First Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE ENROLLED ACT No. 1079

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 20-26-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.121-2009, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as otherwise provided, IC 20-26-1 through IC 20-26-5 and IC 20-26-7 apply to all school corporations.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), IC 20-26-5-10 applies to:

(1) a school corporation;
(2) a charter school; and
(3) an accredited nonpublic school.

SECTION 2. IC 20-26-5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.106-2016, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) This section applies to a:

(1) school corporation;
(2) charter school; or
(3) a nonpublic school that employs one (1) or more employees.

(b) A school corporation, including a charter school, and a nonpublic school shall adopt a policy concerning criminal history information for individuals who:

(1) apply for:

(A) employment with the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school; or
(B) employment with an entity with which the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school contracts for services;

(2) seek to enter into a contract to provide services to the school

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corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school; or
(3) are employed by an entity that seeks to enter into a contract to provide services to the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school;

if the individuals are likely to have direct, ongoing contact with children within the scope of the individuals' employment.

(c) Except as provided in subsections (f) and (g), a school corporation, including a charter school, and a nonpublic school shall administer a policy adopted under this section uniformly for all individuals to whom the policy applies. A policy adopted under this section must require that the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school conduct an expanded criminal history check and an expanded child protection index check concerning each applicant for noncertificated employment or certificated employment before or not later than three (3) months after the applicant's employment by the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school.

(d) A policy adopted under this section must require that the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school conduct an expanded criminal history check concerning each applicant for employment who is likely to have direct, ongoing contact with children within the scope of the individual's employment before or not later than thirty (30) days after the start date of the applicant's employment by the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school.

(e) A policy adopted under this section must require that the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school conduct an expanded child protection index check concerning each applicant for employment who is likely to have direct, ongoing contact with children within the scope of the individual's employment before or not later than sixty (60) days after the start date of the applicant's employment by the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school. An expanded child protection index check made under this section must include inquiries to each state in which information necessary to complete the expanded child protection index check is available.

(f) A policy adopted under this section must state that the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school requires an expanded criminal history check concerning an employee of the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school. The checks must be conducted every five (5) years. A school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school may adopt a policy to require an employee to obtain an expanded child protection index check every five (5) years.

(g) In implementing subsection (f), and subject to subsection (j), a school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school may
update the checks required under subsection (f) for employees who are employed by the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school as of July 1, 2017, over a period not to exceed five (5) years by annually conducting updated expanded criminal history checks and expanded child protection index checks for at least one-fifth (1/5) of the number of employees who are employed by the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school on July 1, 2017.

(h) Each individual hired for noncertificated employment or certificated employment An applicant or employee may be required to provide a written consent for the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school to request an expanded criminal history check and an expanded child protection index check concerning the individual before or not later than three (3) months after the individual's employment by the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school. The school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school may require the individual to provide a set of fingerprints and pay any fees required for the expanded criminal history check and expanded child protection index check. Each applicant for noncertificated employment or certificated employment or employee described in subsection (f) may be required:

(1) at the time the individual applies or updates an expanded criminal history check under subsection (f); or
(2) while an expanded criminal history check or expanded child protection index check is being conducted;
to answer questions concerning the individual's expanded criminal history check and expanded child protection index check. The failure to answer honestly questions asked under this subsection is grounds for termination of the employee's employment.

(i) The An applicant is responsible for all costs associated with obtaining the expanded criminal history check and expanded child protection index check unless the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school agrees to pay the costs. A school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school may agree to pay the costs associated with obtaining an expanded criminal history background check for an employee. An employee of a school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school may not be required to pay the costs of an expanded child protection index check.

(j) An applicant or employee may not be required by a school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school to obtain an expanded criminal history check or an expanded child protection index check more than one (1) time during a five (5) year period. However, a school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school may obtain
an expanded criminal history check or an expanded child protection index check at any time if the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school has reason to believe that the applicant or employee:

(1) is the subject of a substantiated report of child abuse or neglect; or

(2) has been charged with or convicted of a crime listed in section 11(b) of this chapter.

(k) As used in this subsection, "offense requiring license revocation" means an offense listed in IC 20-28-5-8(c). A policy adopted under this section must prohibit a school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school from hiring a person who has been convicted of an offense requiring license revocation, unless the conviction has been reversed, vacated, or set aside on appeal.

(d) (l) Information obtained under this section must be used in accordance with law.

SECTION 3. IC 20-26-5-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10.5. Each school corporation, charter school, and nonpublic school that employs one (1) or more employees, shall adopt a policy requiring the school employer of the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school to contact employment references and, if applicable, the most recent employer provided by a prospective employee, before the school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school may hire the prospective employee.

SECTION 4. IC 20-28-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.13-2016, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies when a prosecuting attorney knows that a licensed employee of a public school or a nonpublic school has been convicted of an offense listed in subsection (c). The prosecuting attorney shall immediately give written notice of the conviction to the following:

(1) The state superintendent.

(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3), the superintendent of the school corporation that employs the licensed employee or the equivalent authority if a nonpublic school employs the licensed employee.

(3) The presiding officer of the governing body of the school corporation that employs the licensed employee, if the convicted licensed employee is the superintendent of the school corporation.

(b) The superintendent of a school corporation, presiding officer of the governing body, or equivalent authority for a nonpublic school shall immediately notify the state superintendent when the individual knows
that a current or former licensed employee of the public school or nonpublic school has been convicted of an offense listed in subsection (c), or when the governing body or equivalent authority for a nonpublic school takes any final action in relation to an employee who engaged in any offense listed in subsection (c).

(c) **Except as provided in section 8.5 of this chapter,** the department **after holding a hearing on the matter,** shall permanently revoke the license of a person who is known by the department to have been convicted of any of the following felonies:

1. Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
2. Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3).
3. Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
4. Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) (before its repeal).
5. Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
6. Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b) or IC 35-42-4-4(c)).
7. Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).
8. Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).
10. Sexual misconduct with a minor (IC 35-42-4-9).
11. Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).
12. Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC 35-48-4-1).
13. Dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1).
14. Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-2).
15. Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-3).
17. Dealing in a counterfeit substance (IC 35-48-4-5).
18. Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a felony (IC 35-48-4-10).
19. Dealing in a synthetic drug or synthetic drug lookalike substance (IC 35-48-4-10.5, or IC 35-48-4-10(b) before its amendment in 2013).
20. Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(d) or IC 35-42-4-4(e)).
22. Voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3).
23. Reckless homicide (IC 35-42-1-5).
24. Battery as any of the following:
   A Class A felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 2 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014).
B A Class B felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
2014) or a Level 3 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014).

(C) A Class C felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 5 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014).

(25) Aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).

(26) Robbery (IC 35-42-5-1).

(27) Carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2) (before its repeal).

(28) Arson as a Class A felony or Class B felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or as a Level 2, Level 3, or Level 4 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) (IC 35-43-1-1(a)).

(29) Burglary as a Class A felony or Class B felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 2014) or as a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, or Level 4 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014) (IC 35-43-2-1).

(30) Human trafficking (IC 35-42-3.5).

(31) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in this subsection.

(32) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed in this subsection.

(d) The department after holding a hearing on the matter, shall permanently revoke the license of a person who is known by the department to have been convicted of a federal offense or an offense in another state that is comparable to a felony listed in subsection (c).

(e) A license may be suspended by the state superintendent as specified in IC 20-28-7.5.

(f) The department shall develop a data base of information on school corporation employees who have been reported to the department under this section.

(g) Upon receipt of information from the division of state court administration in accordance with IC 33-24-6-3 concerning persons convicted of an offense listed in subsection (c), the department shall:

1. cross check the information received from the division of state court administration with information concerning licensed teachers (as defined in IC 20-18-2-22(b)) maintained by the department; and
2. if a licensed teacher (as defined in IC 20-18-2-22(b)) has been convicted of an offense described in subsection (c), revoke the licensed teacher's license.
the matter, reinstate the license of a person whose license has been revoked under section 8 of this chapter if the person's conviction has been reversed, vacated, or set aside on appeal.

SECTION 6. IC 20-28-7.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2016, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. (a) Before a teacher's contract is canceled, the teacher has the following rights:

1. The principal or superintendent shall notify the teacher of the principal's or superintendent's preliminary decision. The notification must be:
   (A) in writing; and
   (B) delivered in person or mailed by registered or certified mail to the teacher at the teacher's last known address.
2. The notice in subdivision (1) must include a written statement, subject to IC 5-14-3-4, giving the reasons for the preliminary decision.
3. Notification due to a reduction in force must be delivered between May 1 and July 1.

(b) For a cancellation of a teacher's contract for a reason other than a reduction in force, the notice required under subsection (a)(1) must inform the teacher that, not later than five (5) days after the teacher's receipt of the notice, the teacher may request a private conference with the superintendent or the assistant superintendent. The superintendent or the assistant superintendent, as applicable, must set the requested meeting not later than ten (10) days after the request.

(c) At the conference between the superintendent or the assistant superintendent, as applicable, and the teacher, the teacher may be accompanied by a representative.

(d) After the conference between the superintendent or the assistant superintendent, as applicable, and the teacher, the superintendent or the assistant superintendent, whoever attended the conference, shall make a written recommendation to the governing body of the school corporation regarding the cancellation of the teacher's contract.

(e) If the teacher does not request a conference under subsection (b), the principal's or superintendent's preliminary decision is considered final.

(f) If a probationary, professional, or established teacher files a request with the governing body for an additional private conference not later than five (5) days after the initial private conference with the superintendent or the assistant superintendent, as applicable, the teacher is entitled to an additional private conference with the governing body before the governing body makes a final decision. The final decision must be in writing and must be made not more than thirty (30) days after the governing body receives the teacher's request for the
additional private conference. At the private conference the governing body shall do the following:

(1) Allow the teacher to present evidence to refute the reason or reasons for contract cancellation and supporting evidence provided by the school corporation. Any evidence presented at the private conference must have been exchanged by the parties at least seven (7) days before the private conference.

(2) Consider whether a preponderance of the evidence supports the cancellation of the teacher's contract.

SECTION 7. IC 33-24-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2016, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. (a) The division of state court administration shall do the following:

(1) Examine the administrative and business methods and systems employed in the offices of the clerks of court and other offices related to and serving the courts and make recommendations for necessary improvement.

(2) Collect and compile statistical data and other information on the judicial work of the courts in Indiana. All justices of the supreme court, judges of the court of appeals, judges of all trial courts, and any city or town courts, whether having general or special jurisdiction, court clerks, court reporters, and other officers and employees of the courts shall, upon notice by the executive director and in compliance with procedures prescribed by the executive director, furnish the executive director the information as is requested concerning the nature and volume of judicial business. The information must include the following:

(A) The volume, condition, and type of business conducted by the courts.

(B) The methods of procedure in the courts.

(C) The work accomplished by the courts.

(D) The receipt and expenditure of public money by and for the operation of the courts.

(E) The methods of disposition or termination of cases.

(3) Prepare and publish reports, not less than one (1) or more than two (2) times per year, on the nature and volume of judicial work performed by the courts as determined by the information required in subdivision (2).

(4) Serve the judicial nominating commission and the judicial qualifications commission in the performance by the commissions of their statutory and constitutional functions.

(5) Administer the civil legal aid fund as required by IC 33-24-12.

(6) Administer the judicial technology and automation project fund established by section 12 of this chapter.
(7) By December 31, 2013, develop and implement a standard protocol for sending and receiving court data:

(A) between the protective order registry, established by IC 5-2-9-5.5, and county court case management systems;

(B) at the option of the county prosecuting attorney, for:
   (i) a prosecuting attorney's case management system;
   (ii) a county court case management system; and
   (iii) a county court case management system developed and operated by the division of state court administration;

(C) between county court case management systems and the case management system developed and operated by the division of state court administration.

The standard protocol developed and implemented under this subdivision shall permit private sector vendors, including vendors providing service to a local system and vendors accessing the system for information, to send and receive court information on an equitable basis and at an equitable cost.

(8) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving information that relates to certain individuals who may be prohibited from possessing a firearm and transmitting this information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the NICS.

(9) Establish and administer an electronic system for receiving felony conviction information for each felony described in IC 35-48-4-14.5(h)(1) from courts. The division shall notify NPLEx of each felony described in IC 35-48-4-14.5(h)(1) entered after June 30, 2012, and do the following:

(A) Provide NPLEx with the following information:
   (i) The convicted individual's full name.
   (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth.
   (iii) The convicted individual's driver's license number, state personal identification number, or other unique number, if available.
   (iv) The date the individual was convicted of the felony.

Upon receipt of the information from the division, a stop sale alert must be generated through NPLEx for each individual reported under this clause.

(B) Notify NPLEx if the felony of an individual reported under clause (A) has been:
   (i) set aside;
   (ii) reversed;
   (iii) expunged; or
(iv) vacated.
Upon receipt of information under this clause, NPLEx shall remove the stop sale alert issued under clause (A) for the individual.

(10) Staff the judicial technology oversight committee established by IC 33-23-17-2.

(11) After July 1, 2018, establish and administer an electronic system for receiving from courts felony conviction information for each felony described in IC 20-28-5-8(c). The division shall notify the department of education at least one (1) time each week of each felony described in IC 20-28-5-8(c) entered after July 1, 2018, and do the following:
(A) Provide the department of education with the following information:
   (i) The convicted individual's full name.
   (ii) The convicted individual's date of birth.
   (iii) The convicted individual's driver's license number, state personal identification number, or other unique number, if available.
   (iv) The date the individual was convicted of the felony.
(B) Notify the department of education if the felony of an individual reported under clause (A) has been:
   (i) set aside;
   (ii) reversed; or
   (iii) vacated.

(b) All forms to be used in gathering data must be approved by the supreme court and shall be distributed to all judges and clerks before the start of each period for which reports are required.
(c) The division may adopt rules to implement this section.

SECTION 8. IC 35-38-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L. 179-2015, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 9. (a) As used in this chapter, "recommendation" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-31.5-2-272, and "victim" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-31.5-2-348.
(b) The presentence investigation consists of the gathering of information with respect to:
   (1) the circumstances attending the commission of the offense;
   (2) the convicted person's history of delinquency or criminality, social history, employment history, family situation, economic status, education, and personal habits;
   (3) the impact of the crime upon the victim; and
   (4) whether the convicted person is:
      (A) licensed or certified in a profession regulated by IC 25;
      (B) licensed under IC 20-28-5; or
      (C) employed, or was previously employed, as a teacher (as
defined in IC 20-18-2-22(b)) in a school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school.

(c) The presentence investigation may include any matter that the probation officer conducting the investigation believes is relevant to the question of sentence, and must include:

(1) any matters the court directs to be included;
(2) any written statements submitted to the prosecuting attorney by a victim under IC 35-35-3;
(3) any written statements submitted to the probation officer by a victim; and
(4) preparation of the victim impact statement required under section 8.5 of this chapter.

(d) If there are no written statements submitted to the probation officer, the probation officer shall certify to the court:

(1) that the probation officer has attempted to contact the victim; and
(2) that if the probation officer has contacted the victim, the probation officer has offered to accept the written statements of the victim or to reduce the victim's oral statements to writing, concerning the sentence, including the acceptance of any recommendation.

(e) A presentence investigation report prepared by a probation officer must include the information and comply with any other requirements established in the rules adopted under IC 11-13-1-8.

(f) The probation officer shall consult with a community corrections program officer or employee (if there is a community corrections program in the county) regarding services and programs available to the defendant while preparing the presentence investigation report.

SECTION 9. IC 35-50-10-1, AS AMENDED BY SEA 64-2017, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section, "offense requiring license revocation" means an offense listed in IC 20-28-5-8(c).

(b) If an individual is or was a teacher in a primary or secondary school, school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school including a public or nonpublic school, and is convicted of

(1) kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2);
(2) criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3);
(3) rape (IC 35-42-4-1);
(4) criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) (before its repeal);
(5) child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3);
(6) child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b));
(7) vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5);
(8) child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6);
(9) child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7);
(10) sexual misconduct with a minor (IC 35-42-4-9);
(11) incest (IC 35-46-1-3);
(12) dealing in or manufacturing cocaine or a narcotic drug
(IC 35-48-4-1);
(13) dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1);
(14) dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
(IC 35-48-4-2);
(15) dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-3);
(16) dealing in a schedule V controlled substance (IC 35-48-4-4);
(17) dealing in a counterfeit substance (IC 35-48-4-5);
(18) dealing in marijuana, hash oil, hashish, or salvia as a felony
(IC 35-48-4-10);
(19) dealing in a synthetic drug or synthetic drug lookalike
substance (IC 35-48-4-10.5; or IC 35-48-4-10(b) before its
amendment in 2013);
(20) possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c));
(21) homicide (IC 35-42-1);
(22) voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3);
(23) reckless homicide (IC 35-42-1-5);
(24) battery (IC 35-42-2-1) as:
   (A) a Class A felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
       2014) or a Level 2 felony (for a crime committed after June
       30, 2014);
   (B) a Class B felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
       2014) or a Level 3 felony (for a crime committed after June
       30, 2014); or
   (C) a Class C felony (for a crime committed before July 1,
       2014) or a Level 5 felony (for a crime committed after June
       30, 2014);
(25) aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5);
(26) robbery (IC 35-42-5-1);
(27) carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2) (before its repeal);
(28) arson as a Class A felony or Class B felony (for a crime
committed before July 1, 2014) or as a Level 2, Level 3, or Level
4 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014)
(IC 35-43-1-1(a));
(29) burglary as a Class A felony or Class B felony (for a crime
committed before July 1, 2014) or as a Level 1, Level 2, Level 3,
or Level 4 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014)
(IC 35-43-2-1);
(30) attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in
this subsection; or
(31) conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed
in this subsection;
an offense requiring license revocation, the judge who presided over the trial or accepted a plea agreement shall give written notice of the conviction to the state superintendent of public instruction and the chief administrative officer of the primary or secondary school; including a public or school corporation, charter school, or nonpublic school, or, if the individual is employed in a public school, the superintendent of the school district in which the individual is employed.

(b) Notice under subsection (a) (b) must occur not later than seven (7) days after the date the judgment is entered.

c) The notification sent to a school or school district under subsection (a) (b) must include only the felony for which the individual was convicted.

d) If a judge later modifies the individual's sentence after giving notice under this section, the judge shall notify the school or the school district of the modification.

e) After receiving a notification under subsection (a), (b), the state superintendent of public instruction shall initiate procedures to revoke the individual's license to teach.
Speaker of the House of Representatives

President of the Senate

President Pro Tempore

Governor of the State of Indiana

Date: __________________    Time: __________________