voter
17 registration office under subdivision (7).
18 (7) Each petition must be filed with the county voter registration
19 office not more than thirty (30) days after publication under
20 subdivision (2) of the notice of the preliminary determination.
21 (8) The county voter registration office shall determine whether
22 each person who signed the petition is a registered voter. The
23 county voter registration office shall, not more than fifteen (15)
24 business days after receiving a petition, forward a copy of the
25 petition to the county auditor. Not more than ten (10) business
26 days after receiving the copy of the petition, the county auditor
27 shall provide to the county voter registration office a statement
28 verifying:
29 (A) whether a person who signed the petition as a registered
30 voter but is not a registered voter, as determined by the county
31 voter registration office, is the owner of property in the
32 political subdivision; and
33 (B) whether a person who signed the petition as an owner of
34 property within the political subdivision does in fact own
35 property within the political subdivision.
36 (9) The county voter registration office shall, not more than ten
37 (10) business days after receiving the statement from the county
38 auditor under subdivision (8), make the final determination of the
39 number of petitioners that are registered voters in the political
40 subdivision and, based on the statement provided by the county
41 auditor, the number of petitioners that own property within the
42 political subdivision. Whenever the name of an individual who



1 signs a petition form as a registered voter contains a minor
 2 variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the
 3 records of the county voter registration office, the signature is
 4 presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption that the
 5 individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. Except
 6 as otherwise provided in this chapter, in determining whether an
 7 individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office
 8 shall apply the requirements and procedures used under IC 3 to
 9 determine whether a person is a registered voter for purposes of
 10 voting in an election governed by IC 3. However, an individual is
 11 not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing
 12 proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for
 13 purposes of this chapter. A person is entitled to sign a petition
 14 only one (1) time in a particular petition and remonstrance
 15 process under this chapter, regardless of whether the person owns
 16 more than one (1) parcel of real property, mobile home assessed
 17 as personal property, or manufactured home assessed as personal
 18 property, or a combination of those types of property within the
 19 subdivision and regardless of whether the person is both a
 20 registered voter in the political subdivision and the owner of
 21 property within the political subdivision. Notwithstanding any
 22 other provision of this section, if a petition is presented to the
 23 county voter registration office within forty-five (45) days before
 24 an election, the county voter registration office may defer acting
 25 on the petition, and the time requirements under this section for
 26 action by the county voter registration office do not begin to run
 27 until five (5) days after the date of the election.

28 (10) The county voter registration office must file a certificate and
 29 each petition with:

30 (A) the township trustee, if the political subdivision is a
 31 township, who shall present the petition or petitions to the
 32 township board; or

33 (B) the body that has the authority to authorize the issuance of
 34 the bonds or the execution of a lease, if the political
 35 subdivision is not a township;

36 within thirty-five (35) business days of the filing of the petition
 37 requesting a petition and remonstrance process. The certificate
 38 must state the number of petitioners that are owners of property
 39 within the political subdivision and the number of petitioners who
 40 are registered voters residing within the political subdivision.

41 If a sufficient petition requesting a petition and remonstrance process
 42 is not filed by owners of property or registered voters as set forth in this



1 section, the political subdivision may issue bonds or enter into a lease
 2 by following the provisions of law relating to the bonds to be issued or
 3 lease to be entered into.

4 (c) This subsection applies only to a political subdivision that, after
 5 April 30, 2011, adopts an ordinance or a resolution making a
 6 preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease subject
 7 to this section and section 3.2 of this chapter. A political subdivision
 8 may not artificially divide a capital project into multiple capital
 9 projects in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section
 10 3.2 of this chapter. A person that owns property within a political
 11 subdivision or a person that is a registered voter residing within a
 12 political subdivision may file a petition with the department of local
 13 government finance objecting that the political subdivision has
 14 artificially divided a capital project into multiple capital projects in
 15 order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this
 16 chapter. The petition must be filed not more than ten (10) days after the
 17 political subdivision makes the preliminary determination to issue the
 18 bonds or enter into the lease for the project. If the department of local
 19 government finance receives a petition under this subsection, the
 20 department shall not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the
 21 petition make a final determination on the issue of whether the capital
 22 projects were artificially divided.

23 SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-20-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2013,
 24 SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 25 JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3.5. (a) This section applies only to a controlled
 26 project that meets the following conditions:

27 (1) The controlled project is described in one (1) of the following
 28 categories:

29 (A) An elementary school building, middle school building,
 30 high school building, or other school building for academic
 31 instruction that:

- 32 (i) will be used for any combination of kindergarten through
- 33 grade 12; and
- 34 (ii) will cost more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).

35 (B) Any other controlled project that:

- 36 (i) is not a controlled project described in clause (A); and
- 37 (ii) will cost the political subdivision more than the lesser of
- 38 twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000) or an amount equal to
- 39 one percent (1%) of the total gross assessed value of
- 40 property within the political subdivision on the last
- 41 assessment date (if that amount is at least one million dollars
- 42 (\$1,000,000)).



- 1 (2) The proper officers of the political subdivision make a
 2 preliminary determination after June 30, 2008, in the manner
 3 described in subsection (b) to issue bonds or enter into a lease for
 4 the controlled project.
- 5 (b) A political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay
 6 debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled project
 7 without completing the following procedures:
- 8 (1) The proper officers of a political subdivision shall publish
 9 notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1 and send notice by first class
 10 mail to the circuit court clerk and to any organization that delivers
 11 to the officers, before January 1 of that year, an annual written
 12 request for notices of any meeting to consider the adoption of an
 13 ordinance or a resolution making a preliminary determination to
 14 issue bonds or enter into a lease and shall conduct a public
 15 hearing on the preliminary determination before adoption of the
 16 ordinance or resolution. The political subdivision must make the
 17 following information available to the public at the public hearing
 18 on the preliminary determination, in addition to any other
 19 information required by law:
- 20 (A) The result of the political subdivision's current and
 21 projected annual debt service payments divided by the net
 22 assessed value of taxable property within the political
 23 subdivision.
- 24 (B) The result of:
- 25 (i) the sum of the political subdivision's outstanding long
 26 term debt plus the outstanding long term debt of other taxing
 27 units that include any of the territory of the political
 28 subdivision; divided by
 29 (ii) the net assessed value of taxable property within the
 30 political subdivision.
- 31 (C) The information specified in subdivision (3)(A) through
 32 (3)(G).
- 33 (2) If the proper officers of a political subdivision make a
 34 preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, the
 35 officers shall give notice of the preliminary determination by:
- 36 (A) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and
 37 (B) first class mail to the circuit court clerk and to the
 38 organizations described in subdivision (1).
- 39 (3) A notice under subdivision (2) of the preliminary
 40 determination of the political subdivision to issue bonds or enter
 41 into a lease must include the following information:
- 42 (A) The maximum term of the bonds or lease.



- 1 (B) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the
 2 maximum lease rental for the lease.
 3 (C) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total
 4 interest costs associated with the bonds or lease.
 5 (D) The purpose of the bonds or lease.
 6 (E) A statement that the proposed debt service or lease
 7 payments must be approved in an election on a local public
 8 question held under section 3.6 of this chapter.
 9 (F) With respect to bonds issued or a lease entered into to
 10 open:
 11 (i) a new school facility; or
 12 (ii) an existing facility that has not been used for at least
 13 three (3) years and that is being reopened to provide
 14 additional classroom space;
 15 the estimated costs the school corporation expects to annually
 16 incur to operate the facility.
 17 (G) The political subdivision's current debt service levy and
 18 rate and the estimated increase to the political subdivision's
 19 debt service levy and rate that will result if the political
 20 subdivision issues the bonds or enters into the lease.
 21 (H) The information specified in subdivision (1)(A) through
 22 (1)(B).
 23 (4) After notice is given, a petition requesting the application of
 24 the local public question process under section 3.6 of this chapter
 25 may be filed by the lesser of:
 26 (A) ~~one~~ **five** hundred (~~100~~) (**500**) persons who are either
 27 owners of property within the political subdivision or
 28 registered voters residing within the political subdivision; or
 29 (B) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within
 30 the political subdivision.
 31 (5) The state board of accounts shall design and, upon request by
 32 the county voter registration office, deliver to the county voter
 33 registration office or the county voter registration office's
 34 designated printer the petition forms to be used solely in the
 35 petition process described in this section. The county voter
 36 registration office shall issue to an owner or owners of property
 37 within the political subdivision or a registered voter residing
 38 within the political subdivision the number of petition forms
 39 requested by the owner or owners or the registered voter. Each
 40 form must be accompanied by instructions detailing the
 41 requirements that:
 42 (A) the carrier and signers must be owners of property or



- 1 registered voters;
- 2 (B) the carrier must be a signatory on at least one (1) petition;
- 3 (C) after the signatures have been collected, the carrier must
- 4 swear or affirm before a notary public that the carrier
- 5 witnessed each signature; and
- 6 (D) govern the closing date for the petition period.
- 7 Persons requesting forms may be required to identify themselves
- 8 as owners of property or registered voters and may be allowed to
- 9 pick up additional copies to distribute to other owners of property
- 10 or registered voters. Each person signing a petition must indicate
- 11 whether the person is signing the petition as a registered voter
- 12 within the political subdivision or is signing the petition as the
- 13 owner of property within the political subdivision. A person who
- 14 signs a petition as a registered voter must indicate the address at
- 15 which the person is registered to vote. A person who signs a
- 16 petition as an owner of property must indicate the address of the
- 17 property owned by the person in the political subdivision.
- 18 (6) Each petition must be verified under oath by at least one (1)
- 19 qualified petitioner in a manner prescribed by the state board of
- 20 accounts before the petition is filed with the county voter
- 21 registration office under subdivision (7).
- 22 (7) Each petition must be filed with the county voter registration
- 23 office not more than thirty (30) days after publication under
- 24 subdivision (2) of the notice of the preliminary determination.
- 25 (8) The county voter registration office shall determine whether
- 26 each person who signed the petition is a registered voter.
- 27 However, after the county voter registration office has determined
- 28 that at least one hundred twenty-five (125) persons who signed
- 29 the petition are registered voters within the political subdivision,
- 30 the county voter registration office is not required to verify
- 31 whether the remaining persons who signed the petition are
- 32 registered voters. If the county voter registration office does not
- 33 determine that at least one hundred twenty-five (125) persons who
- 34 signed the petition are registered voters, the county voter
- 35 registration office, not more than fifteen (15) business days after
- 36 receiving a petition, shall forward a copy of the petition to the
- 37 county auditor. Not more than ten (10) business days after
- 38 receiving the copy of the petition, the county auditor shall provide
- 39 to the county voter registration office a statement verifying:
- 40 (A) whether a person who signed the petition as a registered
- 41 voter but is not a registered voter, as determined by the county
- 42 voter registration office, is the owner of property in the



1 political subdivision; and

2 (B) whether a person who signed the petition as an owner of
3 property within the political subdivision does in fact own
4 property within the political subdivision.

5 (9) The county voter registration office, not more than ten (10)
6 business days after determining that at least one hundred
7 twenty-five (125) persons who signed the petition are registered
8 voters or after receiving the statement from the county auditor
9 under subdivision (8) (as applicable), shall make the final
10 determination of whether a sufficient number of persons have
11 signed the petition. Whenever the name of an individual who
12 signs a petition form as a registered voter contains a minor
13 variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the
14 records of the county voter registration office, the signature is
15 presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption that the
16 individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. Except
17 as otherwise provided in this chapter, in determining whether an
18 individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office
19 shall apply the requirements and procedures used under IC 3 to
20 determine whether a person is a registered voter for purposes of
21 voting in an election governed by IC 3. However, an individual is
22 not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing
23 proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for
24 purposes of this chapter. A person is entitled to sign a petition
25 only one (1) time in a particular referendum process under this
26 chapter, regardless of whether the person owns more than one (1)
27 parcel of real property, mobile home assessed as personal
28 property, or manufactured home assessed as personal property or
29 a combination of those types of property within the political
30 subdivision and regardless of whether the person is both a
31 registered voter in the political subdivision and the owner of
32 property within the political subdivision. Notwithstanding any
33 other provision of this section, if a petition is presented to the
34 county voter registration office within forty-five (45) days before
35 an election, the county voter registration office may defer acting
36 on the petition, and the time requirements under this section for
37 action by the county voter registration office do not begin to run
38 until five (5) days after the date of the election.

39 (10) The county voter registration office must file a certificate and
40 each petition with:

41 (A) the township trustee, if the political subdivision is a
42 township, who shall present the petition or petitions to the



1 township board; or
2 (B) the body that has the authority to authorize the issuance of
3 the bonds or the execution of a lease, if the political
4 subdivision is not a township;
5 within thirty-five (35) business days of the filing of the petition
6 requesting the referendum process. The certificate must state the
7 number of petitioners who are owners of property within the
8 political subdivision and the number of petitioners who are
9 registered voters residing within the political subdivision.
10 (11) If a sufficient petition requesting the local public question
11 process is not filed by owners of property or registered voters as
12 set forth in this section, the political subdivision may issue bonds
13 or enter into a lease by following the provisions of law relating to
14 the bonds to be issued or lease to be entered into.
15 (c) If the proper officers of a political subdivision make a
16 preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, the
17 officers shall provide to the county auditor:
18 (1) a copy of the notice required by subsection (b)(2); and
19 (2) any other information the county auditor requires to fulfill the
20 county auditor's duties under section 3.6 of this chapter.
21 SECTION 3. IC 20-40-8-23 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
22 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
23 1, 2016]: **Sec. 23. If a person, organization, or other entity:**
24 (1) enters into a contract or an agreement with a school
25 corporation to conduct a feasibility or cost study to assist the
26 school corporation in determining the cost of a controlled
27 project as described in IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a)(2) or
28 IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a); and
29 (2) enters into a contract or agreement with the school
30 corporation to complete a controlled project as described in
31 IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a)(2) or IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);
32 the costs described in subdivision (1) may not be paid from the
33 fund. This section does not prohibit any person, organization, or
34 other entity from providing a school corporation a free feasibility
35 or cost study to assist the school corporation in determining the
36 cost of a controlled project.
37 SECTION 4. IC 20-40-9-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
38 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
39 1, 2016]: **Sec. 12. If a person, organization, or other entity:**
40 (1) enters into a contract or an agreement with a school
41 corporation to conduct a feasibility or cost study to assist the
42 school corporation in determining the cost of a controlled



1 project as described in IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a)(2) or
 2 IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a); and
 3 (2) enters into a contract or agreement with the school
 4 corporation to complete a controlled project as described in
 5 IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a)(2) or IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);
 6 the costs described in subdivision (1) may not be paid from the
 7 fund. This section does not prohibit any person, organization, or
 8 other entity from providing a school corporation a free feasibility
 9 or cost study to assist the school corporation in determining the
 10 cost of a controlled project.

11 SECTION 5. IC 20-46-1-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
 12 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 13 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.5. As used in this chapter, "resolution to
 14 extend a referendum levy" refers to a resolution adopted under
 15 sections 8 and 8.5 of this chapter to place a referendum on the
 16 ballot requesting authority to continue imposing a tax rate, which
 17 is the same as or lower than the tax rate previously approved by
 18 the voters of the school corporation.

19 SECTION 6. IC 20-46-1-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.166-2014,
 20 SECTION 40, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 21 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) Subject to this chapter, the governing
 22 body of a school corporation may adopt a resolution to place a
 23 referendum under this chapter on the ballot for either of the following
 24 purposes:

- 25 (1) The governing body of the school corporation determines that
- 26 it cannot, in a calendar year, carry out its public educational duty
- 27 unless it imposes a referendum tax levy under this chapter.
- 28 (2) The governing body of the school corporation determines that
- 29 a referendum tax levy under this chapter should be imposed to
- 30 replace property tax revenue that the school corporation will not
- 31 receive because of the application of the credit under
- 32 IC 6-1.1-20.6.

33 (b) The governing body of the school corporation shall certify a
 34 copy of the resolution to the following:

- 35 (1) The department of local government finance, including ~~(in the~~
- 36 ~~case of a resolution certified to the department of local~~
- 37 ~~government finance after April 30, 2011)~~ the language for the
- 38 question required by section 10 of this chapter, ~~in the case of a~~
- 39 ~~resolution certified to the department of local government finance~~
- 40 ~~after April 30, 2011, or in the case of a resolution to extend a~~
- 41 ~~referendum levy certified to the department of local~~
- 42 ~~government finance after March 15, 2016, section 10.1 of this~~



1 **chapter.** The department shall review the language for
 2 compliance with section 10 or 10.1 of this chapter, **whichever is**
 3 **applicable**, and either approve or reject the language. The
 4 department shall send its decision to the governing body of the
 5 school corporation not more than ten (10) days after the resolution
 6 is submitted to the department. If the language is approved, the
 7 governing body of the school corporation shall certify a copy of
 8 the resolution, including the language for the question and the
 9 department's approval.

10 (2) The county fiscal body of each county in which the school
 11 corporation is located (for informational purposes only).

12 (3) The circuit court clerk of each county in which the school
 13 corporation is located.

14 SECTION 7. IC 20-46-1-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
 15 AS A **NEW SECTION** TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 16 UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 8.5. A resolution to extend a referendum**
 17 **levy must be:**

18 (1) **adopted by the governing body of a school corporation;**
 19 **and**

20 (2) **approved in a referendum under this chapter;**

21 **before December 31 of the final calendar year in which the school**
 22 **corporation's previously approved referendum levy is imposed**
 23 **under this chapter.**

24 SECTION 8. IC 20-46-1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.155-2014,
 25 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 26 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) **This section does not apply to a**
 27 **referendum on a resolution certified to the department of local**
 28 **government finance after March 15, 2016, to extend a referendum**
 29 **levy.**

30 (b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum
 31 must read as follows:

32 "For the __ (insert number) calendar year or years immediately
 33 following the holding of the referendum, shall the school
 34 corporation impose a property tax rate that does not exceed
 35 _____ (insert amount) cents (\$0.____) (insert amount) on
 36 each one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation and that is
 37 in addition to all other property taxes imposed by the school
 38 corporation for the purpose of funding _____
 39 (insert short description of purposes)?"

40 SECTION 9. IC 20-46-1-10.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 41 CODE AS A **NEW SECTION** TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 42 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 10.1. (a) This section applies**



1 only to a referendum to allow a school corporation to extend a
2 referendum levy.

3 (b) The question to be submitted to the voters in the referendum
4 must read as follows:

5 "For the __ (insert number) calendar year or years
6 immediately following the holding of the referendum, shall the
7 school corporation continue to impose a property tax rate that
8 does not exceed _____ (insert amount) cents (\$0. __)
9 (insert amount) on each one hundred dollars (\$100) of
10 assessed valuation and for the purpose of funding
11 _____ (insert short description of
12 purposes)?

13 The tax rate requested in this referendum was originally
14 approved by the voters in the _____ (insert name of the
15 school corporation) in _____ (insert the year in which the
16 referendum tax levy was approved)."

17 (c) The number of years for which a referendum tax levy may
18 be extended if the public question under this section is approved
19 may not exceed the number of years for which the expiring
20 referendum tax levy was imposed.

21 SECTION 10. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Education and Career Development, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 279, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 2, line 36, delete "calendar year immediately following the".
and when so amended that said bill do pass and be reassigned to the Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.

(Reference is to SB 279 as introduced.)

KRUSE, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 6, Nays 0.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 279, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 3, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(c) The number of years for which a referendum tax levy may be extended if the public question under this section is approved may not exceed the number of years for which the expiring referendum tax levy was imposed."

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 279 as printed January 22, 2016.)

HERSHMAN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Education, to which was referred Senate Bill 279, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-20-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2015, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3.1. (a) This section applies only to the following:

(1) A controlled project (as defined in section 1.1 of this chapter as in effect June 30, 2008) for which the proper officers of a political subdivision make a preliminary determination in the manner described in subsection (b) before July 1, 2008.

(2) An elementary school building, middle school building, high school building, or other school building for academic instruction that:

(A) is a controlled project;

(B) will be used for any combination of kindergarten through grade 12; and

(C) will not cost more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).

(3) Any other controlled project that:

(A) is not a controlled project described in subdivision (1) or (2); and

(B) will not cost the political subdivision more than the lesser of the following:

(i) Twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000).

(ii) An amount equal to one percent (1%) of the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date, if that amount is at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

(b) A political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled project without completing the following procedures:

(1) The proper officers of a political subdivision shall:

(A) publish notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and

(B) send notice by first class mail to the circuit court clerk and to any organization that delivers to the officers, before January 1 of that year, an annual written request for such notices;

of any meeting to consider adoption of a resolution or an ordinance making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or



enter into a lease and shall conduct a public hearing on a preliminary determination before adoption of the resolution or ordinance.

(2) When the proper officers of a political subdivision make a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease for a controlled project, the officers shall give notice of the preliminary determination by:

(A) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and

(B) first class mail to the circuit court clerk and to the organizations described in subdivision (1)(B).

(3) A notice under subdivision (2) of the preliminary determination of the political subdivision to issue bonds or enter into a lease for a controlled project must include the following information:

(A) The maximum term of the bonds or lease.

(B) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the maximum lease rental for the lease.

(C) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total interest costs associated with the bonds or lease.

(D) The purpose of the bonds or lease.

(E) A statement that any owners of property within the political subdivision or registered voters residing within the political subdivision who want to initiate a petition and remonstrance process against the proposed debt service or lease payments must file a petition that complies with subdivisions (4) and (5) not later than thirty (30) days after publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1.

(F) With respect to bonds issued or a lease entered into to open:

(i) a new school facility; or

(ii) an existing facility that has not been used for at least three (3) years and that is being reopened to provide additional classroom space;

the estimated costs the school corporation expects to incur annually to operate the facility.

(G) A statement of whether the school corporation expects to appeal for a new facility adjustment (as defined in IC 20-45-1-16 (repealed) before January 1, 2009) for an increased maximum permissible tuition support levy to pay the estimated costs described in clause (F).

(H) The political subdivision's current debt service levy and rate and the estimated increase to the political subdivision's



debt service levy and rate that will result if the political subdivision issues the bonds or enters into the lease.

(4) After notice is given, a petition requesting the application of a petition and remonstrance process may be filed by the lesser of:

- (A) ~~one~~ **five** hundred ~~(100)~~ **(500)** persons who are either owners of property within the political subdivision or registered voters residing within the political subdivision; or
- (B) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within the political subdivision.

(5) The state board of accounts shall design and, upon request by the county voter registration office, deliver to the county voter registration office or the county voter registration office's designated printer the petition forms to be used solely in the petition process described in this section. The county voter registration office shall issue to an owner or owners of property within the political subdivision or a registered voter residing within the political subdivision the number of petition forms requested by the owner or owners or the registered voter. Each form must be accompanied by instructions detailing the requirements that:

- (A) the carrier and signers must be owners of property or registered voters;
- (B) the carrier must be a signatory on at least one (1) petition;
- (C) after the signatures have been collected, the carrier must swear or affirm before a notary public that the carrier witnessed each signature; and
- (D) govern the closing date for the petition period.

Persons requesting forms may be required to identify themselves as owners of property or registered voters and may be allowed to pick up additional copies to distribute to other owners of property or registered voters. Each person signing a petition must indicate whether the person is signing the petition as a registered voter within the political subdivision or is signing the petition as the owner of property within the political subdivision. A person who signs a petition as a registered voter must indicate the address at which the person is registered to vote. A person who signs a petition as an owner of property must indicate the address of the property owned by the person in the political subdivision.

(6) Each petition must be verified under oath by at least one (1) qualified petitioner in a manner prescribed by the state board of accounts before the petition is filed with the county voter registration office under subdivision (7).



(7) Each petition must be filed with the county voter registration office not more than thirty (30) days after publication under subdivision (2) of the notice of the preliminary determination.

(8) The county voter registration office shall determine whether each person who signed the petition is a registered voter. The county voter registration office shall, not more than fifteen (15) business days after receiving a petition, forward a copy of the petition to the county auditor. Not more than ten (10) business days after receiving the copy of the petition, the county auditor shall provide to the county voter registration office a statement verifying:

(A) whether a person who signed the petition as a registered voter but is not a registered voter, as determined by the county voter registration office, is the owner of property in the political subdivision; and

(B) whether a person who signed the petition as an owner of property within the political subdivision does in fact own property within the political subdivision.

(9) The county voter registration office shall, not more than ten (10) business days after receiving the statement from the county auditor under subdivision (8), make the final determination of the number of petitioners that are registered voters in the political subdivision and, based on the statement provided by the county auditor, the number of petitioners that own property within the political subdivision. Whenever the name of an individual who signs a petition form as a registered voter contains a minor variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the records of the county voter registration office, the signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, in determining whether an individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the requirements and procedures used under IC 3 to determine whether a person is a registered voter for purposes of voting in an election governed by IC 3. However, an individual is not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for purposes of this chapter. A person is entitled to sign a petition only one (1) time in a particular petition and remonstrance process under this chapter, regardless of whether the person owns more than one (1) parcel of real property, mobile home assessed as personal property, or manufactured home assessed as personal



property, or a combination of those types of property within the subdivision and regardless of whether the person is both a registered voter in the political subdivision and the owner of property within the political subdivision. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a petition is presented to the county voter registration office within forty-five (45) days before an election, the county voter registration office may defer acting on the petition, and the time requirements under this section for action by the county voter registration office do not begin to run until five (5) days after the date of the election.

(10) The county voter registration office must file a certificate and each petition with:

(A) the township trustee, if the political subdivision is a township, who shall present the petition or petitions to the township board; or

(B) the body that has the authority to authorize the issuance of the bonds or the execution of a lease, if the political subdivision is not a township;

within thirty-five (35) business days of the filing of the petition requesting a petition and remonstrance process. The certificate must state the number of petitioners that are owners of property within the political subdivision and the number of petitioners who are registered voters residing within the political subdivision.

If a sufficient petition requesting a petition and remonstrance process is not filed by owners of property or registered voters as set forth in this section, the political subdivision may issue bonds or enter into a lease by following the provisions of law relating to the bonds to be issued or lease to be entered into.

(c) This subsection applies only to a political subdivision that, after April 30, 2011, adopts an ordinance or a resolution making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease subject to this section and section 3.2 of this chapter. A political subdivision may not artificially divide a capital project into multiple capital projects in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this chapter. A person that owns property within a political subdivision or a person that is a registered voter residing within a political subdivision may file a petition with the department of local government finance objecting that the political subdivision has artificially divided a capital project into multiple capital projects in order to avoid the requirements of this section and section 3.2 of this chapter. The petition must be filed not more than ten (10) days after the political subdivision makes the preliminary determination to issue the



bonds or enter into the lease for the project. If the department of local government finance receives a petition under this subsection, the department shall not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the petition make a final determination on the issue of whether the capital projects were artificially divided.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-20-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2013, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3.5. (a) This section applies only to a controlled project that meets the following conditions:

(1) The controlled project is described in one (1) of the following categories:

(A) An elementary school building, middle school building, high school building, or other school building for academic instruction that:

(i) will be used for any combination of kindergarten through grade 12; and

(ii) will cost more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).

(B) Any other controlled project that:

(i) is not a controlled project described in clause (A); and

(ii) will cost the political subdivision more than the lesser of twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000) or an amount equal to one percent (1%) of the total gross assessed value of property within the political subdivision on the last assessment date (if that amount is at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000)).

(2) The proper officers of the political subdivision make a preliminary determination after June 30, 2008, in the manner described in subsection (b) to issue bonds or enter into a lease for the controlled project.

(b) A political subdivision may not impose property taxes to pay debt service on bonds or lease rentals on a lease for a controlled project without completing the following procedures:

(1) The proper officers of a political subdivision shall publish notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1 and send notice by first class mail to the circuit court clerk and to any organization that delivers to the officers, before January 1 of that year, an annual written request for notices of any meeting to consider the adoption of an ordinance or a resolution making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease and shall conduct a public hearing on the preliminary determination before adoption of the ordinance or resolution. The political subdivision must make the following information available to the public at the public hearing



on the preliminary determination, in addition to any other information required by law:

- (A) The result of the political subdivision's current and projected annual debt service payments divided by the net assessed value of taxable property within the political subdivision.
 - (B) The result of:
 - (i) the sum of the political subdivision's outstanding long term debt plus the outstanding long term debt of other taxing units that include any of the territory of the political subdivision; divided by
 - (ii) the net assessed value of taxable property within the political subdivision.
 - (C) The information specified in subdivision (3)(A) through (3)(G).
- (2) If the proper officers of a political subdivision make a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, the officers shall give notice of the preliminary determination by:
- (A) publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and
 - (B) first class mail to the circuit court clerk and to the organizations described in subdivision (1).
- (3) A notice under subdivision (2) of the preliminary determination of the political subdivision to issue bonds or enter into a lease must include the following information:
- (A) The maximum term of the bonds or lease.
 - (B) The maximum principal amount of the bonds or the maximum lease rental for the lease.
 - (C) The estimated interest rates that will be paid and the total interest costs associated with the bonds or lease.
 - (D) The purpose of the bonds or lease.
 - (E) A statement that the proposed debt service or lease payments must be approved in an election on a local public question held under section 3.6 of this chapter.
 - (F) With respect to bonds issued or a lease entered into to open:
 - (i) a new school facility; or
 - (ii) an existing facility that has not been used for at least three (3) years and that is being reopened to provide additional classroom space;
 the estimated costs the school corporation expects to annually incur to operate the facility.
 - (G) The political subdivision's current debt service levy and



rate and the estimated increase to the political subdivision's debt service levy and rate that will result if the political subdivision issues the bonds or enters into the lease.

(H) The information specified in subdivision (1)(A) through (1)(B).

(4) After notice is given, a petition requesting the application of the local public question process under section 3.6 of this chapter may be filed by the lesser of:

- (A) ~~one~~ **five** hundred ~~(+00)~~ **(500)** persons who are either owners of property within the political subdivision or registered voters residing within the political subdivision; or
- (B) five percent (5%) of the registered voters residing within the political subdivision.

(5) The state board of accounts shall design and, upon request by the county voter registration office, deliver to the county voter registration office or the county voter registration office's designated printer the petition forms to be used solely in the petition process described in this section. The county voter registration office shall issue to an owner or owners of property within the political subdivision or a registered voter residing within the political subdivision the number of petition forms requested by the owner or owners or the registered voter. Each form must be accompanied by instructions detailing the requirements that:

- (A) the carrier and signers must be owners of property or registered voters;
- (B) the carrier must be a signatory on at least one (1) petition;
- (C) after the signatures have been collected, the carrier must swear or affirm before a notary public that the carrier witnessed each signature; and
- (D) govern the closing date for the petition period.

Persons requesting forms may be required to identify themselves as owners of property or registered voters and may be allowed to pick up additional copies to distribute to other owners of property or registered voters. Each person signing a petition must indicate whether the person is signing the petition as a registered voter within the political subdivision or is signing the petition as the owner of property within the political subdivision. A person who signs a petition as a registered voter must indicate the address at which the person is registered to vote. A person who signs a petition as an owner of property must indicate the address of the property owned by the person in the political subdivision.



(6) Each petition must be verified under oath by at least one (1) qualified petitioner in a manner prescribed by the state board of accounts before the petition is filed with the county voter registration office under subdivision (7).

(7) Each petition must be filed with the county voter registration office not more than thirty (30) days after publication under subdivision (2) of the notice of the preliminary determination.

(8) The county voter registration office shall determine whether each person who signed the petition is a registered voter. However, after the county voter registration office has determined that at least one hundred twenty-five (125) persons who signed the petition are registered voters within the political subdivision, the county voter registration office is not required to verify whether the remaining persons who signed the petition are registered voters. If the county voter registration office does not determine that at least one hundred twenty-five (125) persons who signed the petition are registered voters, the county voter registration office, not more than fifteen (15) business days after receiving a petition, shall forward a copy of the petition to the county auditor. Not more than ten (10) business days after receiving the copy of the petition, the county auditor shall provide to the county voter registration office a statement verifying:

(A) whether a person who signed the petition as a registered voter but is not a registered voter, as determined by the county voter registration office, is the owner of property in the political subdivision; and

(B) whether a person who signed the petition as an owner of property within the political subdivision does in fact own property within the political subdivision.

(9) The county voter registration office, not more than ten (10) business days after determining that at least one hundred twenty-five (125) persons who signed the petition are registered voters or after receiving the statement from the county auditor under subdivision (8) (as applicable), shall make the final determination of whether a sufficient number of persons have signed the petition. Whenever the name of an individual who signs a petition form as a registered voter contains a minor variation from the name of the registered voter as set forth in the records of the county voter registration office, the signature is presumed to be valid, and there is a presumption that the individual is entitled to sign the petition under this section. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, in determining whether an



individual is a registered voter, the county voter registration office shall apply the requirements and procedures used under IC 3 to determine whether a person is a registered voter for purposes of voting in an election governed by IC 3. However, an individual is not required to comply with the provisions concerning providing proof of identification to be considered a registered voter for purposes of this chapter. A person is entitled to sign a petition only one (1) time in a particular referendum process under this chapter, regardless of whether the person owns more than one (1) parcel of real property, mobile home assessed as personal property, or manufactured home assessed as personal property or a combination of those types of property within the political subdivision and regardless of whether the person is both a registered voter in the political subdivision and the owner of property within the political subdivision. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a petition is presented to the county voter registration office within forty-five (45) days before an election, the county voter registration office may defer acting on the petition, and the time requirements under this section for action by the county voter registration office do not begin to run until five (5) days after the date of the election.

(10) The county voter registration office must file a certificate and each petition with:

(A) the township trustee, if the political subdivision is a township, who shall present the petition or petitions to the township board; or

(B) the body that has the authority to authorize the issuance of the bonds or the execution of a lease, if the political subdivision is not a township;

within thirty-five (35) business days of the filing of the petition requesting the referendum process. The certificate must state the number of petitioners who are owners of property within the political subdivision and the number of petitioners who are registered voters residing within the political subdivision.

(11) If a sufficient petition requesting the local public question process is not filed by owners of property or registered voters as set forth in this section, the political subdivision may issue bonds or enter into a lease by following the provisions of law relating to the bonds to be issued or lease to be entered into.

(c) If the proper officers of a political subdivision make a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, the officers shall provide to the county auditor:



- (1) a copy of the notice required by subsection (b)(2); and
- (2) any other information the county auditor requires to fulfill the county auditor's duties under section 3.6 of this chapter.

SECTION 3. IC 20-40-8-23 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: **Sec. 23. If a person, organization, or other entity:**

- (1) enters into a contract or an agreement with a school corporation to conduct a feasibility or cost study to assist the school corporation in determining the cost of a controlled project as described in IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a)(2) or IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a); and
- (2) enters into a contract or agreement with the school corporation to complete a controlled project as described in IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a)(2) or IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);

the costs described in subdivision (1) may not be paid from the fund. This section does not prohibit any person, organization, or other entity from providing a school corporation a free feasibility or cost study to assist the school corporation in determining the cost of a controlled project.

SECTION 4. IC 20-40-9-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: **Sec. 12. If a person, organization, or other entity:**

- (1) enters into a contract or an agreement with a school corporation to conduct a feasibility or cost study to assist the school corporation in determining the cost of a controlled project as described in IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a)(2) or IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a); and
- (2) enters into a contract or agreement with the school corporation to complete a controlled project as described in IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a)(2) or IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);

the costs described in subdivision (1) may not be paid from the fund. This section does not prohibit any person, organization, or other entity from providing a school corporation a free feasibility or cost study to assist the school corporation in determining the cost of a controlled project."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 279 as printed January 27, 2016.)

BEHNING

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

ES 279—LS 6581/DI 92

