

# SENATE BILL No. 380

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## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 5-2.

**Synopsis:** Crisis intervention teams. Requires the law enforcement training academy to include crisis intervention team (CIT) training in initial training and in continuing education training. Requires the criminal justice institute (institute) to: (1) administer CIT programs; (2) identify grants and other funds that may be used to fund CIT programs; and (3) assist law enforcement agencies with establishing CIT programs. Requires a CIT to assist law enforcement in responding to crisis situations involving individuals with mental illness, substance abuse issues, or both mental illness and substance abuse issues. Requires the institute and the division of mental health and addiction to: (1) establish the criteria for developing CITs; (2) develop training programs for all persons involved in CITs; and (3) assess and report on the effectiveness of each CIT.

**Effective:** July 1, 2015.

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January 12, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Homeland Security & Transportation.

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First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 380



A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1 SECTION 1. IC 5-2-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2011,  
2 SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. For the purposes of this chapter, and unless the  
4 context clearly denotes otherwise, the following definitions apply  
5 throughout this chapter:

6 (1) "Law enforcement officer" means an appointed officer or  
7 employee hired by and on the payroll of the state, any of the  
8 state's political subdivisions, or a public or private postsecondary  
9 educational institution whose board of trustees has established a  
10 police department under IC 21-17-5-2 or IC 21-39-4-2 who is  
11 granted lawful authority to enforce all or some of the penal laws  
12 of the state of Indiana and who possesses, with respect to those  
13 laws, the power to effect arrests for offenses committed in the  
14 officer's or employee's presence. However, the following are  
15 expressly excluded from the term "law enforcement officer" for  
16 the purposes of this chapter:



- 1 (A) A constable.  
 2 (B) A special officer whose powers and duties are described  
 3 in IC 36-8-3-7 or a special deputy whose powers and duties are  
 4 described in IC 36-8-10-10.6.  
 5 (C) A county police reserve officer who receives compensation  
 6 for lake patrol duties under IC 36-8-3-20(f)(4).  
 7 (D) A conservation reserve officer who receives compensation  
 8 for lake patrol duties under IC 14-9-8-27.  
 9 (E) An employee of the gaming commission whose powers  
 10 and duties are described in IC 4-32.2-9.  
 11 (F) A correctional police officer described in IC 11-8-9.  
 12 (2) "Board" means the law enforcement training board created by  
 13 this chapter.  
 14 (3) "Executive training program" means the police chief executive  
 15 training program developed by the board under section 9 of this  
 16 chapter.  
 17 (4) "Law enforcement training council" means one (1) of the  
 18 confederations of law enforcement agencies recognized by the  
 19 board and organized for the sole purpose of sharing training,  
 20 instructors, and related resources.  
 21 (5) "Training regarding the lawful use of force" includes  
 22 classroom and skills training in the proper application of hand to  
 23 hand defensive tactics, use of firearms, and other methods of:  
 24 (A) overcoming unlawful resistance; or  
 25 (B) countering other action that threatens the safety of the  
 26 public or a law enforcement officer.  
 27 (6) "Hiring or appointing authority" means:  
 28 (A) the chief executive officer, board, or other entity of a  
 29 police department or agency with authority to appoint and hire  
 30 law enforcement officers; or  
 31 (B) the governor, mayor, board, or other entity with the  
 32 authority to appoint a chief executive officer of a police  
 33 department or agency.  
 34 **(7) "Crisis intervention team" refers to a program that**  
 35 **provides law enforcement officers with training on**  
 36 **deescalation and crisis intervention techniques to facilitate**  
 37 **interaction with persons with mental illness and addictive**  
 38 **disorders.**  
 39 SECTION 2. IC 5-2-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2014,  
 40 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 41 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) The board shall adopt in accordance with  
 42 IC 4-22-2 all necessary rules to carry out the provisions of this chapter.



1 The rules, which shall be adopted only after necessary and proper  
2 investigation and inquiry by the board, shall include the establishment  
3 of the following:

4 (1) Minimum standards of physical, educational, mental, and  
5 moral fitness which shall govern the acceptance of any person for  
6 training by any law enforcement training school or academy  
7 meeting or exceeding the minimum standards established  
8 pursuant to this chapter.

9 (2) Minimum standards for law enforcement training schools  
10 administered by towns, cities, counties, law enforcement training  
11 centers, agencies, or departments of the state.

12 (3) Minimum standards for courses of study, attendance  
13 requirements, equipment, and facilities for approved town, city,  
14 county, and state law enforcement officer, police reserve officer,  
15 and conservation reserve officer training schools.

16 (4) Minimum standards for a course of study on cultural diversity  
17 awareness, including training on the U nonimmigrant visa created  
18 through the federal Victims of Trafficking and Violence  
19 Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386) that must be required for  
20 each person accepted for training at a law enforcement training  
21 school or academy. Cultural diversity awareness study must  
22 include an understanding of cultural issues related to race,  
23 religion, gender, age, domestic violence, national origin, and  
24 physical and mental disabilities.

25 (5) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved law  
26 enforcement training schools.

27 (6) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement  
28 officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before  
29 being eligible for continued or permanent employment.

30 (7) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement  
31 officers appointed on other than a permanent basis shall complete  
32 in order to be eligible for continued employment or permanent  
33 appointment.

34 (8) Minimum basic training requirements which law enforcement  
35 officers appointed on a permanent basis shall complete in order  
36 to be eligible for continued employment.

37 (9) Minimum basic training requirements for each person  
38 accepted for training at a law enforcement training school or  
39 academy that include six (6) hours of training in interacting with:

40 (A) persons with autism, mental illness, addictive disorders,  
41 mental retardation, and developmental disabilities;

42 (B) missing endangered adults (as defined in IC 12-7-2-131.3);



- 1                   and
- 2                   (C) persons with Alzheimer's disease or related senile
- 3                   dementia;
- 4                   to be provided by persons approved by the secretary of family and
- 5                   social services and the board. **The training must include crisis**
- 6                   **intervention team training as developed under IC 5-2-21-6(2).**
- 7                   (10) Minimum standards for a course of study on human and
- 8                   sexual trafficking that must be required for each person accepted
- 9                   for training at a law enforcement training school or academy and
- 10                  for inservice training programs for law enforcement officers. The
- 11                  course must cover the following topics:
- 12                  (A) Examination of the human and sexual trafficking laws
- 13                  (IC 35-42-3.5).
- 14                  (B) Identification of human and sexual trafficking.
- 15                  (C) Communicating with traumatized persons.
- 16                  (D) Therapeutically appropriate investigative techniques.
- 17                  (E) Collaboration with federal law enforcement officials.
- 18                  (F) Rights of and protections afforded to victims.
- 19                  (G) Providing documentation that satisfies the Declaration of
- 20                  Law Enforcement Officer for Victim of Trafficking in Persons
- 21                  (Form I-914, Supplement B) requirements established under
- 22                  federal law.
- 23                  (H) The availability of community resources to assist human
- 24                  and sexual trafficking victims.
- 25                  (b) A law enforcement officer appointed after July 5, 1972, and
- 26                  before July 1, 1993, may not enforce the laws or ordinances of the state
- 27                  or any political subdivision unless the officer has, within one (1) year
- 28                  from the date of appointment, successfully completed the minimum
- 29                  basic training requirements established under this chapter by the board.
- 30                  If a person fails to successfully complete the basic training
- 31                  requirements within one (1) year from the date of employment, the
- 32                  officer may not perform any of the duties of a law enforcement officer
- 33                  involving control or direction of members of the public or exercising
- 34                  the power of arrest until the officer has successfully completed the
- 35                  training requirements. This subsection does not apply to any law
- 36                  enforcement officer appointed before July 6, 1972, or after June 30,
- 37                  1993.
- 38                  (c) Military leave or other authorized leave of absence from law
- 39                  enforcement duty during the first year of employment after July 6,
- 40                  1972, shall toll the running of the first year, which shall be calculated
- 41                  by the aggregate of the time before and after the leave, for the purposes
- 42                  of this chapter.



1 (d) Except as provided in subsections (e), (l), (r), and (s), a law  
2 enforcement officer appointed to a law enforcement department or  
3 agency after June 30, 1993, may not:

- 4 (1) make an arrest;  
5 (2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or  
6 (3) carry a firearm;

7 unless the law enforcement officer successfully completes, at a board  
8 certified law enforcement academy or at a law enforcement training  
9 center under section 10.5 or 15.2 of this chapter, the basic training  
10 requirements established by the board under this chapter.

11 (e) This subsection does not apply to:

- 12 (1) a gaming agent employed as a law enforcement officer by the  
13 Indiana gaming commission; or  
14 (2) an:  
15 (A) attorney; or  
16 (B) investigator;

17 designated by the securities commissioner as a police officer of  
18 the state under IC 23-19-6-1(k).

19 Before a law enforcement officer appointed after June 30, 1993,  
20 completes the basic training requirements, the law enforcement officer  
21 may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if the  
22 officer successfully completes the pre-basic course established in  
23 subsection (f). Successful completion of the pre-basic course authorizes  
24 a law enforcement officer to exercise the police powers described in  
25 subsection (d) for one (1) year after the date the law enforcement  
26 officer is appointed.

27 (f) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
28 pre-basic course for the purpose of training:

- 29 (1) law enforcement officers;  
30 (2) police reserve officers (as described in IC 36-8-3-20); and  
31 (3) conservation reserve officers (as described in IC 14-9-8-27);

32 regarding the subjects of arrest, search and seizure, the lawful use of  
33 force, interacting with individuals with autism, and the operation of an  
34 emergency vehicle. The pre-basic course must be offered on a periodic  
35 basis throughout the year at regional sites statewide. The pre-basic  
36 course must consist of at least forty (40) hours of course work. The  
37 board may prepare the classroom part of the pre-basic course using  
38 available technology in conjunction with live instruction. The board  
39 shall provide the course material, the instructors, and the facilities at  
40 the regional sites throughout the state that are used for the pre-basic  
41 course. In addition, the board may certify pre-basic courses that may be  
42 conducted by other public or private training entities, including



1 postsecondary educational institutions.

2 (g) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
3 mandatory inservice training program for police officers. After June 30,  
4 1993, a law enforcement officer who has satisfactorily completed basic  
5 training and has been appointed to a law enforcement department or  
6 agency on either a full-time or part-time basis is not eligible for  
7 continued employment unless the officer satisfactorily completes the  
8 mandatory inservice training requirements established by rules adopted  
9 by the board. Inservice training must include training in interacting  
10 with persons with mental illness, addictive disorders, mental  
11 retardation, autism, developmental disabilities, and Alzheimer's disease  
12 or related senile dementia, to be provided by persons approved by the  
13 secretary of family and social services and the board, and training  
14 concerning human and sexual trafficking and high risk missing persons  
15 (as defined in IC 5-2-17-1). The board may approve courses offered by  
16 other public or private training entities, including postsecondary  
17 educational institutions, as necessary in order to ensure the availability  
18 of an adequate number of inservice training programs. The board may  
19 waive an officer's inservice training requirements if the board  
20 determines that the officer's reason for lacking the required amount of  
21 inservice training hours is due to either of the following:

- 22 (1) An emergency situation.
- 23 (2) The unavailability of courses.

24 (h) The board shall also adopt rules establishing a town marshal  
25 basic training program, subject to the following:

- 26 (1) The program must require fewer hours of instruction and class  
27 attendance and fewer courses of study than are required for the  
28 mandated basic training program.
- 29 (2) Certain parts of the course materials may be studied by a  
30 candidate at the candidate's home in order to fulfill requirements  
31 of the program.
- 32 (3) Law enforcement officers successfully completing the  
33 requirements of the program are eligible for appointment only in  
34 towns employing the town marshal system (IC 36-5-7) and having  
35 not more than one (1) marshal and two (2) deputies.
- 36 (4) The limitation imposed by subdivision (3) does not apply to an  
37 officer who has successfully completed the mandated basic  
38 training program.
- 39 (5) The time limitations imposed by subsections (b) and (c) for  
40 completing the training are also applicable to the town marshal  
41 basic training program.
- 42 (6) The program must require training in interacting with



- 1 individuals with autism.
- 2 (i) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish an  
3 executive training program. The executive training program must  
4 include training in the following areas:
- 5 (1) Liability.
  - 6 (2) Media relations.
  - 7 (3) Accounting and administration.
  - 8 (4) Discipline.
  - 9 (5) Department policy making.
  - 10 (6) Lawful use of force.
  - 11 (7) Department programs.
  - 12 (8) Emergency vehicle operation.
  - 13 (9) Cultural diversity.
- 14 (j) A police chief shall apply for admission to the executive training  
15 program within two (2) months of the date the police chief initially  
16 takes office. A police chief must successfully complete the executive  
17 training program within six (6) months of the date the police chief  
18 initially takes office. However, if space in the executive training  
19 program is not available at a time that will allow completion of the  
20 executive training program within six (6) months of the date the police  
21 chief initially takes office, the police chief must successfully complete  
22 the next available executive training program that is offered after the  
23 police chief initially takes office.
- 24 (k) A police chief who fails to comply with subsection (j) may not  
25 continue to serve as the police chief until completion of the executive  
26 training program. For the purposes of this subsection and subsection  
27 (j), "police chief" refers to:
- 28 (1) the police chief of any city;
  - 29 (2) the police chief of any town having a metropolitan police  
30 department; and
  - 31 (3) the chief of a consolidated law enforcement department  
32 established under IC 36-3-1-5.1.
- 33 A town marshal is not considered to be a police chief for these  
34 purposes, but a town marshal may enroll in the executive training  
35 program.
- 36 (l) A fire investigator in the division of fire and building safety  
37 appointed after December 31, 1993, is required to comply with the  
38 basic training standards established under this chapter.
- 39 (m) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
40 program to certify handgun safety courses, including courses offered  
41 in the private sector, that meet standards approved by the board for  
42 training probation officers in handgun safety as required by



1 IC 11-13-1-3.5(3).

2 (n) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
3 refresher course for an officer who:

4 (1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency  
5 as a law enforcement officer;

6 (2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for at  
7 least two (2) years and less than six (6) years before the officer is  
8 hired under subdivision (1) due to the officer's resignation or  
9 retirement; and

10 (3) completed at any time a basic training course certified by the  
11 board before the officer is hired under subdivision (1).

12 (o) The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to establish a  
13 refresher course for an officer who:

14 (1) is hired by an Indiana law enforcement department or agency  
15 as a law enforcement officer;

16 (2) has not been employed as a law enforcement officer for at  
17 least six (6) years and less than ten (10) years before the officer  
18 is hired under subdivision (1) due to the officer's resignation or  
19 retirement;

20 (3) is hired under subdivision (1) in an upper level policymaking  
21 position; and

22 (4) completed at any time a basic training course certified by the  
23 board before the officer is hired under subdivision (1).

24 A refresher course established under this subsection may not exceed  
25 one hundred twenty (120) hours of course work. All credit hours  
26 received for successfully completing the police chief executive training  
27 program under subsection (i) shall be applied toward the refresher  
28 course credit hour requirements.

29 (p) Subject to subsection (q), an officer to whom subsection (n) or  
30 (o) applies must successfully complete the refresher course described  
31 in subsection (n) or (o) not later than six (6) months after the officer's  
32 date of hire, or the officer loses the officer's powers of:

33 (1) arrest;

34 (2) search; and

35 (3) seizure.

36 (q) A law enforcement officer who has worked as a law enforcement  
37 officer for less than twenty-five (25) years before being hired under  
38 subsection (n)(1) or (o)(1) is not eligible to attend the refresher course  
39 described in subsection (n) or (o) and must repeat the full basic training  
40 course to regain law enforcement powers. However, a law enforcement  
41 officer who has worked as a law enforcement officer for at least  
42 twenty-five (25) years before being hired under subsection (n)(1) or



1 (o)(1) and who otherwise satisfies the requirements of subsection (n)  
 2 or (o) is not required to repeat the full basic training course to regain  
 3 law enforcement power but shall attend the refresher course described  
 4 in subsection (n) or (o) and the pre-basic training course established  
 5 under subsection (f).

6 (r) This subsection applies only to a gaming agent employed as a  
 7 law enforcement officer by the Indiana gaming commission. A gaming  
 8 agent appointed after June 30, 2005, may exercise the police powers  
 9 described in subsection (d) if:

10 (1) the agent successfully completes the pre-basic course  
 11 established in subsection (f); and

12 (2) the agent successfully completes any other training courses  
 13 established by the Indiana gaming commission in conjunction  
 14 with the board.

15 (s) This subsection applies only to a securities enforcement officer  
 16 designated as a law enforcement officer by the securities  
 17 commissioner. A securities enforcement officer may exercise the police  
 18 powers described in subsection (d) if:

19 (1) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes the  
 20 pre-basic course established in subsection (f); and

21 (2) the securities enforcement officer successfully completes any  
 22 other training courses established by the securities commissioner  
 23 in conjunction with the board.

24 (t) As used in this section, "upper level policymaking position"  
 25 refers to the following:

26 (1) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal  
 27 system is not more than ten (10) members, the term refers to the  
 28 position held by the police chief or town marshal.

29 (2) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal  
 30 system is more than ten (10) members but less than fifty-one (51)  
 31 members, the term refers to:

32 (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and

33 (B) each position held by the members of the police  
 34 department or town marshal system in the next rank and pay  
 35 grade immediately below the police chief or town marshal.

36 (3) If the authorized size of the department or town marshal  
 37 system is more than fifty (50) members, the term refers to:

38 (A) the position held by the police chief or town marshal; and

39 (B) each position held by the members of the police  
 40 department or town marshal system in the next two (2) ranks  
 41 and pay grades immediately below the police chief or town  
 42 marshal.



1 (u) This subsection applies only to a correctional police officer  
 2 employed by the department of correction. A correctional police officer  
 3 may exercise the police powers described in subsection (d) if:

- 4 (1) the officer successfully completes the pre-basic course  
 5 described in subsection (f); and  
 6 (2) the officer successfully completes any other training courses  
 7 established by the department of correction in conjunction with  
 8 the board.

9 SECTION 3. IC 5-2-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014,  
 10 SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
 11 JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. The institute is established to do the following:

- 12 (1) Evaluate state and local programs associated with:  
 13 (A) the prevention, detection, and solution of criminal  
 14 offenses;  
 15 (B) law enforcement; and  
 16 (C) the administration of criminal and juvenile justice.  
 17 (2) Improve and coordinate all aspects of law enforcement,  
 18 juvenile justice, and criminal justice in this state.  
 19 (3) Stimulate criminal and juvenile justice research.  
 20 (4) Develop new methods for the prevention and reduction of  
 21 crime.  
 22 (5) Prepare applications for funds under the Omnibus Act and the  
 23 Juvenile Justice Act.  
 24 (6) Administer victim and witness assistance funds.  
 25 (7) Administer the traffic safety functions assigned to the institute  
 26 under IC 9-27-2.  
 27 (8) Compile and analyze information and disseminate the  
 28 information to persons who make criminal justice decisions in this  
 29 state.  
 30 (9) Serve as the criminal justice statistical analysis center for this  
 31 state.  
 32 (10) Identify grants and other funds that can be used by the  
 33 department of correction to carry out its responsibilities  
 34 concerning sex or violent offender registration under IC 11-8-8.  
 35 (11) Administer the application and approval process for  
 36 designating an area of a consolidated or second class city as a  
 37 public safety improvement area under IC 36-8-19.5.  
 38 (12) Develop and maintain a meth watch program to inform  
 39 retailers and the public about illicit methamphetamine production,  
 40 distribution, and use in Indiana.  
 41 (13) Develop and manage the gang crime witness protection  
 42 program established by section 21 of this chapter.



- 1 (14) Identify grants and other funds that can be used to fund the
- 2 gang crime witness protection program.
- 3 (15) Administer any sexual offense services.
- 4 (16) Administer domestic violence programs.
- 5 (17) Administer assistance to victims of human sexual trafficking
- 6 offenses as provided in IC 35-42-3.5-4.
- 7 (18) Administer the domestic violence prevention and treatment
- 8 fund under IC 5-2-6.7.
- 9 (19) Administer the family violence and victim assistance fund
- 10 under IC 5-2-6.8.
- 11 **(20) Administer the crisis intervention team programs under**
- 12 **IC 5-2-21.**
- 13 (21) Monitor and evaluate criminal code reform under
- 14 IC 5-2-6-24.

15 SECTION 4. IC 5-2-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS  
 16 A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY  
 17 1, 2015]:

18 **Chapter 21. Crisis Intervention Team Programs**

19 **Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "institute" means the Indiana**  
 20 **criminal justice institute established by IC 5-2-6-3.**

21 **Sec. 2. The institute shall assist law enforcement agencies, or**  
 22 **groups of law enforcement agencies, with establishing crisis**  
 23 **intervention teams.**

24 **Sec. 3. The institute shall identify grants and other funds that**  
 25 **may be used to fund crisis intervention team programs.**

26 **Sec. 4. A crisis intervention team shall assist law enforcement**  
 27 **officers and law enforcement agencies in responding to crisis**  
 28 **situations involving individuals with:**

- 29 (1) mental illness;
- 30 (2) substance abuse issues; or
- 31 (3) both mental illness and substance abuse issues.

32 **Sec. 5. A crisis intervention team shall:**

- 33 (1) assist law enforcement agencies and law enforcement
- 34 officers with providing an immediate response to crisis
- 35 situations involving an individual described in section 4 of this
- 36 chapter;
- 37 (2) provide training to law enforcement officers concerning
- 38 crisis intervention teams;
- 39 (3) strive to reduce:
  - 40 (A) the amount of time law enforcement officers spend out
  - 41 of service awaiting assessment and disposition of
  - 42 individuals in crisis;



- 1           **(B) the likelihood of law enforcement officers getting into**  
 2           **physical confrontations with individuals described in**  
 3           **section 4 of this chapter;**  
 4           **(C) arrests and use of force involving individuals described**  
 5           **in section 4 of this chapter;**  
 6           **(D) inappropriate arrests of individuals with mental illness**  
 7           **in crisis situations;**  
 8           **(E) the need for mental health treatment in jail; and**  
 9           **(F) injuries to law enforcement officers during crisis**  
 10           **events;**  
 11           **(4) assist law enforcement agencies and law enforcement**  
 12           **officers providing a sense of dignity in crisis situations to**  
 13           **individuals described in section 4 of this chapter;**  
 14           **(5) identify underserved populations in the community with**  
 15           **mental illness or substance abuse problems, or both, and**  
 16           **linking the populations to appropriate care;**  
 17           **(6) provide support and assistance to mental health treatment**  
 18           **professionals;**  
 19           **(7) provide a therapeutic location that is not a law**  
 20           **enforcement or jail facility to which law enforcement officers**  
 21           **may bring individuals in crisis for assessment, or provide a**  
 22           **protocol for assessing those individuals;**  
 23           **(8) increase public recognition and appreciation for the**  
 24           **mental health needs of the community; and**  
 25           **(9) develop a protocol that permits law enforcement officers**  
 26           **to release an individual described in section 4 of this chapter,**  
 27           **who is encountered in a crisis situation, when the crisis**  
 28           **intervention team has determined the individual is sufficiently**  
 29           **stable and should be released to emergency treatment**  
 30           **services.**

31           **Sec. 6. The institute, in collaboration with the division of mental**  
 32           **health and addiction established by IC 12-21-1-1, shall:**

- 33           **(1) establish criteria for the development of crisis intervention**  
 34           **teams, including:**  
 35           **(A) the assessment of the effectiveness of an area's plan for**  
 36           **community involvement, training, and therapeutic**  
 37           **response alternatives; and**  
 38           **(B) a determination of whether law enforcement officers**  
 39           **have effective agreements with mental health care**  
 40           **providers and all other community stakeholders;**  
 41           **(2) develop a training program for all persons involved in**  
 42           **crisis intervention team programs and for law enforcement**



1           **training under IC 5-2-1-9(a)(9); and**  
2           **(3) assess and report on the impact and effectiveness of each**  
3           **crisis intervention team, including how the team has**  
4           **performed the duties described in section 5 of this chapter and**  
5           **the following:**  
6               **(A) The overall operation of the crisis intervention team**  
7               **program.**  
8               **(B) Recommendations to improve the crisis intervention**  
9               **team program.**  
10           **(C) Successes and problems the crisis intervention team**  
11           **has had.**

